CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
Sr. No. :	

Question Booklet Series : A

Important:	Please consult your Admit Ca	rd / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate :

Subject : B.P.Ed. (Bachelor of Physical Education)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

B.P.Ed. (Bachelor of Physical Education)/A

1.	Digestion of food is completed in the :	
	(A) Small Intestine	(B) Stomach
	(C) Large Intestine	(D) Duodenum
2.	If HANBALL could be as 6 and BASKE	ΓBALL as 9, what is the code number for SOCCER?
	(A) 5	(B) 6
	(C) 7	(D) 4
3.	Who won the maiden title of Pro Kabado	di League-3 on March 5 in New Delhi ?
	(A) Patna Pirates	(B) Puneri Paltan
	(C) Bengal Warriors	(D) U Mumba
4.	Complete the series 9,11,15,23, ?	
	(A) 43	(B) 39
	(C) 31	(D) 27
5.	What is the normal life span of RBC's?	
	(A) 120 days	(B) 90 days
	(C) 150 days	(D) 60 days
6.	In psychological term, criteria for winnir	ng or losing in sports are highly :
	(A) Subjective	(B) Flexible
	(C) Discretionary	(D) Exact
7.	The collar bone is known as:	
	(A) Sternum	(B) Ribs
	(C) Scapula	(D) Clavicle
8.	The five rings of Olympic Flag are arran	nged in shape of :
	(A) 'W'	(B) 'N'
	(C) 'M'	(D) 'X'

9.	нур	okinetic diseases are caused by:		
	(A)	Loss of flexibility	(B)	Inadequate physical activity
	(C)	Coronary dys-functioning	(D)	Bone and muscle weakness
10.	Foo	t dislocations are most common in activit	ties such	as:
	(A)	diving	(B)	cycling
	(C)	gymnastics	(D)	archery
11.	The	prime movers of behaviour are :		
	(A)	Instincts	(B)	Emotions
	(C)	Sentiments	(D)	Habits
12.		hila runs 8 km to the South, turns left and	l runs 5	km. Again, she turns left and runs 8 km.
		v far is she from her starting point?	(D)	5 lm
	, ,	3 km	` /	5 km
	(C)	8 km	(D)	13 km
13.	Whi	ich Olympics were longest as per their du	ration i	n days ?
	(A)	1906	(B)	1908
	(C)	1952	(D)	1956
14.	Wha	at is the percentage of water in the musc	le tissue	es ?
	(A)	65%	(B)	75%
	(C)	85%	(D)	60%
15.	A bo	by said to a woman, "Your mother is the	wife of	my father's elder son." How is that boy
	rela	ted to that woman ?		
	(A)	Uncle	(B)	Father
	(C)	Cousin	(D)	Brother
16.	Vita	min B ₁ is also known as :		
	(A)	Calcium	(B)	Phosphorus
	(C)	Thiamine	(D)	Iron

17.	Kwa	ashiorkor is the deficiency of :		
	(A)	Vitamin	(B)	Protein
	(C)	Mineral	(D)	Carbohydrate
18.	Dist	ance from last hurdle to finish line in 100 m	hurc	lles is :
	(A)	9.14 m	(B)	8.50 m
	(C)	14.02 m	(D)	10.50 m
19.	If R	ESULT is coded as 798206, LET will be cod	led a	s:
	(A)	680	(B)	096
	(C)	092	(D)	086
20.	In a	good standing posture, the weight of the bo	dy sł	nould rest evenly on :
	(A)	the two hip joints	(B)	the two legs
	(C)	the two toes	(D)	the two feet
21.	AID	S cannot be transmitted by all except :		
	(A)	By food or water		
	(B)	Through mosquitoes or other insects		
	(C)	Casual social contact with infected person even	with	in households
	(D)	By breast feeding		
22.	Invo	oluntary muscle is also known as :		
	(A)	Smooth Muscle	(B)	Striated Muscle
	(C)	Cardiac Muscle	(D)	Skeletal Muscle
23.	Elbo	ow joint is formed with the following bones :		
	(A)	Ulna, Femur and Fibula	(B)	Ulna, Radius and Femur
	(C)	Ulna, Radius, Humerus	(D)	Radius, Ulna and Maxilla
24.	The	reference protein is :		
	(A)	Fish	(B)	Egg
	(C)	Milk	(D)	Meat

25.	'Pyl	knic' is one of the body types as classified by	y :	
	(A)	Kretchmer	(B)	Sheldon
	(C)	Thorndike	(D)	Bucher
26.	Seel	king of 'Truth, Beauty and Goodness' is aim	of:	
	(A)	Realism	(B)	Pragmatism
	(C)	Idealism	(D)	Naturalism
27.	The	'Coccyx' consists of:		
	(A)	12 vertebrates	(B)	7 vertebrates
	(C)	5 vertebrates	(D)	4 vertebrates
28.	The	measurement of size and proportion of the	numa	an body is called :
	(A)	Kinematics	(B)	Kinesiology
	(C)	Anthropometry	(D)	Physiology
29.	Mei	ntal Age is usually detected through :		
	(A)	Psychological test	(B)	Physical test
	(C)	Physiological test	(D)	X-ray
30.	And	other name of tendons is :		
	(A)	Cables	(B)	Nerves
	(C)	Threads	(D)	Sinews
31.	Nan	ne the smallest bone in the human body :		
	(A)	Pesiform	(B)	Scaphoid
	(C)	Malleus	(D)	Stapes
32.	Tho	mas Cup is associated with :		
	(A)	Badminton (men)	(B)	Table Tennis (men)
	(C)	Badminton (women)	(D)	Table Tennis (women)
33.	Wh	ich sport is known as 'Payattu' in Kerala ?		
	(A)	Kung-fu	(B)	Tae Kwando
	(C)	Judo	(D)	Karate
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34.	'Ma	rtina Hingis' belongs to :		
	(A)	Canada	(B)	Switzerland
	(C)	England	(D)	USA
35.	'RIC	CE' is the first step of :		
	(A)	Surgical treatment	(B)	First-aid
	(C)	Rehabilitation	(D)	Later management of sports injury
36.	The	foundation of physical education is made st	rong	with:
	(A)	Philosophical concepts	(B)	Physical culture
	(C)	Cultural heritage	(D)	Scientific facts
37.	Met	a-carpal bones are found in the :		
	(A)	Shoulder	(B)	Knee
	(C)	Elbow	(D)	Palm
38.	The	'Cagers' are:		
	(A)	Kabaddi Players	(B)	Football Players
	(C)	Kho-Kho Players	(D)	Basketball Players
39.	W.H	I.O.'s concept of health focuses on :		
	(A)	Physical health	(B)	Freedom from disease
	(C)	Health as a sense of total well being	(D)	Mental health
40.	Whi	ch of the following vitamins is fat-soluble ?		
	(A)	A,D,E and K	(B)	C and B complex
	(C)	A,E and K	(D)	B,C,E and K
41.	'Wil	lls Trophy' is associated with the game of :		
	(A)	Hockey	(B)	Football
	(C)	Volleyball	(D)	Cricket
12.	The	first step in the treatment of sports injuries	is:	
	(A)	Thermotherapy	(B)	Hydrotherapy
	(C)	Cryotherapy	(D)	Electrotherapy

43.	vv no	o wrote the book 'Goal' ?		
	(A)	David Beckham	(B)	Tiger Woods
	(C)	Kapil Dev	(D)	Major Dhyanchand
44.	Orig	ginally, the ancient Olympic Games were a s	ort o	f :
	(A)	Social Gathering	(B)	Religious Festival
	(C)	Eloquence Contests	(D)	Gladiatorial Sports
45.	Who	o of the following persons said: "Play the ga	me i	n the spirit of the game"?
	(A)	Rabindranath Tagore	(B)	Mahatma Gandhi
	(C)	Subhas Chandra Bose	(D)	Jawaharlal Nehru
46.	Win	nbledon Championship started in 1877 for me	n on	ly. For women it was introduced in
		1881		1882
	(C)	1883	(D)	1884
47.	Who	ose Athletic Autobiography is named 'Inside	Trac	ck'?
	(A)	Carl Lewis	(B)	MilkhaSingh
	(C)	Jesse Owens	(D)	P.T. Usha
48.	If G	AMES could be as SEMAG, what is the cod	le for	· SPORTS ?
	(A)	STORPS	(B)	STROPS
	(C)	STORSS	(D)	STTOPS
49.	Whi	ich country won the first World Cup Football	l Tou	rnament held at Uruguay ?
	(A)	Germany	(B)	Spain
	(C)	France	(D)	Argentina
50.	Indi	a played hockey for the first time in Olympi	c Ga	mes in :
	(A)	1924, Paris (France)	(B)	1932, Los Angeles (USA)
	(C)	1928, Amsterdam	(D)	1938, Berlin (Germany)
51.	Mal	aria is caused by :		
	(A)	viral infection	(B)	parasitic infection
	(C)	fungal infection	(D)	bacterial infection

52.	2. Which one of the following is not the part of Hydrotherapy ?				
	(A)	Whirl Pool Bath	(B)	Contrast Bath	
	(C)	Wax Bath	(D)	Cryotherapy	
53.	The	Olympic movement in India was initiated by	v:		
		Prof. G. D. Sondhi	(B)	Shri Dorabji Tata	
	` /	Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru	` /	Maharaja	
54.	The	term 'Tee' is associated with which of the fo	ollow	ing sports ?	
		Chess		Golf	
	` ′	Table Tennis	` /	Water Polo	
55.	Who	ere were the National Games held in 1998 ?			
		Bangalore	(B)	New Delhi	
	(C)	Jaipur	` /	Imphal	
56.	Whi	ch of the exercise types involves contraction	ı witl	hout movement ?	
		Isotonic		Isometric	
	` ′	Ballistic	` /	Isokinetic	
57.	Imp	roper Coagulation of blood is the deficiency	of:		
	_	Vitamin A	(B)	Vitamin D	
	(C)	Vitamin K	(D)	Vitamin E	
58.	"So	und mind in sound body" was propounded b	v:		
		Plato	(B)	Aristotle	
	` ′	John Dewey	` /	Pavlov	
59.	Ina	code, the word CRICKET is written as ETK	EMG	SV. How will you write GOLF in the given	
. •	code		_~		
	(A)	IQMH	(B)	IRNH	
	(C)	IQNH	(D)	IRMH	

60.	Con	nplete the series 1, 6,12,19, 27 ?		
	(A)	35	(B)	36
	(C)	38	(D)	54
61.	Lor	dosis is the deformity of :		
	(A)	Lumber	(B)	Shoulder
	(C)	Neck	(D)	Knee
62.	'Na	rang Cup' is related with :		
	(A)	Hockey	(B)	Lawn Tennis
	(C)	Badminton	(D)	Football
63.	In w	which of the following organs carbohydrate	e is sto	red as glycogen ?
	(A)	Intestine	(B)	Stomach
	(C)	Pancreas	(D)	Liver
64.	Wh	o is called the Father of the Olympiad ?		
	(A)	Jacques Rogge	(B)	Pierre de Coubertin
	(C)	Michael James	(D)	Stephanie Rice
65.	Ost	eology is the study of :		
	(A)	Muscles	(B)	Bones
	(C)	Joints	(D)	Nerves
66.	Wh	o has got the first Arjuna Award in the field	l of At	hletics ?
	(A)	B.S. Bedi	(B)	P.T. Usha
	(C)	G.S. Randhawa	(D)	Milkha Singh
67.	The	permanent headquarters of the IOC is loc	ated i	n :
	(A)	Atlanta (USA)	(B)	Beijing (China)
	(C)	Lausanne (Switzerland)	(D)	Stockholm (Sweden)

68.	3. The greatest number of smooth cells are found in the :				
	(A)	Heart	(B)	Intestines	
	(C)	Brain	(D)	Kidneys	
69.	Who	o was the first principal of YMCA (Madras)	Coll	ege of Physical Education?	
	(A)	C.A. Bucher	(B)	G.D. Sondhi	
	(C)	B.P. Coubertin	(D)	H.C. Buck	
70.	Raji	v Gandhi Khel Ratna Award was instituted	in th	e year :	
	(A)	1991-1992	(B)	1992-1993	
	(C)	1993-1994	(D)	1995-1996	
71.	In d	evelopmental process the term 'gang-age' o	ccur	s during	
	(A)	Infancy	(B)	Puberty	
	(C)	Early childhood	(D)	Later childhood	
72.	'Tra	pezius' muscle is located in :			
	(A)	Lower Back	(B)	Abdominal	
	(C)	Upper Back	(D)	Chest	
73.	The	deficiency of vitamin D causes :			
	(A)	Patches on the skin	(B)	Rickets in babies	
	(C)	Nervous imbalances	(D)	Poor digestion	
74.	AID	S is caused by :			
	(A)	Reovirus	(B)	Retrovirus	
	(C)	Papovivirus	(D)	Orbivirus	
75.	'Shi	vanthi Gold Cup' is associated with the gan	ne of	:	
	(A)	Hockey	(B)	Table Tennis	
	(C)	Volleyball	(D)	Football	

ROUGH WORK

CET (PG)–2016

Sr. No.:	
Sr. 100.:	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important: Pl	ease c	onsul	t you	rAd	mit C	Card	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
<u>A1</u>	nswer	Shee	<u>:t.</u>				
Roll No.		In	ı Fiş	gur	es		In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject : M.A. (Hons.) Geography

