

M. Ed. (M.R.) Entrance Test – 2015

Important: Please consult your Admit Card/Roll No. slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet.

Roll No. *In Figure* *In Words*

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O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

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Signature of Candidate: _____ Signature of Invigilator: _____

Time: 90 Minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Write your Roll No. on the Questions Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
2. Enter the Question Booklet Serial No. on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen**.
3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
4. Please check that this Question Booklet contains 75 Questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of Test.
5. Each question has four alternative answer (A,B,C,D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen**. **There shall be negative marking for wrong answer, $\frac{1}{4}$ of the marks of the question will be deducted for every wrong answer.**
6. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Booklet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
7. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the question given in the Question Booklet.
8. If you want to change an already marked answer, erase the shade in the darkened bubble completely.
9. For rough work only the blank sheet at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
10. For calculation, use of simple Log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log table or other material is not allowed.
11. The Answer Sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e. not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
12. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
13. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so would be expelled from the examination.
14. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistant or found giving or receiving assistant or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
15. **Communication equipment such as mobile phones, pager, wireless set, scanner, camera or any electronic/digital gadget etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.**
16. The candidates will not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall/Room before the expiry of the allotted time.

1. The form of temporary assistance used to help a student to perform in a desired manner is.
A) Chaining B) Shaping C) Prompting D) Modeling
2. The most successful method of teaching daily Living Skill is
A) Modeling B) Chaining C) Shaping D) Prompting
3. The blue print of all that will be taking place within a given period of time for teaching a particular task is
A) IEP B) IVTP C) Lesson Plan D) Group Teaching
4. Who propounded the Theory of Operant Conditioning?
A) Skinner B) Pavlov C) Thorndike D) Watson
5. Who said curriculum is the tool in the hands of the artist:
A) Dewey B) Albery C) Cunningham D) Laten and Katz
6. Fill in blank. _____ Domain relates with individual's knowledge, thinking and problem solving
A) Conative B) Cognitive C) Affective D) All the above
7. PECS is
A) Picture Exchange Communication System
B) Picture Effective Channelizing System
C) Picture Enhancing Cognitive System
D) Picture Enlarging Combination System
8. This is a method of teaching that emphasizes that good instruction relies upon educationally meaningful diagnosis
A) Diagnostic Prescriptive Teaching B) Group Teaching
C) Individualized Education Programme D) None of the above
9. The urge to eat, drink, eliminate, sleep etc. is associated with which of the following
A) Id B) Ego C) Super Ego D) None of the Above
10. This is one of the curriculum approaches in which the age of a child has major concern
A) Developmental Approach B) Functional Approach
C) Ecological Approach D) Eclectic Approach
11. The National Trust Act came into existence
A) 1989 B) 1999 C) 2001 D) 2002
12. Binet Simon developed a scale to study
A) Intelligence B) Personality C) Aptitude D) Attitude

13. Illusion is called as
 A) Misperception
 B) Wrong Attention
 C) False Perception
 D) None of the above
14. IEDC stands for
 A) Integral Education for District Coordinators
 B) Integrated Education on Disabled Children
 C) Integrated Education for Disabled Children
 D) Integrated Education for Deprived Children
15. The collection of data from the same population but with different sample is termed as _____ study
 A) Cohort
 B) Trend
 C) Panel
 D) None of the above
16. Which one of the following is a CRT test?
 A) MDPS
 B) Rosarch Inkblot
 C) Seguin Form Board Test
 D) Thematic apperception Test
17. The number of major disabilities covered by National Trust is?
 A) 3
 B) 5
 C) 4
 D) 7
18. How many chapters are there in PWDs Act?
 A) 13
 B) 18
 C) 14
 D) 17
19. India is the _____ signatory country of UNCRPD
 A) 7th
 B) 9th
 C) 8th
 D) 6th
20. The concept of Universal Design for Learning has been emerged from
 A) PWDs Act
 B) National Trust Act
 C) No Child Left Behind Act
 D) UNCRPD
21. The causes of individual differences are always
 A) Hereditary
 B) Social and Economic
 C) Hereditary and Environmental
 D) Emotional and Personal
22. The Social Learning theory was propounded by
 A) Bandura
 B) Thorndike
 C) Skinner
 D) Watson
23. Which school of psychology emphasized that an individual perceives the thing as a whole and not as a mere collection of its constituents or elements?
 A) Gestalt
 B) Psychoanalysis
 C) Behaviorism
 D) Social Learning Theory
24. The theory of Multiple Intelligence was given by
 A) Gardner
 B) Spearman
 C) Sattley
 D) Thorndike

25. The Theory of Moral Development was brought by
 A) Ebbinghaus B) Wertheimer C) Kohlberg D) Koffka
26. Which of the following book was written by Plato on Education?
 A) The Republic B) Epistemology
 C) Educational Philosophy D) Education of Plato
27. Who was regarded as father of Sociology?
 A) Robert Payne B) Maclver C) August Comte D) Ivor Morrish
28. The University Grant Commission (UGC) came into existence?
 A) 1957 B) 1956 C) 1968 D) 1974
29. The study which explores new facts through the study of the past is called
 A) Philosophical Research B) Ethnographic Research
 C) Historical Research D) Correlational Research
30. The Normal Probability Curve should
 A) Be Positively Skewed B) Be Negatively Skewed
 C) Be Leptokurtic D) Not be Skewed
31. Which Indian thinker emphasizes education must be man making and character building
 A) Mahatma Gandhi B) Swami Vivekanand
 C) Ravindra Nath Tagore D) Aurbindo
32. How many chapters 'RCI Act' has
 A) 3 B) 4 C) 5 D) 7
33. The first Psychological laboratory ever in the history of Psychology was established by
 A) Galton B) Pestalozzi C) Wundt D) Cattell
34. Two-Factor theory of intelligence was given by
 A) Spearman B) Terman C) Guilford D) Gardner
35. The most Basic category in "Maslow's Hierarchy of Human Needs" is
 A) Esteem Needs B) Safety and Security Needs
 C) Love and Belongingness Needs D) Physiological Needs
36. What is/are essential conditions for a child to be identified as mentally retarded?
 A) Significantly sub average intelligence B) Deficient adaptive behavior
 C) A and B D) a+ Deficient Social adaptation
37. The RCI stands for?
 A) Rehabilitation Concerns of India B) Rehabilitation Council of India
 C) Rehabilitation Council of Special Institute D) Reserved Council of India