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

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1.	Which one of the following planets has the lar	gest nı	umber of satellites ?	
	(A) Jupiter	(B)	Mars	
	(C) Neptune	(D)	Uranus	
2.	Which one of the following is not an igneous ro	ock?		
	(A) Biotite	(B)	Granite	
	(C) Conglomerate	(D)	Periodite	
3.	The sea of Marmara joins the			
	(A) Black Sea with the Sea of Azov	(B)	Black Sea with the Aegean Sea	
	(C) Mediterranean Sea with the Red Sea	(D)	North Sea with the Baltic	
4.	Folds in the mountains are the results of:			
	(A) Compressional Force	(B)	Parallel Force	
	(C) Shear Force	(D)	Tensional Force	
5.	The mouth of the volcano is known as:			
	(A) Cone	(B)	Crater	
	(C) Pipe	(D)	Vent	
6.	Which one of the following is not an agent of e	rosion	?	
	(A) Sea Waves	(B)	Underground Water	
	(C) Weathering	(D)	Wind	
7.	The term outwash plain is associated with ?:			
	(A) Glaciers	(B)	Rivers	
	(C) Sea Waves	(D)	Wind action	
8.	The term inselberg is associated with:			
	(A) Glaciers	(B)	Running Water	
	(C) Underground Water	(D)	Wind action	
9.	The concept of Normal Cycle of Erosion was g	given b	y:	
	(A) W.M. Davis	(B)	W. Penck	
	(C) A. Strahler	(D)	W.D. Thornbury	
M.A	. (Hons.)Geography/BJL-898-A	3		[Turn over

10.	Rive	er Capture is the result of :		
	(A)	Downward erosion by river	(B)	Headward erosion by river
	(C)	Lateral erosion by river	(D)	Sideward erosion by river
11.	Whi	ich one of the following rivers makes an estu	ıary	:
	(A)	Arjuna	(B)	Mahanadi
	(C)	Subarnrekha	(D)	Tapi
12.	Whi	ich one of the following is not an anteceden	t rive	r:
	(A)	Indus	(B)	Ravi
	(C)	Kali	(D)	Satluj
13.	Whi	ich one of the following is not a metamorph	ic roc	k ?
	(A)	Shale	(B)	Gneiss
	(C)	Schist	(D)	Slate
14.	Whi	ich one of the following is not an erosional la	ndfo	rm ?
	(A)	Cirque	(B)	Col
	(C)	Drumlin	(D)	Tam
15.	The	general building up of a land surface becau	ıse of	deposition of material is known as :
	(A)	Aggradation	(B)	Degradation
	(C)	Deposition	(D)	Destruction
16.	Whi	ich one of the following is correct about the	bedro	ock?
	(A)	The rock of the Earth's Crust that lies below the	e fold	ed mountains
	(B)	The rock below the soil		
	(C)	The rock below the plains		
	(D)	The rock under the undergound water		
17.	Whi	ich one of the following is not a process of ch	emic	cal weathering ?
		Carbonation	(B)	Exfoliation
	(C)	Oxidation	` /	Solution

M.A. (Hons.)Geography/BJL-898-A

(C) Mediterranean region (D) 19. Which one of the following statements is not correct: (A) The earth is tilted on its axis (B) (C) Earth is an outer planet (D) 20. The term adiabatic change of temperature stands for (A) Heating of ascending air (B) Heating of descending air (C) Cooling of ascending air (D) Heating or Cooling of ascending or descending air thr 21. The sky looks blue because of: (A) Absorption of blue light in the atmosphere (B) Reflection of blue colour of the Oceans (C) Selective absorption of radiation by the atmosphere (D) Selective scattering of radiation by the atmosphere 22. The Mediterranean type of climate is not found in: (A) Algeria (B) (C) Romania (D) 23. Which one of the following is a land-locked country? (A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B)	ed in the :
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(C) Earth is an outer planet (D) 1 20. The term adiabatic change of temperature stands for (A) Heating of ascending air (B) Heating of descending air (C) Cooling of ascending air (D) Heating or Cooling of ascending or descending air through the sky looks blue because of: (A) Absorption of blue light in the atmosphere (B) Reflection of blue colour of the Oceans (C) Selective absorption of radiation by the atmosphere (D) Selective scattering of radiation by the atmosphere (D) Selective scattering of radiation by the atmosphere (E) (E) Romania (D) 7 23. Which one of the following is a land-locked country? (A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 1 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B) 2	t ?
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(B) Heating of descending air (C) Cooling of ascending air (D) Heating or Cooling of ascending or descending air thr 21. The sky looks blue because of: (A) Absorption of blue light in the atmosphere (B) Reflection of blue colour of the Oceans (C) Selective absorption of radiation by the atmosphere (D) Selective scattering of radiation by the atmosphere 22. The Mediterranean type of climate is not found in: (A) Algeria (B) (C) Romania (D) 23. Which one of the following is a land-locked country? (A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B)	or:
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(C) Romania (D) 7 23. Which one of the following is a land-locked country? (A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 1 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B) 7	
23. Which one of the following is a land-locked country? (A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 1 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B) A	Greece
(A) Bulgaria (B) (C) Hungary (D) 1 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B)	Turkey
(C) Hungary (D) 1 24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B)	?
24. The wind speed is measured with the help of: (A) Altimeter (B)	Georgia
(A) Altimeter (B)	Romania
(C) Hypsometer (D)	Anemometer
	Hydrometer

25.	25. The line joining the points of same elevation relative to a reference elevation is kno					
	as:					
	(A)	Contour	(B)	Isohaline		
	(C)	Isoline	(D)	Isoneph		
26.	Wh	ich one of the following is not a characterist	ic of t	he equatorial and tropical rain forest:		
	(A)	A lush green biome				
	(B)	Broadleaf evergreen trees				
	(C)	Dense canopy usually arranged in three levels				
	(D)	Low diversity in plants and animals				
27.	A cl	oud generally stratiform, in contact with th	e groi	und is known as :		
	(A)	Fog	(B)	Frost		
	(C)	Mist	(D)	Smog		
28.	Wh	ich one of the following does not affect the l	orizo	ontal distribution of temperature :		
	(A)	Nature of the land surface	(B)	Ocean currents		
	(C)	Sea waves	(D)	Salinity of the Sea Water		
29.	Out	of the following, the highest salinity is four	nd in t	he:		
	(A)	Black Sea	(B)	Baltic Sea		
	(C)	Mediterranean Sea	(D)	Red Sea		
30.	The	correct proportion of gases in the atmosph	nere ir	n descending order is :		
	(A)	Nitrogen, Carbondioxide, and Oxygen	(B)	Nitrogen, Oxygen and Carbondioxide		
	(C)	Carbondixide, Nitrogen and Oxygen	(D)	Carbondioxide, Oxygen and Nitrogen		
31.	The	eline joining the points of equal depth is kno	own a	s:		
	(A)	Isohaline	(B)	Isocline		
	(C)	Isohyte	(D)	Isobath		
32.	Allu	ivial Soil is made of :				
	(A)	Clay	(B)	Clay and Silt		
	(C)	Clay and Sand	(D)	Clay, Sand and Silt		
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33.	The	Sargaso Sea (Weed growing Sea) lies in:		
	(A)	Indian Ocean	(B)	North Atlantic Ocean
	(C)	South Atlantic Ocean	(D)	South Pacific Ocean
34.	Whi	ich one of the following is not a renewable re	sour	ce?
	(A)	Fishery	(B)	Forestry
	(C)	Gold	(D)	Water
35.	Wh	ich one of the following is not a renewable e	nerg	y ?
	(A)	Geothermal energy	(B)	Hydropower
	(C)	Thermal energy	(D)	Solar energy
36.	Whi	ich of the following countries is the leading p	rodu	icer of gold ?
	(A)	Australia	(B)	China
	(C)	South Africa	(D)	USA
37.	Whi	ich one of the following industrial regions is i	not c	orrectly matched ?
	(A)	PO Basin — Italy	(B)	Ruhr Basin — Germany
	(C)	Silesia Basin — Romania	(D)	Saar Basin — France
38.	Whi	ich one of the following is not a coal produci	ng re	gion of USA ?
	(A)	Alabama	(B)	Arizona
	(C)	Illinois	(D)	Pennsylvania
39.	Whi	ich one of the following lakes is smallest in a	area	?
	(A)	L. Rorie	(B)	L. Huron
	(C)	L. Michigan	(D)	L. Ontario
40.	Whi	ich of the following countries does not practi	ce liv	vestock ranching?
	(A)	Argentina	(B)	Australia
	(C)	Kenya	(D)	New Zealand
41.	Whi	ich one of the following countries is the leadi	ng pi	roducer of maize ?
	(A)	Brazil	(B)	China
	(C)	Mexico	(D)	USA

42.	Wh	ich one of the gulfs is not correctly matched	d?	
	(A)	Carpentaria — Australia	(B)	Martaban — Iran
	(C)	Riga — Lativia	(D)	Tartary — Russia
43.	Whi	ich one of the following countries is the lead	ling p	roducer of banana ?
	(A)	Mexico	(B)	India
	(C)	Brazil	(D)	Argentina
44.	The	Aryans belong to which of the following r	aces :	
	(A)	Australoids	(B)	Caucasoids
	(C)	Mongolids	(D)	Negroids
45.	Whi	ich one of the following is not a coastal city	?	
	(A)	Barcelona	(B)	Berlin
	(C)	Lisbon	(D)	Marseilles
46.	Wit	h which of the following neighbouring cour	ntries ,	, does India have the longest border ?
	(A)	Bangladesh	(B)	China
	(C)	Nepal	(D)	Pakistan
47.	Wh	ich one of the following states has the long	est coa	ast line ?
	(A)	Andhara Pradesh	(B)	Gujarat
	(C)	Madhya Pradesh	(D)	Maharashtra
48.	Whi	ich one of the following lakes produces mo	re salt	?
	(A)	Chilika	(B)	Kolleru
	(C)	Pulicat	(D)	Sambhar
49.	Whi	ich of the following soils occupies the large	st area	a in India ?
	(A)	Alluvial Soil	(B)	Black Soil
	(C)	Desert Soil	(D)	Red Soil
50.		rewa' Soil is found in the State of :		
	` ′	Arunachal Pradesh	(B)	Himachal Pradesh
	(C)	Jammu & Kashmir	(D)	Uttarakhand
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51.	Kar	ewa Soil is known for the cultivation of :		
	(A)	Citrus Orchards	(B)	Coarse grains cultivation
	(C)	Floriculture	(D)	Saffron Cultivation
52.	Whi	ich one of the following is produced by insec	ts:	
	(A)	Gum	(B)	Katha
	(C)	Resin	(D)	Shellac
53.	A la	knanda and Bhagirathi rivers make a confl	uence	e at:
	(A)	Dev Prayag	(B)	Karan Prayag
	(C)	Rudra Prayag	(D)	Vishnu Prayag
54.	Wh	ich one of the following has an active Vo	olcar	10 ?
	(A)	Barren Island	(B)	Narcondam Island
	(C)	Chowra Island	(D)	Sentinel Island
55.	Whi	ich one of the following states recorded the l	owes	st population in the 2011 ?
	(A)	Arunachal Pradesh	(B)	Mizoram
	(C)	Nagaland	(D)	Sikkim
56.	The	highest decadal difference in the male-fema	ale lit	tteracy in 2001—2011 was found in :
	(A)	Andhra Pradesh	(B)	Bihar
	(C)	Uttar Pradesh	(D)	West Bengal
57.	Whi	ich one of the following is not correct about	the s	ocial forestry?
	(A)	It refers to forests planted by people		
	(B)	Social forestry is done on government lands		
	(C)	The main objective of social forestry is to prove	ide fo	odder and fuel to the people
	(D)	Community forestry is a part of social forestry		
58.	The	term 'Operation Flood' is associated with :		
	(A)	Blue revolution	(B)	Golden revolution
	(C)	White revolution	(D)	Yellow revolution

59.	2. Which of the following Valleys is the richest in coal deposits?			
	(A)	Damodar Valley	(B)	Godavari Valley
	(C)	Krishna Valley	(D)	Mahanadi Valley
60.	The	town of Rishira is known for the industry of	of:	
	(A)	Cotton Textile	(B)	Jute Textile
	(C)	Silk Textile	(D)	Woollen Textile
61.	Wh	ich of the following states has the highest p	ercen	tage of population below the poverty line?
	(A)	Bihar	(B)	Jharkhand
	(C)	Madhya Pradesh	(D)	Odisha
62.	Wh	ich of the following years is known as the ye	ear of	demographic divide ?
	(A)	1921	(B)	1941
	(C)	1931	(D)	1951
63.	The	Great Himalayan National Park lies in :		
	(A)	Himachal Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka
	(C)	Jammu and Kashmir	(D)	Sikkim
64.	Dai	ly weather map shows isobars. It is an exar	nple o	f:
	(A)	Choropleth map	(B)	Isopleth map
	(C)	Chorochromatic map	(D)	Choroschematic map
65.	Wh	ich one of the following states stands to ber	efit m	ost from the Konkan Railway?
	(A)	Goa, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Kerala		
	(B)	Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu,	Kerela	
	(C)	Tamil Nadu, Kerela, Goa, Maharashtra		
	(D)	Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Tamil Nadu		
66.		is considered as harbinger of drou	ghts f	or India.
	(A)	La Niña	(B)	El-Niño
	(C)	Jet Streams	(D)	Tibetan Plateau

67.	The Sea Coast of which one of the following states has become famous as nesting places for the									
	gia	nt Olive Ridley turtles ?								
	(A)	Goa	(B)	Gujarat						
	(C)	Odisha	(D)	Tamil Nadu						
68.	In I	ndia, how many states share the coastline (?							
	(A)	7	(B)	8						
	(C)	9	(D)	10						
69.	In I	In India, which of the following crops occupies the largest proportion of the total cropped area ?								
	(A)	Wheat	(B)	Pulses						
	(C)	Rice	(D)	Maize						
70.	Wh	ich one of the following States is the leading	prod	lucer of onions ?						
	(A)	Andhra Pradesh	(B)	Maharashtra						
	(C)	Punjab	(D)	Uttar Pradesh						
71.	Mei	cator's Projection was used primarly for dr	awinş	g :						
	(A)	Navigational maps	(B)	Population maps						
	(C)	Cadastral maps	(D)	Political maps						
72.	Rep	oresentative Fraction is a method used for sl	howii	ng:						
	(A)	Direction on the map	(B)	Contours on the map						
	(C)	Scale on the map	(D)	Displacement on the map						
73.	The	e distribution of population is best represer	ited b	y:						
	(A)	Choropleth	(B)	Isopleth						
	(C)	Dot method	(D)	Pie diagram						
74.	Lur	ni River is in :								
	(A)	Gujarat	(B)	Punjab						
	(C)	Maharashtra	(D)	Rajasthan						
75.	Pur	vanchal refers to :								
	(A)	Chota Nagpur Plateau								
	(B)	Assam Himalayas								
	(C)	Eastern Ghats								
	(D)	Mountain ranges located on the eastern border	rs of Iı	ndia						

ROUGH WORK

CET(PG)-2016

Question	Booklet Series :	Sr. No. :			
		d / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test			
<u>B</u>	ooklet and Answer Sheet.				
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words			
O.M.R. Ans	swer Sheet Serial No.				
Signature of the Candidate :					
Subject: M.C.A. (Master of Computer Applications)					

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 **Maximum Marks: 75**

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so. 4.
- Please check that this Question Booklet contains 75 questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the 5. Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.
- If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Ouestion Booklet.
- Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for 9. each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	For any two sets A and B, $A - (A - B)$ equals:			
	(A) B	(B) $A - B$		
	(C) $A \cap B$	(D) $A^c \cap B^c$		
2.	A palindrome is a number, such as 93539, that reads the same forward and backward How many palindromes are there between 100 and 1000?			
	(A) 90	(B) 100		
	(C) 80	(D) 95		
3.	. If A and B are two subsets of universal set U such that $n(U)=900$, $n(A)=300$, $n(B)=400$, $n(A\ \C B)=150$. Then $n(A^c\ \C B^c)=$			
	(A) 250	(B) 350		
	(C) 550	(D) 450		
4.	If even-digits are 0, 2, 4, 6 and 8 then digits?	how many four-digit numbers have only even		
	(A) 500	(B) 100		
	(C) 600	(D) 200		
5.	The probability of getting more than 6	when a pair of dice are thrown is:		
	(A) $\frac{5}{12}$ (C) $\frac{5}{18}$	(B) $\frac{7}{12}$		
	(C) $\frac{5}{18}$	(D) $\frac{13}{18}$		
6.	• -	n 100 and 500 which are divisible by 7 but not		
	by 21 is: (A) 19	(B) 38		
	(C) 57	(D) 54		
_	· ,			
7.	If y(x) satisfies the initial value proble to:	$\operatorname{em} (x^2 + y) dx = x dy, y(1) = 2 \text{ then } y(2) \text{ is equal}$		
	(A) 6	(B) 7		
	(C) 8	(D) 9		

8.	If $f(x)$ is a function such that $f''(x) + f(x) =$	$0, g(x) = [f(x)]^2 + [f'(x)]^2$ and $g(3) = 8$, then
	g(8) is equal to:	
	(A) 0	(B) 3
	(C) 5	(D) 8
9.	If the roots of the equation $x^3 + ax^2 + bx + b$	-c = 0 are in arithmetic progression, then
	$2a^3 - 9 ab = $	
	(A) 9 c	(B) $-18 c$
	(C) 27 c	(D) –27 c
	7/2	
10.	If $I_1 = \int_0^{p/2} x \cdot \sin(x) dx$ and $I_2 = \int_0^{p/2} x \cdot \cos(x) dx$	x, then which one of the following is true?
	0 0	
	$(A) I_1 = I_2$	(B) $I_1 + I_2 = 0$
	(C) $I_1 + I_2 = -\pi/2$	(D) $I_1 + I_2 = \pi/2$
	. 2	
11.	The value of $\int_{-1}^{2} \frac{ x }{x} dx$ is equal to:	
		(P) 1
	(A) 0 (C) 2	(B) 1 (D) 3
	(C) 2	(D) 3
12.	If C is the reflection of $A(2, 4)$ in x-axis and	B is the reflection of C in y-axis, then AB
	is:	
	(A) 20	(B) $2\sqrt{5}$
	(C) $4\sqrt{5}$	(D) 4
	1 1 1	
13.		is:
	(A) abc	(B) $a+b+c$

14. If $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and n is a positive integer, then $i^n + i^{n+1} + i^{n+2} + i^{n+3}$ is equal to :

(D) abc(a - b) (b - c) (c - a)

(B) i

(D) 0

(C) (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)

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(A) 1

(C) iⁿ

15. If z is a complex number such that |z| = 1, then $\left(\frac{1+z}{1+\overline{z}}\right)$ equals :

(A) z

(B) \overline{z}

(C) \mathbf{z}^{-1}

(D) z⁻²

16. Product of R consecutive natural numbers is always divisible by :

(A) R!

(B) (R+4)!

(C) (R+1)!

(D) (R+2)!

17. How many diagonals are there in a polygon of k sides (k > 10)?

 $(A) \quad \frac{k(k-1)}{2}$

(B) $\frac{k(k-2)}{2}$

(C) $\frac{k(k+1)}{2}$

 $(D) \frac{k(k-3)}{2}$

18. The area (in square units) of the triangle formed by the lines x=0, y=0 and 3x+4y=12 is :

(A) 3

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 12

19. The mean of 100 items is 49. It was later detected that three items taken as 40, 20 and 50 were 60, 70 and 80 respectively. The actual mean is:

(A) 50

(B) 41.5

(C) 48

(D) 82.5

20. The variance of first n natural numbers is :

(A) $\frac{n^2 + 1}{12}$

(B) $\frac{n^2-1}{12}$

(C) $\frac{(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

(D) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

21. If median = (mode + 2 mean)m, then m is equal to:

(A) 3

(B) 1/3

(C) 2

(D) 1/2

22. If $\frac{a+b}{1-ab}$, b, $\frac{b+c}{1-bc}$ are in A.P., then a, $\frac{1}{b}$, c are in :

(A) A.P.

(B) G.P.

(C) H.P.

(D) A.G.P.

23. G.M. and H.M. of two numbers are 10 and 8 respectively. The numbers are :

(A) 5, 20

(B) 4, 25

(C) 2, 50

(D) 1, 100

24. The domain of $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(2x)$ is :

(A) [-1, 1]

(B) $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$

(C) $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

(D) $\left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$

25. $\tan\left(\frac{p}{4}+?\right)\tan\left(\frac{3p}{4}+?\right)$ is equal to :

(A) -2

(B) -1

(C) 1

(D) 0

26. The number of values of x for which $\sin (2x) + \cos (4x) = 2$ is :

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

(D) infinite

27. If a + b + g = p, then the value of $sin^2a + sin^2b - sin^2g$ is equal to :

(A) $2\sin(\alpha)$

(B) $2 \sin(\alpha) \cos(\beta) \sin(\gamma)$

(C) $2\sin(\alpha)\sin(\beta)\cos(\gamma)$

(D) $2 \sin(\alpha) \sin(\beta) \sin(\gamma)$

28. If $P = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 q + \frac{1}{3} \cos^2 q$, then:

 $(A) \quad \frac{1}{3} \le P \le \frac{1}{2}$

(B) $P \ge \frac{1}{2}$

(C) $2 \le P \le 3$

(D) $-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{6} \le P \le \frac{\sqrt{13}}{6}$

29. The smallest value of $5 \cos q + 12 is$:

(A) 5

(B) 12

(C) 7

(D) 17

30. The sum of the following series is : $1 + \frac{2^2}{2!} + \frac{3^2}{3!} + \frac{4^2}{4!} + \dots$:

(A) 2 e

(B) 3 e

(C) 2e - 1

(D) 3e - 1

31. Let function $f : R \otimes R$ be defined by $f(x) = 2x + \sin x$ for $x \hat{I} R$. The f is :

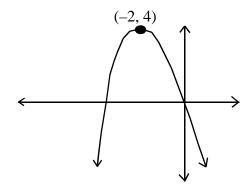
(A) one-to-one and onto

(B) one-to-one but not onto

(C) onto but not one-to-one

(D) neither one-to-one nor onto

32. Match the function to the graph shown below :



(A)
$$f(x) = (x-2)^2 + 4$$

(B)
$$f(x) = -(x-2)^2 + 4$$

(C)
$$f(x) = (x+2)^2 + 4$$

(D)
$$f(x) = -(x+2)^2 + 4$$

33. $\lim_{x\to -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{4x^6 + x^4 + 2x^2}}{8x^3 + x^2 + 1}$ is:

(A) $\frac{1}{4}$

(B) $-\frac{1}{4}$

(C) $\frac{1}{2}$

(D) $-\frac{1}{2}$

34. f(x) = x + |x| is continuous for :

(A) $x \in (-\infty, \infty)$

(B) $x \in (-\infty, \infty) - \{0\}$

(C) Only x > 0

(D) no value of x

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- 35. The locus of the centre of the circle for which one end of a diameter is (1, 1) while the other end is on the line x + y = 3, is:
 - (A) x + y = 1

(B) 2(x - y) = 5

(C) 2x + 2y = 5

- (D) x y = 1
- 36. The image of the point (5, 4, 6) in the plane x + y + 2z 15 = 0 is:
 - (A) (3, 2, 2)

(B) (2, 3, 2)

(C) (2, 2, 3)

- (D) (-5, -4, -6)
- 37. The value of $\left(\frac{1}{\log_3 12} + \frac{1}{\log_4 12}\right)$ is:
 - (A) 0

(B) $\frac{1}{2}$

(C) 1

- (D) 2
- 38. The number of real roots of the equation $2^{2x^2-7x+5} = 1$ is:
 - (A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

- (D) 4
- 39. The range of $f(x) = \frac{1-x+x^2}{1+x+x^2}$ is :
 - (A) $(3, \infty)$

(B) $[3, \infty]$

(C) $\left(\frac{1}{3},3\right)$

- (D) $\left[\frac{1}{3},3\right]$
- 40. If $x^2 + ax + b = 0$ and $x^2 + bx + a = 0$ have a common root and $a^{-1}b$, then the value of a + b is :
 - (A) -1

(B) 1

(C) 2

- (D) -2
- 41. The fundamental conceptual unit in a computer is :
 - (A) CPU

(B) Hard Drive

(C) Operating System

(D) Transistor

42	M	1	414		
42.	Modern computers are 'digital'. This means that:				
	(A) They must be programmed in natural languages				
		They store and process all data as binary of	11g1ts		
	(C) They must be powered on at all times				
42	(D)	Their data must be human readable			
43.	of m	refers to the technology in which some nain memory.	spac	ce in hard disk is used as an extension	
		•	(D)	Doging	
		Cache memory		Paging Associative memory	
	(C)	Virtual memory	(D)	Associative memory	
44.	Wha	at does DBMS stand for ?			
	(A)	Database Maintenance System	(B)	Database Management System	
	(C)	Digital Base Management System	(D)	Data-Big Management System	
45.	ASC	CII stands for :			
	(A) American Standard Code for Information Interchange				
	(B) American Secure Code for Information Interchange				
	(C) American Secure Conversion and Information Interchange				
	(D)	American Standard Conversion and Inform	natio	n Interchange	
46.	The	unique address of web page on website	is cal	lled as :	
	(A)	URL	(B)	HTTP	
	(C)	Browser	(D)	E-mail	
47.	The	software used to navigate through the w	veb is	s known as :	
	(A)	Server	(B)	Browser	
	(C)	Internet	(D)	WWW	
48.	Con	sider the following two lists :			
		List I		List II	
	1.	Apple Inc.	P.	N.R. Narayana Murthy	
	2.	Microsoft Corp.	Q.	Steve Jobs	
	3.	Infosys Ltd.	R.	Bill Gates	
	4.	Airtel	S.	Sunil Bharti Mittal	
	The	correct match is:			

(A) $1 \rightarrow Q, 2 \rightarrow R, 3 \rightarrow P, 4 \rightarrow S$

(C) $1 \rightarrow S, 2 \rightarrow R, 3 \rightarrow P, 4 \rightarrow Q$

(B) $1 \rightarrow S, 2 \rightarrow P, 3 \rightarrow R, 4 \rightarrow Q$

(D) $1 \rightarrow Q, 2 \rightarrow P, 3 \rightarrow R, 4 \rightarrow S$

49.	Name the associate of Charles Babbage who is considered to be the first programmer:					
	(A)	Bjarne Stroustrup	(B)	Ada Lovelace		
	(C)	Grace Hopper	(D)	John Backus		
50.	The Method of Data Communication in which transmission taken place in both					
	dire	ections but only in one direction	n at a time is ca	alled:		
	(A)	Simplex	(B)	Four wire circuit		
	(C)	Full Duplex	(D)	Half-Duplex		
51. What is a specialized software program that allows input and out communicate with the rest of the computer system?						
	(A)	Utility driver	(B)	Utility program		
	(C)	Data compression utility	(D)	Device driver		
52.		v much memory is required to and 10 pixels long?	store an image	that uses 256 colors and is 10 pixels		
	(A)	256 bits	(B)	100 bytes		
	(C)	800 bytes	(D)	25,600 bits		
53.	Mai	computers today take advantage of parallel processing. This means that :				
	(A)	Computers are capable of runn	ing many differe	ent high-level languages		
	(B)	Computers have multiple processor computers than a single processor computer.		ow them to execute tasks much faster		
	(C)	Computers can be connected to components	o many websites	s at same time via parallel networking		
	(D)	_		can be accessed at the same time and cumulatively allows them greater total		
54.	HT	ML is:				
	(A)	A high-level programming lang	guage			
	(B)	Software which displays web p	pages			
	(C)	Code which is not rendered as with information about a webp		provide maintainers and developers		
	(D)	Simple instructions which tell	a web browser h	ow to display a web page		
55.	Las	er printer is an example of	printer.			
	(A)	Non-impact	(B)	Impact		
	(C)	Dot Matrix	(D)	Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)		
		- Ann of Comment of Annillost Comment of the				

56. Select the missing number in the table given below from the given responses :

169	64	81	30
625	?	49	50
1296	576	100	70

(A) 324

(B) 289

(C) 441

(D) 361

57. Identify the wrong number in the series: 69, 55, 26, 13, 5:

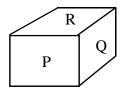
(A) 5

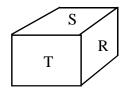
(B) 13

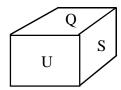
(C) 26

(D) 55

58. Three views of a cube after following a particular motion are given below:







What is the letter opposite to P?