50. Down Syndrome is condition of trisomy of
- A) No. 8 Chromosome
 - B) No. 18 Chromosome
 - C) No. 21 Chromosome
 - D) Ribosome
51. Which out of the following is not part of series?
- A) Master Console
 - B) Group Gearing Aid
 - C) Audio Materials
 - D) Visual Materials
52. Attitude of a teacher is?
- A) Knowledge specific
 - B) His opinions and beliefs
 - C) His aptitude
 - D) His conduct
53. Which of the following does not cause mental retardation?
- A) Rubella
 - B) Accident
 - C) Environmental Problems
 - D) Deletion of Chromosomes
54. Mark incorrect statement
- A) Mental Retardation and Mental Illness are same
 - B) Mental Retardation and Mental Illness are different
 - C) Mental Retardation is associated with more disorders
 - D) Mental Retardation does not worsen as age goes by
55. Visual field in case of visually handicapped is
- A) 20 degrees and less
 - B) 16 degrees
 - C) Varies
 - D) 24 degrees
56. Mark the incorrect statement
- A) Learning disability and learning problems are same
 - B) Learning disability and learning problems are different
 - C) Learning disability is a condition which can only be functionally improved
 - D) Learning disability is a heterogeneous condition
57. In UK Learning disabilities are used to connote
- A) Intellectual deficiency
 - B) Learning problems
 - C) Dyslexia, Dysgraphia, Dyscalculia
 - D) Learning difficulties
58. For Association of retardation with Autism, the following is correct
- A) There is no association of Autism and retardation
 - B) Only 30% of Autistic children have retardation
 - C) All children with Autism have retardation
 - D) 70% of Autistic children have retardation

59. Language has following important basic components.
- Morphology, Phonology, Syntax, Semantics
 - Morphology, Phonology, Syntax, Pragmatics
 - Morphology combined with Phonology
 - Pragmatics, Syntax & Semantics
60. Pick up incorrect option. Language Lab is meant for learning
- Phonology
 - Diction
 - Pronunciation
 - Morphology
61. In Dale's Cone of experience at top lies
- Chalk and talk
 - Maps and pictures
 - Radio programs
 - Visits of places of interest
62. Pick up an option relevant to special education. SSI stands for
- Small Scale Industry
 - Short Service Institute
 - Spastic Society of India
 - Services for Spastic Individuals
63. Pick up incorrect statement about assessment and evaluation
- Evaluation is value judgment
 - Assessment can be done at any stage
 - Evaluation is done at the end of a program
 - Assessment and Evaluation are same
64. The following statements relate to Growth and Development. Pick up Correct statement
- Growth & Development are almost same
 - Development continues all life
 - Growth discontinues after height stops growing
 - Both are easily measurable
65. Pick up incorrect option in relation to Hearing Impaired
- They feel isolated
 - They lag in reading ability by at least one year
 - Their language development is same as that of their hearing counterparts
 - Every sound gets applied after use of hearing aid
66. Profound retardation is defined by IQ range of
- 50 - 70
 - 40 - 55
 - 25 - 40
 - below 25
67. Consanguineous marriages may lead to
- Happiness
 - Birth of retarded children
 - No children
 - Blood disease

68. The procedure of teaching a child in small and simple steps is called:
- A) Activity based teaching B) Task analysis
C) Prompting D) Simple
69. Removing the reward from the child following the occurrence of problem behaviour is called:
- A) Extinction B) Response cost
C) Conveying displeasure D) Time out
70. Fill in the blank. _____ during pregnancy can cause mental retardation.
- A) Exposure to X - rays B) Genetic tests
C) Iodine in salt D) Headaches
71. School Curriculum for children with Intellectual Disability should primarily be
- A) Functional B) Systematic
C) That of elementary D) Diagnostic
72. The PWD Act 1995 was enacted to benefit persons with:
- A) Disability B) Deformity C) Defect D) Disease
73. The statutory body to regulate the training policies and programmes for persons with disabilities is
- A) CBSE B) NIOS C) IGNOU D) RCI
74. Which of the following is an example of specific learning disability?
- A) Lexicon B) Dyspraxia C) ADD D) ADHD
75. Learning disability is often referred to as:
- A) Instructional disability B) Memory disability
C) Hidden disability D) Attention disability

x-x-x

Panjab University, Chandigarh

M.ED.(M.R.)-2015

ANSWERS / KEY

Booklet Series Code : A

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
B	A	C	A	C	B	A	A	A	A
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
B	A	A	C	A	A	C	C	A	D
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
C	A	A	A	C	A	C	B	C	D
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
B	A	C	A	D	C	B	C	A	C
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
A	D	C	D	A	X	C	D	B	C
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
D	B	C	A	A	A	A	B	A	D
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
A	C	D	B	C	B	X	B	B	X
71	72	73	74	75					
A	A	D	B	X					