(A) S

(B) T

(C) R

(D) U

59. In a class Ranjan got the 11th rank and he was 31st from the bottom of the list of boys passed. Three boys did not take the examination and one failed. What is the total strength of the class?

(A) 32

(B) 42

(C) 45

(D) 46

60. If 90% of A = 30% of B and B = x% of A, then the value of x is :

(A) 800

(B) 300

(C) 700

(D) 100

61. How many numbers lie between 300 and 500 in which 4 comes only one time?

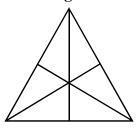
(A) 98

(B) 99

(C) 100

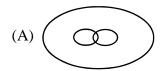
(D) 101

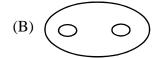
62. Find the number of triangles in the figure given below:

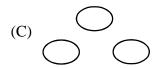


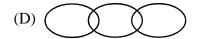
- (A) 16
- (C) 9

- (B) 13
- (D) 7
- 63. Which diagram correctly represents the relationship between Human beings, Teachers, Graduates ?









- 64. Walking at 5 km/hr a student reaches his school from his house 15 minutes early and walking at 3 km/hr he is late by 9 minutes. What is the distance between his school and his house ?
 - (A) 5 km

(B) 8 km

(C) 3 km

- (D) 2 km
- 65. The ratio of two numbers is 10:7 and their difference is 105. The sum of these numbers is:
 - (A) 595

(B) 805

(C) 1190

(D) 1610

Dire	ection	ns (66-67) : Choose the word <i>opp</i>	<i>osite</i> in meai	ning to the given word:
66.	Dec	eitful:		
	(A)	sincere	(B)	useful
	(C)	plain	(D)	honest
67.	Exa	ggerate :		
	(A)	underwrite	(B)	understate
	(C)	Ignore	(D)	condemn
		ns (68-69) : Choose the alternativitalicized).	ve which <i>best</i>	expresses the meaning of the Idiom/
68.	To s	strain every nerve :		
	(A)	to make utmost efforts	(B)	to feel weak and tired
	(C)	to be a diligent worker	(D)	to be methodical in work
69.	To a	lie in harness :		
	(A)	premeditated murder	(B)	dying young in an accident
	(C)	to die while in service	(D)	to be taken by surprise
			s are given. l	In each group, one word is correctly
_		nd the <i>correctly spelt</i> word.		
70.		persistance	· · ·	thesaurus
	(C)	conspicuoes	(D)	renaissence
71.	(A)	acoustic	(B)	norcoctic
	(C)	pesimist	(D)	permenant
		ns (72—73) : Out of the four altergiven words/sentence (underlin	ŕ	ose the one which can be substituted
	-	erson who has no money to pa		<u>ebts</u>
	(A)	Insolvent	(B)	Poor
	(C)	Destitute	(D)	Pauper
73.	A to	est in which cells from disease	d organs are	e removed and tested
	(A)	Biopsy	(B)	Autopsy
	(C)	Operation	(D)	Amputation

Cho	oose the correct alter	native out of the four.	
74.	she is cleve	er, she often makes mistak	es.
	(A) Despite	(B)	Since
	(C) Although	(D)	Yet
75.	The farmers	_ their farms, if they had	known that a thunderstorm was
	approaching.		
	(A) will leave	(B)	would leave
	(C) will have left	(D)	would have left

Directions (74—75): In the following questions, sentences are given with *blanks* to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested for each question.

16 ×

CET(PG)-2016

Question	Booklet Series :	A Sr. No.:			
Important: Pl	lease consult your Admit Card	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test			
<u>B</u>	ooklet and Answer Sheet.				
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words			
O.M.R. Ans	swer Sheet Serial No.				
Signature of the Candidate:					
Subject · M.C	om (Rusiness Innovatio	n)			

Maximum Marks: 75 Time: 90 minutes **Number of Questions: 75**

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding 2. bubbles with Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so. 4.
- Please check that this Question Booklet contains 75 questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the 5. Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.
- If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the **Ouestion Booklet.**
- Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for 9. each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	The World Bank is also known as :		
	(A) IMF	(B)	IBRD
	(C) IFC	(D)	ADB
2.	Which unit of valuation is known as "paper	gold	1"?
	(A) Eurodollar	(B)	Petrodollar
	(C) SDR	(D)	GDR
3.	Diamond mines are located in:		
	(A) Uttar Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka
	(C) Madhya Pradesh	(D)	Gujarat
4.	Corbett National Park is in :		
	(A) Bihar	(B)	Uttarakhand
	(C) Himachal Pradesh	(D)	Punjab
5.	Primitive man first learnt to:		
	(A) Make Fire	(B)	Tame Animal
	(C) Make a Wheel	(D)	Grow Grains
6.	Which of following can be called a non-conv	venti	onal source of energy ?
	(A) Hydropower	(B)	Thermal Power
	(C) Solar Power	(D)	Water Power
7.	Who is the Chairman of Rajya Sabha?		
	(A) Vice President of India	(B)	Prime Minister of India
	(C) Speaker of Lok Sabha	(D)	President of India
8.	The Judge of the Supreme Court holds office	e till	they attain the age of:
	(A) 62 Years	(B)	65 Years
	(C) 68 Years	(D)	70 Years
9.	NPA's in banks are called as:		
	(A) Non Performing Assets	(B)	Non Performing Action
	(C) Non Performing Acid	(D)	Non Performing Assets

10.	How many countries are there in SAARC $?$		
	(A) 6	(B)	7
	(C) 8	(D)	9
11.	EXIM Bank was established in the year :		
	(A) 1981	(B)	1982
	(C) 1993	(D)	1995
12.	GST is called as:		
	(A) Goods and Service Tax	(B)	Generally Service Tax
	(C) General Sales Tax	(D)	Generally Sales Taxation
13.	The first metal to be used by man was:		
	(A) Aluminum	(B)	Copper
	(C) Silver	(D)	Iron
14.	The nearest planet to sun is:		
	(A) Venus	(B)	Mars
	(C) Mercury	(D)	Jupiter
15.	Which language is written in Gurumukh	i Scr	ript ?
	(A) Punjabi	(B)	Kashmiri
	(C) Bengali	(D)	Sindhi
16.	Ladies: Purse:: Gents:?		
	(A) Bag	(B)	Pocket
	(C) Wallet	(D)	Case
17.	"Tree" is related to "Root" in the same	way a	as "Smoke" is related to:
	(A) Cigarette	(B)	Fire
	(C) Heat	(D)	Chimney
18.	Hockey: Game, then:		
	(A) King: Rule	(B)	Constitute : Assembly
	(C) Book: Read	(D)	Latin : Language

19.	"Tree" is related to 'forest' in the same way as 'Soldier' is related to :			
	(A) Battle	(B) Army		
	(C) Gun	(D) General		
20.	Cobbler : Leather :: Tailor "			
	(A) Cloth	(B) Shirt		
	(C) Draper	(D) Yarn		
21.	Q's mother is sister of P and daughter of How is M related to T?	M. S is daughter of P and sister of T.		
	(A) Father	(B) Grandfather		
	(C) Grandmother	(D) Grandfather and Grandmother		
22.	Pointing to a man, a woman said "His mot How is the woman related to the man?	her is the only daughter of my mother"		
	(A) Mother	(B) Grandmother		
	(C) Sister	(D) Daughter		
23.	P is brother of Q. R is sister of Q. How	is P related to R ?		
	(A) Brother	(B) Father		
	(C) Uncle	(D) Data Inadequate		
24.	Soft is related to Sponge in the way as 'S	Sharp' is related to :		
	(A) Blunt	(B) Pierce		
	(C) Cut	(D) Knife		
25.	Four of the following five are alike in a ce is the one that does not belong to that gr			
	(A) PRT	(B) QOM		
	(C) CEG	(D) UWY		
26.	If rearrange the letters MENGAYR, which get ?	h one of the following are you likely to		
	(A) City	(B) Animal		
	(C) Country	(D) Disease		

27.	A and B are brothers. C and D a to C?	re sisters. A's son is D's brother. How is B related
	(A) Brother	(B) Father
	(C) Uncle	(D) Data Inadequate
28.	_	in a certain way and so form a group. Which is
	the one that does not belong to	-
	(A) Deer(C) Zebra	(B) Jackal (D) Horse
29.		, what should be the next item ?
_> •	(A) XYZ	(B) XZY
	(C) YXZ	(D) YZX
30.	'Skeleton' is related to 'Body' in	n the same way a 'Grammar' is related to :
	(A) Sentence	(B) Science
	(C) Language	(D) Meaning
31.	'Fan' is related to 'Air' in the s	ame way as 'Stove' is related to :
	(A) Heat	(B) Cook
	(C) Boil	(D) Gas
32.	If 'CGP' is coded as 'BHO' who	at will be the code for 'Fun'?
	(A) ETM	(B) EVM
	(C) EUM	(D) MEV
33.	A man walks 2 km towards the left and walks 2 km. Which dir	east, turns left, walks 2 km and then again turns
	(A) East	(B) West
	(C) North	(D) South
34.	If Ajit is the brother of the son of Ajit and Sethi?	f the Sethi's son, what is the relationship between
	(A) Cousin	(B) Brother
	(C) Nephew	(D) Grandson
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35.	If the south east become north, north e become ?	ast become west and so as what will west
	(A) North-East	(B) South-East
	(C) South	(D) South-West
36.	Identify the next number in the series	:
	4, 9, 20, 43,	
	(A) 90	(B) 84
	(C) 96	(D) 95
37.	The prices of a scooter and TV are in the more than TV set. The price of a TV set.	he ratio of 5:4. If the scooter costs Rs. 400 set (in rupees) is ?
	(A) Rs. 12000	(B) Rs. 14000
	(C) Rs. 16000	(D) Rs. 20000
38.	If three numbers in the ratio 3:2:5 b middle number will be:	e such that the sum of square is 1862, the
	(A) 7	(B) 14
	(C) 21	(D) 35
39.	The simple interest on Rs. 10 for 4 momenth is:	onths at the rate of 3 paise per rupee per
	(A) Rs. 1.20	(B) Rs. 12
	(C) Rs. 120	(D) Rs. 1200
40.	A sum of money becomes 8 times of its rate of interest is:	self in 3 years at compound interest. The
	(A) 100 %	(B) 8 %
	(C) 1 %	(D) 10 %
41.	What same number must be added to ratio becomes 2 : 3 ?	each term of the ratio 7:13, so that the
	(A) 1	(B) 2
	(C) 3	(D) 5

42.	In a ratio which is equal to 3:4, if the	antecedent is 12, then consequent is:
	(A) 9	(B) 16
	(C) 20	(D) 24
43.	What price should a shopkeeper mark or 20 % after allowing a discount of 15 %	
	(A) Rs. 224	(B) Rs. 216
	(C) Rs. 184	(D) Rs. 162
44.	Which of the following is not a leap yea	r ?
	(A) 2100	(B) 1996
	(C) 2000	(D) 1704
45.	How many days are there from 2 nd Janu	ary 1995 to 15th March 1995 ?
	(A) 71	(B) 72
	(C) 73	(D) 74
46.	Today is Tuesday. After 62 days it will b	e :
	(A) Wednesday	(B) Monday
	(C) Thursday	(D) Sunday
47.	If $5 \times 6 = 42$, $2 \times 8 = 27$, $4 \times 9 = 50$ that	$nn 7 \times 0 = ?$
	(A) 0	(B) 7
	(C) 8	(D) 15
48.	Fatima ranks 12th in a class of 46. What	is her rank from the last?
	(A) 33	(B) 35
	(C) 37	(D) 34
49.	Complete the series : AD, EI, JN, PS	······································
	(A) WY	(B) XX
	(C) WX	(D) WW
50.	6 is related to 18. In the same way as 4	is related to :
	(A) 2	(B) 6
	(C) 8	(D) 16
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51.	A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards at random. What is the probability that it is neither a heart as a jack?				
	(A) 15/52	(B)	7/52		
	(C) 7/13	(D)	9/13		
52.	A is the mother of B and C. If D is the l	husba	and of C, what is A to D?		
	(A) Mother	(B)	Sister		
	(C) Mother-in-law	(D)	Aunt		
53.	Fill in the blanks : 49 : 16 : 169 :	?	•		
	(A) 86	(B)	94		
	(C) 100	(D)	120		
54.	If 12:35::16:?				
	(A) 32	(B)	48		
	(C) 49	(D)	63		
55.	How many numbers from 1 to 100 are s whose at least one digit is 8 ?	uch,	each which is divisible by 8, and		
	(A) 4	(B)	Zero		
	(C) 8	(D)	6		
56.	Which Bank has the maximum number of	of br	anches ?		
	(A) ICICI	(B)	HDFC		
	(C) State Bank of India	(D)	State Bank of Patiala		
57.	Sick enterprise id referred to:				
	(A) World Bank				
	(B) Reserve Bank of India				
	(C) State Bank of India				
	(D) Board of Industrial and Financial Reconst	tructi	on		
58.	Amartya Sen received Nobel Prize in the	field	d of:		
	(A) Physics	(B)	Economics		
	(C) Literature	(D)	Peace		

59.	Which of the following is not a Mass Me	edia '	?
	(A) Television	(B)	Magazines
	(C) Newspapers	(D)	Demonstration
60.	WTO was established in the year:		
	(A) 1992	(B)	1993
	(C) 1995	(D)	1996
61.	'Samsung' represents which country?		
	(A) Japan	(B)	S. Korea
	(C) N. Korea	(D)	USA
62.	Recently, Facebook has shifted their Hea	d Qu	narter from USA to:
	(A) Singapore	(B)	Thailand
	(C) Japan	(D)	India
63.	IBM stands for:		
	(A) Indian Business Machines	(B)	International Business Machines
	(C) Indian Business Machinery	(D)	International Business Machinery
64.	LAN is:		
	(A) Local Area Network	(B)	Low Advance Network
	(C) Low Area Network	(D)	Local Area Note
65.	GATT means:		
	(A) General All Tax Trade		
	(B) General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs		
	(C) General Age Trade Tariffs		
	(D) Gross All Tax Trade		
66.	Non-Profit Organization includes :		
	(A) Charities	(B)	Colleges
	(C) Hospitals	(D)	All of these
67.	General Motors represents which country	y ?	
	(A) India	(B)	USA
	(C) Germany	(D)	UK
M C	om (Rusiness Innovation)/RII 970 A	10	

68.	B 2	C is:		
	(A)	Both to Business	(B)	Both to Call
	(C)	Business to Call	(D)	Business to Consumer
69.	FEN	MA stands for:		
	(A)	Foreign Exchange Management Act	(B)	Foreign Earning Management Act
	(C)	Foreign Earning Management Action	(D)	None of the above
70.	PIN	stands for:		
	(A)	Permanent Identity Number	(B)	Permanent Identification Number
	(C)	Permanency Identity Number	(D)	Permanently Identification Number
71.	ISO	9-9000 is related to:		
	(A)	Quality System	(B)	Functional System
	(C)	Cost	(D)	Financial System
72.	In V	VED analysis, D stands for :		
	(A)	Demand	(B)	Dividend
	(C)	Desirable	(D)	Distribution
73.	Wh	ich of the following practices is uneth	ical	?
	(A)	Customer Concern	(B)	Sales Promotion
	(C)	Profiteering	(D)	Advertising
74.	The	first Nationalization of Commercial	Bank	s was in the year:
	(A)	1969	(B)	1970
	(C)	1971	(D)	1973
75.	Vol	kswagen represents which country?		
	(A)	France	(B)	UK
	(C)	USA	(D)	Germany

CET(PG)-2016

Question	Booklet Series:	A Sr. No. :
-	<u> </u>	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test
	ooklet and Answer Sheet.	T TT7 1
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words
O.M.R. Ans	wer Sheet Serial No.	
	Signatur	re of the Candidate :
Subject · M Ca	om. (Rusiness Economics	

Subject: M.Com. (Business Economics)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	The	Ind	ustrial pol	icy resolution wa	s pass	ed first	in:	
	(A)	193	31			(B)	1952	
	(C)	195	56			(D)	1948	
2.	Acc	oun	ting work	begins with	_ and	ends wi	ith to the users	
	(A)	Coı	mmunicatio	on, Business transa	actions	(B)	Assets, Liabilities	
	(C)	Pro	fit, Loss			(D)	Business transactions, Communications	ation
3.	Mat lists		List-I with	List-II and select	the co	rrect ar	nswer using the code given belov	v the
			List-I				List-II	
		(Fo	recasting T	echnique)			(Application)	
		A.	Econome	tric models	1.		ting next quarter's sales based on of previous sales	four
		B.	Sales For	ce Composition	2.		ting change in car sale as a resu es in tax laws	lt of
		C.	Time seri	es analysis	3.	Seekin of sale	g factors that will predict a certain	level
		D.	Regression	n model	4.	Predic lassers	eting next year's sales of indus	trial
		Cod	de:					
			A	В	C		D	
	(A)		3	4	1		2	
	(B)		3	1	4		2	
	(C)		2	4	1		3	
	(D)		2	1	4		3	
4.	Glo	balis	sation mea	ns:				
	(A)	Ado	opting a glo	bal outlook				
	(B)	Ear	ning profits	s from exports				
	(C)	Set	ting of firm	s' branches in diff	ferent s	states of	same country	
	(D)	Att	racting fore	ign investments				
5.	VAT	Γ is i	mposed:					
	(A)	Dir	ectly on co	nsumer		(B)	On final stage of production	
	(C)	On	first stage	of production		(D)	On all stages between production and	d sale
M.C	'om. (R	Rusine	ss Economics).	/R.H885-A		3		[Turn ove

					•	e a mention, that Infrastru e only. What is the full form of	
	(A)	Public Priva	te Partnership		(B)	Purchasing Power Parity	
	(C)	Purchase Pro	oduce Provide		(D)	People's Programme and Priori	ty
7.	The	law of partr	ners is contained	in :			
	(A)	Indian Partn	ership Act, 1990		(B)	Indian Partnership Act, 1974	
	(C)	Indian Partn	ership Act, 1980		(D)	Indian Partnership Act, 1932	
8.	_	_	nich does not con l is known as :	tain full	inform	ation regarding price and qua	ntum
	(A)	Red hearing	prospectus		(B)	Statement in lieu of prospectus	
	(C)	Incomplete p	prospectus		(D)	Abridge prospectus	
9.		_	_			out regards it as worth Rs. 15,0 Iding to be recorded at ?	0,000.
	(A)	Rs. 10 lakh					
	(B)	Rs. 15 lakh					
	(C)	Rs. 12.5 lakl	h				
	(D)	Rs. 10 lakh i	initially and less d	epreciati	on subs	equently	
10.	Duty	drawbacks	are extended to	the expo	rters by	y the:	
	(A)	Ministry of l	Finance				
	(B)	Ministry of (Commerce and In-	dustry			
	(C)	Ministry of	Corporate Affairs				
	(D)	Ministry of 1	Micro, Small and	Medium	Enterpr	ise	
	N / - 4 .						
11.			h List-II and sele	ct the co	rrect ar	nswer using the code given belo	w the
11.	lists			ct the co	rrect ar	nswer using the code given belo List-II	w the
11.	lists	: List-	I	ct the co	rrect ar		ow the
11.	lists	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin	I of Insurance) nae fidei	1.	Immed	List-II (Explanation) liate cause	w the
11.	lists	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin B. Insurab	I of Insurance) nae fidei le interests	1. 2.	Immed Promis	List-II (Explanation) liate cause se to compensate loss	w the
11.	lists	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin B. Insurab C. Indemn	I of Insurance) nae fidei le interests ity	1. 2. 3.	Immed Promis Mutua	List-II (Explanation) liate cause se to compensate loss l trust	w the
11.	lists	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin B. Insurab C. Indemn	I of Insurance) nae fidei le interests	1. 2.	Immed Promis Mutua	List-II (Explanation) liate cause se to compensate loss	w the
11.	lists	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin B. Insurab C. Indemn D. Causa p Code: A	I of Insurance) nae fidei le interests ity proxima B	1. 2. 3. 4.	Immed Promis Mutua	List-II (Explanation) liate cause se to compensate loss l trust y recognized relationship D	w the
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11.	lists (A)	List- (Principles of A. Uberrin B. Insurab C. Indemn D. Causa p. Code: A 3	I of Insurance) mae fidei le interests mity proxima B 2	1. 2. 3. 4. C 4	Immed Promis Mutua	List-II (Explanation) liate cause se to compensate loss l trust y recognized relationship D 1	w the

12.	Bha	rat l	Nirman Plan	is associat	ed with de	evelopm	ent of:	
	(A)	Urb	an infrastructu	ıre		(B)	Rural infrastructure	
	(C)	Info	ormation Tech	nology		(D)	Bridges and Roads	
13.	The	diff	erence betwe	en the ave	rage total	cost and	d average fixed cost shows :	
	(A)	Nor	mal profits			(B)	Implicit costs	
	(C)	Ave	erage variable	cost		(D)	Opportunity costs	
14.			ng to which o t market pric		U		ions of accounting, stock in trade is lower:	
	(A)	Con	sistency			(B)	Materiality	
	(C)	Con	servatism			(D)	Full Disclosure	
15.	Elas	sticit	y of demands	is the mea	asure of :			
	(B)	Rela	ative change in	n quantity o	demanded	as a resi	ault of change in absolute price level alt of change in absolute price level	
			_				alt of relative change in price level	
	(D)	Cha	inge in the typ	es of vario	us commo	dities co	onsumed	
16.	Mat lists		ist-I with Lis	t-II and se	lect the co	rrect ar	nswer using the code given below the	
		•						
		•	List-I			List	-II	
			List-I Contributors)		(Manag		- II Γhought/theory)	
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		(C A. B.	Contributors) Mary Parker Henri Fayol	Follet	` `	gement ' Humar Integra	Γhought/theory) n Relations ntion Theory	
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	(A) (B)	(C A. B. C. D.	Contributors) Mary Parker Henri Fayol Elton Mayo F.W. Taylor le: A		1. 2. 3. 4.	gement T Humar Integra Scienti	Thought/theory) n Relations ntion Theory fic management nciples of management	
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17.	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(C A. B. C. D. Coa	Contributors) Mary Parker Henri Fayol Elton Mayo F.W. Taylor le: A 3 2 2 3	B 1 4 1	1. 2. 3. 4. C 4 1 4 1	gement T Humar Integra Scienti	Thought/theory) In Relations Intion Theory Iffic management Inciples of management D 2 3 3 3	
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18.	The Indian	Trade	Union Act was	passed in:

(A) 1942

(B) 1926

(C) 1922

(D) 1921

19. Grapevine refers to a term used in relation to:

- (A) Formal communication
- (B) Informal communication
- (C) Both Formal and Informal communication
- (D) This term is not used in relation to communication

20. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:

List-I					List-II
	(Type of Asset)			(Example)
	A.	Amortisation		1.	Diminution in the life of the asset due to the excessive use
	B.	Depreciation		2.	Exhaustion of natural resources
	C.	Depletion		3.	Expiration of tangible assets
	D.	Obsolescence		4.	Expiration of intangible assets
				5.	Economic deterioration due to improved
					inventions
	Coa	le:			
		A	В	C	D
(A)		1	2	3	4
(B)		1	2	4	5
(C)		5	2	3	4
(D)		4	3	2	5

21. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:

		List-	I		List-II
	A.	ABC	Analysis	1.	Comparison and Analysis
	B.	Fund 1	flow analysis	2.	Inventory Control
	C.	ROI		3.	Working Capital Management
	D.	Standa	ard costing	4.	Overall Profitability
	Coa	le:			
		A	В	C	D
(A)		2	3	4	1
(B)		1	2	3	4
(C)		4	3	1	2
(D)		1	3	2	4

22.	Which one of the following functions is the action of a group of people in an org	s concerned with synchronizing and unifying ganisation?
	(A) Directing	(B) Controlling
	(C) Coordination	(D) Staffing
23.	The Sick Industrial Companies (Special	l Provisions) Act, was passed in :
	(A) 1992	(B) 1985
	(C) 1983	(D) 1987
24.		25 persons working in a factory was calculated that one figure was misread as 160 instead of age wage will be:
	(A) Rs. 380	(B) Rs. 280
	(C) Rs. 180	(D) Rs. 378.40
25.	What is the full form of NITI Aayog wh	nich replace Planning Commission ?
	(A) National Institution for Transforming	g India Aayog
	(B) National Institution of Transport Indi	ia Aayog
	(C) National Institution of Telecommunic	cation India Aayog
	(D) National Institution for Turism India	Aayog
26.	The doctrine of indoor management see	eks to:
	(A) Protect outsider against the company	
	(B) Protect company against the outsider	
	(C) Determine the relation between comp	pany and director
	(D) Determine the relation between comp	pany and auditor
27.	6 1	rmining long term objective of an organisation, tion of resources necessary to achieve the set
	(A) Rules	(B) Policies
	(C) Procedure	(D) Strategies
28.	STEP is the abbreviated name of the we	elfare programme to held :
	(A) Children	(B) Women
	(C) Farmers	(D) Senior Citizens

29.	Cost incurred on the building is :	
	(A) Fixed cost	(B) Opportunity cost
	(C) Semi-variable cost	(D) Marginal cost
30.	Additional cost by producing one more unit	it is:
	(A) Implicit cost	(B) Book cost
	(C) Sunk cost	(D) Marginal cost
31.	Span of control means that:	
	(A) An organisation consists of various depart	artments
	(B) Each person's authority is clearly defined	ed
	(C) Every subordinate has one superior	
	(D) A manager can supervise only a limited n	number of subordinates
32.	Zero base budgeting was introduced in USA	SA by:
	(A) Jimmy Carter	(B) Ronald Reagon
	(C) Richard Nixon	(D) Ebraham Lincoln
33.	Name the E-commerce company which lau lovers:	unched "India Art House" for handicraf
	(A) Snap Deal	(B) eBay
	(C) Flipkart	(D) Amazon
34.	Priority to heavy industry was given for the	ne first time in :
	(A) First Five Year Plan	(B) Second Five Year Plan
	(C) Third Five Year Plan	(D) Fourth Five Year Plan
35.	Opportunity costs are also known as:	
	(A) Spill over costs	(B) Money costs
	(C) Alternative cost	(D) External cost
36.	Under perfect competition, company in the	e long run earns :
	(A) Net profit	(B) Gross profit
	(C) Super normal profit	(D) Normal profit
37.	Which one of the following transactions do	oes not affect the Balance Sheet totals?
37.	Which one of the following transactions do (A) Purchase of Rs. 5,000 supplies on credit	

38.	Which one of the following relationship	ip between the three means is correct ?	
	$(A) \ A.M. \geq G.M. \geq H.M.$	(B) $H.M. \geq G.M. \geq A.M.$	
	(C) $G.M. \geq AM. \geq H.M.$	(D) $A.M. = G.M. \neq H.M.$	
39.	Shareholders earn:		
	(A) Profit	(B) Dividend	
	(C) Interest	(D) Rent	
40.	Indifference curve is always:		
	(A) Convex	(B) Concave	
	(C) L-shaped	(D) Vertical line	
41.	Ordinal measure of utility is required	in:	
	(A) Revealed preference	(B) Utility	
	(C) Indifference curve	(D) Utility and Revealed preference	
42.	Cross elasticity of demand between te	ea and sugar is :	
	(A) Positive	(B) Negative	
	(C) Zero	(D) Infinity	
43.	<u> </u>	ratio and in upward direction, the correlation is	
	said to be:		
	(A) Perfectly Negative	(B) Perfectly Positive	
	(C) Zero	(D) Negative	
44.	The competence of a company to mak	te contract is decided by its:	
	(A) Certificate of Incorporation	(B) Memorandum of Association	
	(C) Article of Association	(D) Information Memorandum	
45.		oted by a supplier which includes all charges	
	incurred up to door delivery of goods	to the buyer called ?	
	(A) Loco Price	(B) CIF Price	
	(C) Franco Price	(D) Landed Price	
46.	The NABARD is planning to organise fi	inancial literacy and awareness programme in :	
	(A) Haryana	(B) Jharkhand	
	(C) Odisha	(D) West Bengal	
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47.	of fo	our times with a margin of 8% o	*	of Rs. 10 each has a capital turnover is the Return On Investment (ROI)			
		he company?					
	, ,	28%	` ′	32%			
	(C)	35%	(D)	42%			
48.	The	Blue revolution is related with	:				
	(A)	Fish production	(B)	Food Grain production			
	(C)	Oilseed production	(D)	Milk production			
49.		ler which principles, all the rippany after making payment of	_	sured are transferred to insurance			
	(A)	Subrogation	(B)	Utmost good faith			
	(C)	Contribution	(D)	Average Clause			
50.	app re-is befo (A)	lication and allotment money, of ssued to Y at Rs. 6 each fully paid ore the shares were re-issued? Rs. 40	of Rs. 2 and R I. What was th (B)	Rs. 8 called up, on which X had paid as. 3 respectively. These shares were the balance in share forfeiture account Rs. 50			
	(C)	Rs. 100	(D)	Rs. 160			
51.		investment is:					
		Off-loading of shares of private	-				
	(B)	Off-loading of Government shar	es to private c	ompanies			
	(C)	Increase in Investment					
	(D)	Closing down of business conce	rns				
52.	Stat	tutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) is	•				
	(A) A method of credit control followed by RBI						
	(B)	A method of compelling the limit	ited companies	s to keep minimum reserves			
	(C) A law under which the UTI and other mutual funds must declare a minimum amount as dividend						
	(D)	A method of credit control follow	wed by RRB				
53.	Eco	nomic survey is published by:					
	(A)	Indian Statistical Institute	(B)	Government of India			
	(C)	Ministry of Finance	(D)	Planning Commission			
M.C	om. (B	susiness Economics)/BJL-885-A	10 *				

54. A growing country is one with:

- (A) Rising GNP at constant prices
- (B) Rising GNP at current prices
- (C) Constant GNP at constant prices
- (D) Cooperative farming at constant rate

55. Mixed Economy means an economy where:

- (A) Both agriculture and industry are equally promoted by the state
- (B) There is co-existence of public sector along with private sector
- (C) There is importance of small scale industries along with heavy industries
- (D) Economy is controlled by military as well as civilian rulers

56. WTO came into existence at the conclusion of which round of GATT?

(A) Singapore

(B) Uruguay

(C) Tokyo

(D) Merrakash

57. Which of the following items would not appear in a company's balance sheet?

- (A) Value of stocks of raw material held
- (B) Total issued capital
- (C) Revenue from sales of the company's products
- (D) Cash held at the bank

58. Gross domestic capital formation is defined as :

- (A) Flow of expenditure devoted to increased or maintaining of the capital stock
- (B) Expenditure incurred on physical assets only
- (C) Production exceeding demand
- (D) Net addition to stock after depreciation

59. Demonstration effect means:

(A) Effect of advertisement

(B) Imitating effect of consumption

(C) Effect of entertainment

(D) Effect of an experiment

60. Devaluation of a currency means :

- (A) Reduction in the value of a currency vis-a-vis major internationally traded currencies
- (B) Permitting the currency to seek its worth in the international market
- (C) Fixing the value of the currency in conjunction with the movement in the value of a basket of pre-determined currencies
- (D) Fixing the value of currency in multilateral consultation with the IMF, the World Bank and Major Trading Partners

61.	NASDAQ stand for:							
	(A) National Securities Dealers of American Quotations							
	(B) National Association of Securities Dealers of Automated Quotations							
	(C) National Allied Securities Dealers of ADR Quote							
	(D) National Association of Securities Dr	ivers of American Quotations						
62.	Prior to its nationalisation, State Bank of	of India was known as :						
	(A) Imperial Bank	(B) Reserve Bank of India						
	(C) Royal Bank	(D) UCO Bank						
63.	Gilt-edged market means:							
	(A) Bullion market	(B) Market of government securities						
	(C) Market of guns	(D) Market of pure metals						
64.	Expand the term LIBOR:							
	(A) London Inter-Bank Offered Rate	(B) London Inter-Bank Operational Rate						
	(C) London Inter-Bank Offsite Rate	(D) London Inter-Bank Onsite Rate						
65.	The Wealth of Nations was written by :							
	(A) Adam Smith	(B) Richardo						
	(C) Marx	(D) Haberler						
66.	Interim Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) involved adjustment of :						
	(A) Repo Rate	(B) Reverse Repo Rate						
	(C) Bank Rate	(D) Both (A) and (B)						
67.	-	tnership is a proposed free trade agreement						
	between the member countries of (A) SAARC	· (B) ASEAN						
	(C) SCO	(D) EU						
	(C) 3CO	(D) E0						
68.	The central banking functions in India a	-						
	(A) Central Bank of India	(B) Reserve Bank of India						
	(C) State Bank of India	(D) Punjab National Bank						
69.	The recovery management of NPA is a s	ubject matter of :						
	(A) Fiscal Responsibilities and Budget M	anagement (FRBM) Act, 2003						
	(B) Basel II norms							
	(C) Securitisation and Reconstruction of Interest (SARFAESI) Act, 2002	Financial Asset and Enforcement of Security						
	(D) Basel IV norms							

70.	The currency convertibility concept originated in its original in : $ \\$

(B) Bretton Wood Agreement

(A) Well Agreement (C) Taylors Agreement

(D) Repo Rate Agreement

71. When there is a limiting factor usually decision is based on :

- (A) Contribution per unit of limiting factor
- (B) Total contribution

(C) Total profit

(D) Total cost

72. In which of these distributions, the variable is continuous?

(A) Binomial

(B) Bernoulli

(C) Poisson

(D) Normal

73. Who formulate monetary policy in India?

(A) SEBI

(B) RBI

(C) Finance Ministry

(D) Niti Ayog

74. Match List-I (Concept) and List-II (Explanation) and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:

List-I List-II

(Concept)

- (Explanation)
- A. Theory of specialisation
- 1. Number of subordinates to be supervised
- B. Departmentation
- 2. Plan of reporting in an organisation 3. Pattern of grouping activities
- C. Span of Management

- D. Chain of Command Breakdown of a complex task

Code:

_				
	A	В	C	D
(A)	2	1	3	4
(B)	4	3	1	2
(C)	2	3	1	4
(D)	4	1	3	2

75. In an open economy, the National Income (Y) of the economy is

(C = Consumption, I = Investment, G = Government Expenditure, X = Total Exports, M = Total Import)

(A) Y = C + I + G + X

(B) Y = I + G - X + M

(C) Y = C + I - G + (X - M)

(D) Y = C + I - G + X - M

CET(PG)-2016

Question	Booklet Series:	A Sr. No. :		
Important: Please consult your Admit Card / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test				
<u>B</u>	ooklet and Answer Sheet.			
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words		
O.M.R. Ans	wer Sheet Serial No.			
Signature of the Candidate:				
Subject · M (om (Hone)			

Subject: M.Com (Hons.)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 85 Maximum Marks: 85

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **85** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	Which of the following is not an Account	ing concept ?
	(A) Matching Concept	(B) Dual Aspect Concept
	(C) True and Fair Concept	(D) Going Concern Concept
2.	Which of the following statement is not o	orrect ?
	(A) P/V ratio can be improved by reducing	g fixed costs
	(B) Contribution is also known as Gross N	Margin
	(C) P/V ratio can be improved by increasing	ng the selling price
	(D) Margin of safety can be improved by a	reducing fixed cost
3.	The term fixed assets does not include:	
	(A) Debtors	(B) B/R
	(C) Stock	(D) Goodwill
4.	In case of Joint Stock Company, Financia	al Statements refer to :
	(A) Balance Sheet	
	(B) Trial Balance and P/L A/c	
	(C) Profit and Loss A/c	
	(D) Balance Sheet, P & L A/c and P & L A	ppropriation A/c
5.	Dividend can be declared from:	
	(A) Revenue Profit	(B) Capital Profit
	(C) Secret Reserve	(D) All of these
6.	Which of the following is not part of Par	tnership Firm's goodwill?
	(A) Institutional Goodwill	(B) Personal Goodwill
	(C) Goodwill related to Casual event	(D) Implied Goodwill
7.	Premium received on the issue of shares	is shown in :
	(A) Debit side of Profit and Loss Account	
	(B) Credit side of Profit and Loss Account	
	(C) Assets side of the Balance Sheet	
	(D) Liabilities side of the Balance Sheet	

8.	In case the shares are forfeited, the capital account is debited by:			
	(A)	Nominal value of shares		
	(B)	Paid up amount on shares		
	(C)	Called up amount on shares		
	(D)	Uncalled up amount on shares		
9.		arnings Price (E.P.) ratio is 0.5 and Earn e of the share will be :	ing j	per Share (EPS) is Rs. 8, the market
	(A)	Rs. 4	(B)	Rs. 12.5
	(C)	Rs. 16	(D)	Rs. 8.50
10.	Labo	our Rate variance is due to :		
	(A)	Overtime allowance	(B)	Defective materials
	(C)	Poor working conditions	(D)	None of the above
11.	Prof	it will be the same under Absorption Co	sting	g and Marginal Costing only when:
	(A)	There is no opening or closing stocks		
	(B)	There is only closing stocks		
	(C) There is only opening stocks			
	(D) Opening stocks are lower than closing stocks			
12.	Whi	ch one of the following is not essential fo	r a so	ound system of Budgetary Control?
	(A)	No Reward No Punishment	(B)	Participation
	(C)	Sound Organisation Structure	(D)	Flexibility
13.	Whi	ch of the following statements is correct	?	
		Creating reserve for discount on creditor conservation	rs is	not strictly according to principle of
	(B)	Stock at the end, if appears in the Trial Ba	lance	e, is taken only to the Balance Sheet
	` '	Salary paid in advance is not an expense be liabilities	ecaus	e it neither reduces assets nor increases
	(D)	All of the above		

14.	Whi	ich of the following statements is false ?
	(A)	Marginal costing is a method of ascertaining cost
	(B)	A firm incurs a loss when contribution is equal to fixed cost
	(C)	Contribution is always equal to fixed cost

15. Which of the following statement is true?

- (A) Budget is only for short-range period, and not for long-range period
- (B) Budget may be classified according to time as long-range budget, short-range budget, fiscal period budget
- (C) Budgets are not expressed in monetary or physical unit
- (D) None of the above

(D) All of the above

16. Transition from AS-14 to IFRS came in India with effect from :

(A) 1-4-2011

(B) 1-5-2005

(C) 1-4-2009

(D) 1-5-2010

17. Which of the following expenses will be allocated on Time Basis?

(A) Salary

(B) Wages

(C) Interest

(D) All of the above

18. Fictitious assets are:

- (A) Preliminary expenses, loss on issue of shares, advertising expense
- (B) Revenue expenditure of capital nature
- (C) Not the real assets but they are called assets on legal and technical ground
- (D) All of the above

19. Which of the following items is required to be deducted from Net Profit?

- (A) Dividends or Interest on Investment
- (B) Retransfer of Excess Provision and Appreciation in Fixed Assets
- (C) Profit on Sale of Non-current Assets
- (D) All of the above

20.	Financial stability refers to the capacity of an undertaking to meet its financia obligation, both and				
	(A) Short	term and long term	(B)	Current and fixed assets	
	(C) Bills	receivables and bills payables	(D)	Administrative expenses	
21.	Standard	cost of direct materials specified –	Actu	ual cost of direct materials used = :	
	(A) Direc	t Materials Cost Variance	(B)	Material Yield Variance	
	(C) Purch	nase Price Variance	(D)	Material Usage Variance	
22.		nal rate of return can be defined as enefits with the present value of tot		rate which equates the present value osts of an :	
	(A) Inves	tment	(B)	Bank Account	
	(C) Stock	Option	(D)	Debenture	
23.	Which of	the following is type of Investment	t dec	isions ?	
	(A) Expan	nsion and diversification of existing	busir	ness	
	(B) Repla	acement and modernisation			
	(C) None	of the above			
	(D) Both	(A) and (B)			
24.	"Management is the art of getting things done through and with formally organised group." This definition has been given by:			nrough and with formally organised	
	(A) Peter	Drucker	(B)	Henry Fayol	
	(C) Harol	d Koontz	(D)	F.W. Taylor	
25.	The father	r of Scientific Management is :			
	(A) Henry	y Fayol	(B)	F.W. Taylor	
	(C) Elton	Mayo	(D)	H.L. Grant	
26.	The princ	iple of 'Unity of Command' implie	es:		
	(A) Unity	of thought and action			
	(B) Unity	amongst subordinates			
	(C) Instru	actions from staff authority			
		e directed exclusively by that superior		be issued only by one superior at a time ring entire directing stage	

27.	The 'theory \mathbf{Z} ' of management relating to motivation was developed by :					
	(A) Douglas McGregor	(B) Chester I. Bernard				
	(C) William G. Oucho	(D) Rensis Likert				
28.	Who is the author of the book "Practice	of Management (1954)"?				
	(A) Bernard	(B) Elton Mayo				
	(C) Peter Drucker	(D) F.W. Taylor				
29.	"Organisation is more than a Chart." W	ho said it ?				
	(A) Lounsbury Fish	(B) Mooney and Reilly				
	(C) Marshall	(D) None of the above				
30.	Management must think of itself not as partial creating value	roducing products but as providing customer				
	(A) Force	(B) Satisfactions				
	(C) Demand	(D) Supply				
31.	"The expected price for a product is the price at which consciously or unconsciously value the product; it is what they think the product is worth." Who refer to this statement?					
	(A) Stanton	(B) Philip Kotler				
	(C) Manson and Rath	(D) R.S. Dawar				
32.	Fixed costs, in the short run, are, the order.	nerefore, they are irrelevant in pricing special				
	(A) Uncontrollable	(B) Controllable				
	(C) Flexible	(D) Variable				
33.	Which of the following is not included un	nder qualities of optimum capital structure?				
	(A) Minimum Cost of Capital	(B) Minimum Risk				
	(C) Maximum Control	(D) Minimum Profit				
34.	The concept of cost of capital can also be	e explained in terms of cost.				
	(A) Variable Cost	(B) Capital Cost				
	(C) Full Cost	(D) Opportunity Cost				

35.	"Cost of capital is the rate of return the firm requires from investment in order to				
	increase the value of the firm in the market." This statement is defined by :				
	(A) Solomon Ezra	(B) Hampton John J.			
	(C) M.H. Spencer	(D) Dr. Koli			
36.	Which of the following is not a current asse	et?			
	(A) Cash	(B) Inventory			
	(C) Accounts Receivable	(D) Goodwill			
37.	Which is medium and short term source of	working capital ?			
	(A) Depreciation	(B) Taxation Provision			
	(C) Long Term Loans and Debentures	(D) Both (A) and (B)			
38.	Which one of the following is not merit of N	Net Present Value ?			
	(A) Considers all cash flows				
	(B) True measure of probability				
	(C) Based on the concept of the time value of	f money			
	(D) Requires estimates of cash flows which i	s a tedious task			
39.	A stock dividend implies issue of bonus sl	hares to the existing shareholders of the			
	company by way of capitalisation of	•			
	(A) Reserve	(B) Losses			
	(C) Property	(D) Provisions			
40.	The residual reserve after the proposed ca	apitalisation should be at least			
	percent of the increased paid-up capital.				
	(A) 60	(B) 40			
	(C) 75	(D) 25			
41.	When a company has surplus reserves but	does not have adequate liquidity then the			
	company capitalises its:				
	(A) Reserves	(B) Profit			
	(C) Assets	(D) linventory			
M.C	om. (Hons.)/BJL-1139-A	8			

4 <i>Z</i> .	waiter's Model is related with:	
	(A) Capital Budgeting	(B) Dividend Policy
	(C) Depreciation	(D) Investment
43.	Net present value can be expressed as :	
	(A) Present Value of Future Cash Inflows – Ir	nitial Investment
	(B) Initial Investment – Cash Inflow	
	(C) Initial Investment – Interest	
	(D) Total Profit – Total Tax	
44.	When has emphasis been shifted in India to	human resource development ?
	(A) 1995	(B) 1965
	(C) 1970	(D) 1960
45.	The RBI is the kingpin of the Indian N	Aarket.
	(A) Capital	(B) Money
	(C) Gold	(D) Share
46.	"Who can define a bank as an institution accepted in settlement of other people's deb	
	(A) Crowther	(B) Sayers
	(C) Lindley	(D) None of the above
47.	The word 'bank' originated from la	nguage.
	(A) Italian	(B) Hindi
	(C) Sanskrit	(D) Arabic
48.	The Deposit Insurance Corporation has bee	en renamed as the Deposit Insurance and
	•	
	(A) Central and Audit Corporation	(B) Credit Guarantee Corporation
	(C) Guarantee Corporation Ltd.	(D) Flexible Rate Insurance Corporation
49.	The financial position of a commercial bank	x is reflected in its :
	(A) Balance Sheet	(B) Profit and Loss Account
	(C) Cash Flow Statement	(D) Fund Flow Statement

50.	NABARD is managed by :		
	(A) A Board of Directors	(B)	The President of India
	(C) A Chairman of ICICI	(D)	A Director of SBI
51.	In a, the decisions of a central planno of firms and households. Which answer will		-
	(A) Market economy	(B)	Business economy
	(C) Social economy	(D)	None of the above
52.	An agreement among firms in a market about is called	t qua	antities to produce or prices to charge
	(A) Collusion	(B)	Cartel
	(C) Monopolies	(D)	Oligopoly
53.	The input costs that do not require an outla	y of 1	money by the concern is called:
	(A) Implicit costs	(B)	Explicit costs
	(C) Replacement cost	(D)	Marginal cost
54.	Which cost is known as periodical cost?		
	(A) Fixed cost	(B)	Variable cost
	(C) Revenue cost	(D)	Marginal cost
55.	The schedule that shows the quantity suppli	ied at	t each price is called :
	(A) Supply schedule	(B)	Ken's supply
	(C) Normal curve	(D)	None of the above
56.	The amount of a goods that sellers are willing	ng an	d able to sell is called:
	(A) Quantity supplied	(B)	Quantity demanded
	(C) Control of sale	(D)	Demand curve
<i>5</i> 7.	Cournot was criticized even in his own time	for t	he quantity assumptions.
	(A) Constant	(B)	Not Constant
	(C) Adequate	(D)	Price
58.	Average fixed cost is equal to total fixed cos	t divi	ided by:
	(A) Level of output	(B)	Level of service
	(C) Level of price	(D)	All of the above
M.Co	om. (Hons.)/BJL-1139-A	10	

	(A) Less than zero	(B) Greater than zero
	(C) Equal to zero	(D) Equal to 1 (one)
60.	Monopoly power may be expressed by the :	
	(A) (P - MC)/P	(B) $[(P - MC)/P] \times 100$
	(C) (P-MC)/MR	(D) $MR/(MC - P)$
61.	The definition of contract implies that :	
	(A) All agreements are not contracts	
	(B) An agreement must meet certain criteria is as a contract	n order to be enforceable by law and qualify
	(C) An agreement enforceable by law is a cor	ntract
	(D) All above	
62.	Two parties may enter into an agreement by	the communication of a proposal and its
	acceptance. Such a proposal is called:	
	(A) A contract	(B) An offer
	(C) An invitation	(D) None of the above
63.	A expressed to B to lend Rs. 5,000/- to C; "t	here will be no trouble in the payment of
	your money." B assured, "if there is any trou	ble, I(A) hold myself responsible". Which
	one is the correct statement ?	
	(A) This was not a guarantee, and A, a surety	for C's debt
	(B) This was held to be a guarantee, and A, a	surety for C's debt
	(C) The promise made by A is not having legal	al binding
	(D) None of the above	
64.	The Negotiable Instruments Act was enacte	d in the year :
	(A) 1888	(B) 1818
	(C) 1881	(D) 1891

59. Income elasticity of demand for an inferior good is :

65. X writes his name on the back of a bill of exchange payable to his order. What meaning of the endorsement?				ge payable to his order. What is the
	(A)	The bill is to be paid to the holder		
	(B)	Person who brought a bill of exchange ge	ts pay	yment
	(C)	It cannot be treated as account payee bill	of ex	change
	(D)	None of the above		
66. Which section deals with income from house property?				perty ?
	(A)	Section 22	(B)	Section 23
	(C)	Section 24	(D)	Section 25
67.	If co	ompany X has the right to appoint more	than	half of the directors on the Board of
	Dire	ectors of company Y, then is company Y	a sul	osidiary of company X ?
	(A)	Company X is the subsidiary of company	Y	
	(B)	Company Y is the subsidiary of company	X	
	(C)	Companies X and Y are independent com	panie	es
	(D)	None of the above		
68.	8. Perquisites received by the assessee during the course of carrying on his busines profession is taxable under the head:			
	(A)	Salary		
	(B)	Not Taxable		
	(C)	Under Section 28(i) of Income Tax Act, P	rofits	s and Gains of Business or Profession
	(D)	None of the above		
69.		eversion of capital assets into stock in the vious year:	trade	will result into capital gain of the
	(A)	In which such conversion took place		
	(B)	Section 45(2) of Income Tax Act, in which transferred	ch suc	ch converted asset is sold or otherwise
	(C)	No conversion allowed by SEBI		
	(D)	Next year of such conversion taking place	e	
70.	Sect	tion 132 of the Income Tax Act, deals wit	th:	
	(A)	Power to call for information	(B)	Power to survey
	(C)	Search and Seizure	(D)	Power to arrest

71.	Which of the following is an intangible asset?						
	(A) Known-how	(B)	Building				
	(C) Furniture	(D)	Vehicle				
72.	The hard disc of a computer is a document as defined under Section 3 of the Indian Evidence Act. The statement is :						
	(A) True	(B)	False				
	(C) Partly correct	(D)	None of the above				
73.	Phishing is made punishable under Section Act, 2000.		of the Information Technology				
	(A) 66 A	(B)	66 B				
	(C) 66 C	(D)	66 D				
74.	A retired partner has a right to an account	ınt o	f the firm as long as:				
	(A) The business continues	(B)	The firm exists				
	(C) There is no settlement of accounts	(D)	None of the above				
75.	Dissolution in accordance with the contract is provided in Section of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932.						
	(A) 40	(B)	41				
	(C) 42	(D)	43				
76.	Which of the following sections of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 deals with 'mode of settlement of accounts between the partners'?						
	(A) Section 48	(B)	Section 49				
	(C) Section 50	(D)	Section 51				
77.	If the assets of the firm are insufficient to firm, the partners shall bear it in the :	disch	narge the debts and liabilities of the				
	(A) Capital ratio	(B)	Equally				
	(C) Profit sharing ratio	(D)	None of the above				
78.	A partner commits fraud to a third party while working as a partner. To the third party, who among the following is liable?						
	(A) That partner only	(B)	Firm				
	(C) Managing partner	(D)	None of the above				

79.	Supp	ply of liquor to its members by a club is		•				
	(A)	Sale	(B)	Not a Sale				
	(C)	Depends	(D)	None of the above				
80.	Qua	lity of goods includes their						
	(A)	State	(B)	Condition				
	(C)	Either (A) or (B)	(D)	None of the above				
81.	•	Registrar may, in his discretion recent to registered by any Sub-Registrar		· ·				
	(A)	True	(B)	False				
	(C)	Partly correct	(D)	None of the above				
82.	Which of the following day is observed as World Consumer Rights Day?							
	(A)	August 15	(B)	March 15				
	(C)	January 15	(D)	None of the above				
83.	The	The risk of loss as a rule lies on the :						
	(A)	Buyer	(B)	Seller				
	(C)	Owner	(D)	None of the above				
84.	A le	tter of intent :						
	(A)	Is an agreement to sell						
	(B)	Is a contract of sale						
	(C) Merely an expression of an intention to enter into a contract							
	(D)	None of the above						
85.	A pa	arty who does not suffer any loss in	case	of breach of contract, is entitled				
	(A)	Statutory damages	(B)	Liquidated damages				
	(C)	Exemplary damages	(D)	Nominal damages				

ROUGH WORK

ROUGH WORK

CET(PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
220 2 100 0	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important:	Please consult	your Admit Card /	Roll No. Slij	before filling	your Roll N	lumber on the	Test Bookl	et and
	Answer Sheet.							

Koll No.	In Figures	In Words		
O.M.R. Ar	nswer Sheet Serial No.			
	Signatu	re of the Candidate:		

Subject : M.E. (Biotechnology)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
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- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
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- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

l.	$ An alytical \ centrifugation \ can be \ used \ in \ the \ determination \ of \ all \ of \ the \ following, except:$							
	(A)	(A) Molecular weight determination of nucleic acids						
	(B)	(B) Molecular weight determination of proteins						
	(C)	(C) Conformational changes in DNA and proteins						
	(D)	Sequence determination in DNA and prote	eins					
2.	In to	erms of signal transduction which of th	e followin	g is not a second messenger ?				
	(A)	cAMP	(B)	cGMP				
	(C)	Ca^{2+}	(D)	Mg^{2+}				
3.	Du	ring generation of monoclonal antibodic	es, the HA	T medium is used to grow only those cells				
	whi	which have one of the following functional enzyme:						
	(A)	Hypoxanthine-guanine phospho-ribosyltransfersae						
	(B)	B) Hypoxanthine—aminopterin phospho-ribosyltransferase						
	(C)	C) Hypoxanthine-guanine thymidine phosphor-ribosyltransferase						
	(D)	Hypoxanthine-aminopterin thymidine pho	sphor-ribos	syltransferase				
4.	All of the following are tumour suppressor genes, except:							
	(A)	BRCA1	(B)	PTEN				
	(C)	P53	(D)	CDK2				
5.	Cytokines are small secreted proteins produced by a variety of cells. Following are the							
	exa	mples of cytokines, except :						
	(A)	Interferons	(B)	Interleukins				
	(C)	Tumor necrosis factor	(D)	Integrins				
6.	Which of the following process would require a primer for biosynthesis of its biopolymer?							
	(A)	Glycogen synthesis	(B)	Ribonucleic Acid synthesis				
	(C)	MicroRNA synthesis	(D)	Prostaglandins synthesis				

7. The mitochondrial rounding by a drug could be ascertained by which one of the following microscopic technique?						
	(A) Phase contrast microscopy	(B) Transmission electron microscopy				
	(C) Scanning electron microscopy	(D) Bright field microscopy				
8.	Which one of the following sets are hie	rarchical classification systems for known proteins?				
	(A) SCOP and CATH	(B) SCOP and CASP				
	(C) Swiss prot and CATH	(D) SCOP and Swiss prot				
9.	If in a protein molecule each amino ac	id residue extends 1.5Å along the helix axis and there				
	are 3.6 residues per turn, the pitch of ${\bf t}$	he helix would be :				
	(A) 5.4Å	(B) 3.6Å				
	(C) 1.5Å	(D) 36 Å				
10.	In electro spray ionization mass spectr performed?	ometry (ESI-MS) which of the following steps is not				
	(A) Small, highly charged droplets are for	med				
	(B) A laser pulse is used to excite the chemical matrix to generate microplasma that transfers energy to ionize protein molecules					
	(C) Protein ions are desorbed from the de	roplets into the gas phase				
	(D) Protein ions are resolved in a mass sp	pectrometer				
11.		separation of non-polar solutes which of the				
	following combinations would be used (A) Non-polar stationary phase and more					
	(B) Polar stationary phase and non-polar					
	(C) Polar stationary phase and more polar					
	(D) Non-polar stationary phase and more	-				
	(C) F F F	Form 1-4				
12.	What would be the maximum theoret	ical resolving power of compound microscope having				
	10X objective, 0.25 Numerical apertur	e and blue light of 450 nm wavelength ?				
	(A) 900 nm	(B) 450 nm				
	(C) 225 nm	(D) 180 nm				

13.	The	single nucleotide genetic variations present	t in a	t least one percent of the population will
	be t	ermed as:		
	(A)	Copy number variation	(B)	Single nucleotide polymorphism
	(C)	Gene variant	(D)	Mutation
14.	The	splicesome macromolecular machinery	cons	ists of which of the following type of
	ribo	nucleoproteins?		
	(A)	snRNPs	(B)	scRNPs
	(C)	smRNPs	(D)	srRNPs
15.	The	eukaryotic chromosome tips are compose	ed of	stretch of repeated sequences together
	with	a group of specialized proteins, these comp	olexe	s are called :
	(A)	Heterochromatin	(B)	Euchromatin
	(C)	Telomeres	(D)	Short tandem repeats
16.	Whi	ich of the following techniques can be used f	or an	alysis of cell populations suspended in a
	flui	d as they are allowed to pass as a single file	?	
	(A)	Cell counting	(B)	Cell rupturing
	(C)	Coulter counter	(D)	Flow cytometry
17.	Ide	ntify which principle applies to the Dot blot	anal	ysis:
	(A)	Electrophoretic blotting using DNA, RNA & pr	otein	s
	(B)	Non -Electrophoretic blotting using ammonium	persu	lfate
	(C)	Electrophoretic blotting using ammonium persul	fate	
	(D)	Non-electrophoretic blotting using DNA, RNA	& pr	oteins
18.	The	commonly used stains exclusively for prote	in m	acromolecules are listed below, except :
	(A)	Coomassie blue		
	(B)	Ponceau red		
	(C)	Bis-1 -anilino-8-naphthalene sulfonate (ANS)		
	(D)	Silver chloride		

19.	The RNA samples are commonly converted to cDNA or cRNA for microarray studies and car be visualized by labelling with :							
	(A)	Radioactivity or phosphorescence	(B)	Radioactivity or fluorescence				
	(C)	Radioactivity or chemiluminescence	(D)	Radioactivity or bioluminescence				
20.		Which of the following statements describes two-dimensional protein gels as a high throughput technology for protein analysis?						
	(A)	Sample preparation and the process	or running these g	gels is straightforward and can be automated				
	(B)	The technique can resolve low abu	ndance proteins o	nly.				
	(C)	The technique is well suited to dete	ction of hydropho	bic proteins.				
	(D)	The result of these gels includes da	ta both for the size	e and the charge of all the resolved proteins				
21.	Which program would to use to identify the protein in main protein database corresponding to the DNA sequence?							
		blastn	(B)	blastp				
		blastx	(D)	tblastn				
22.	The oligonucleotide based microarrays have which of the following advantage over cDNA based array?							
	(A)	Two samples can be simultaneously	y and competitive	ly hybridized to the same chip				
	(B)							
	(C)							
	(D)	They can be used for expression of	alternately splice	d transcripts				
23.	The	first genetically modified plant p	oroduct, FLAVF	R SAVR tomatoes were generated by				
	targ	targeting which of the following strategies?						
	(A)	Increasing the production of polyga	lacturonase enzyr	me				
	(B)	Decreasing the production of polyg	alacturonase enzy	rme				
	(C)	Increasing the production of cellulo	se enzyme					
	(D)	Decreasing the production of cellul-	ose enzyme					

24.	Dur	ring nested PCR the secon	d set of primers lie in s	uch a way that:	
	(A)	Only the Forward primer o	f 1st set is internal to forw	rard primer of second set	
	(B) Only the Reverse primer of 1st set is internal to reverse primer of second set				
	(C) 2 nd set of Primers Internal to the 1 st set of primers				
	(D)	2 nd set of Primers Outside	to the 1st set of primers		
25.		random amplified poly	morphic DNA techn	ique uses the primers with following	
	(A)	An arbitrary oligonucleotic	le primer of 9-10 bp long	sequence is selected	
	(B)	An arbitrary pair of oligonu	scleotide primers of 9-10	bp long sequence is selected	
	(C)	The primer selected should	not contain palindromic s	sequences	
	(D)	The primer selected should	not contain G+C conten	t less than 50—80%	
26.	The	·	ording to stoichiometry	can be categorized into following types,	
	(A)	Uniport	(B)	Symport	
	(C)	Antiport	(D)	Amphiport	
27.	gene	e function. The second mu	ıtation in the same seq	of a nucleotide leading to abolishment of uence at a different but nearby position a of the gene. This is a case of which type	
	(A)	Frame shift	(B)	Enhancers	
	(C)	Depressors	(D)	Suppressors	
28.		retrieve literature informa ald be best to approach?	tion regarding biologic	al data which of the following databases	
	(A)	OMIM	(B)	GenBank	
	(C)	PROSITE	(D)	PubMed	
29.		ich of the following are rap ll alignment between two s		ns of Smith-Waterman algorithm to find	
	(A)	FASTA and BLAST	(B)	FASTA and PFAM	
	(C)	FASTA and PAM	(D)	FASTA and BLOSUM	

30. Which of the following statements is not true for YAC vectors?

- (A) YAC vector is designed to clone a large segment of DNA (100 kb).
- (B) YAC vector is maintained as a separate system in the host cell.
- (C) YAC vector is similar to 2µm circle and a natural vector.
- (D) YAC vector has been used for physical mapping of human genomic DNA.

31. Which of the following statements is not true, for resolution of protein molecules, by size exclusion chromatography?

- (A) The total volume of the column correspond to the sum of void volume and gel matrix inclusion
- (B) Each protein has a characteristic elution volume.
- (C) The inclusion volume consists of volume contained within the gel particles.
- (D) The void volume of the column is calculated using small protein molecules.

32. Which of the following organisms was first one to be completely sequenced and when?

- (A) Haemophilus influenzae in 1996
- (B) Haemophilus influenzae in 2001

(C) Escherichia coli in 1996

(D) Escherichia coli in 2001

33. The three different eukaryotic RNA polymerases which transcribe DNA into specific RNA's Are ?:

- (A) RNA polymerase I for rRNA, RNA polymerase II for tRNA, RNA polymerase III for mRNA
- (B) RNA polymerase I for mRNA, RNA polymerase II for rRNA, RNA polymerase III for tRNA
- (C) RNA polymerase I for rRNA, RNA polymerase II for mRNA, RNA polymerase III for tRNA
- (D) RNA polymerase I for tRNA, RNA polymerase II for mRNA, RNA polymerase III for rRNA

34. Which of the following function describes mode of action of the antibiotic puromycin?

(A) Inhibits A-site in ribosomes

(B) Inhibits peptidyl transfer

(C) Inhibits chain termination

(D) Induces premature chain termination

35. The purity of purified DNA sample can be determined by which of the following methods?

- (A) Spectrophotometrically by taking ratio of absorption at 260: 280nm.
- (B) Spectrophotometrically by taking absorption at 280: 220 nm.
- (C) Spectrophotometrically by taking absolute absorption at 260 nm.
- (D) Spectrophotometrically by taking absolute absorption at 280 nm.

36.	What is the pur	pose of using guanio	dium isothiocyan	ate in RNA isolation	procedures?
	(A) It strongly d	lenatures DNases			
	(B) It strongly d	lenatures RNases			
	(C) It allows rele	ease of finished RNA f	rom nucleus		
	(D) It stabilizes	RNA by preventing its	use by protein syn	thesizing machinery	
37.	The acronym F	RET stands for which	h of the following	g phenomenon ?	
	(A) Fluorescend	ce resonance energy tra	ansfer		
	(B) Fluorescence radiant energy transfer				
	(C) Fourier non	-resonance energy tran	nsfer		
	(D) Fourier radi	ant energy transfer			
38.	Following are t	he examples of scori	ng matrices to c	alculate alignment o	of protein sequences,
	except:	• •	g	gv	p 000 20 quo002,
	(A) PAM		(B)	BLOSUM	
	(C) Gonnet		` '	Pfam	
	(C) Goillet		(D)	Fiaiii	
39.	Domains in the	protein structure ha	ave following cha	aracteristics, except	:
	(A) These are st	ructural units			
	(B) These are fu	nctional units			
	(C) These fold i	ndependent of other pr	rotein areas		
	(D) These are pr	resent in single unit in 6	each protein		
40	Recombinant a	ntihodies expressed	in oram neoativ	e bacteria are allowe	ed to be secreted into
		nce due to following 1	0		
	(A) It contains a	biochemical environm	nent that is unlike b	acterial cytoplasm	
	(B) It is topolog	ically equivalent to tha	at of ER based pro	cessing as seen in euka	aryotic cell
	(C) It allows correct formation of disulfide bonds				
	(D) It is topolog	ically equivalent to tha	at of golgi based pr	rocessing as seen in eu	karyotic cell
41.	Which of the fo	llowing enzymes has	s RNAse H activi	ity?	
	(A) DNA polyn	nerase III	(B)	RNA polymerase II	
	(C) DNA Polyn		(D)	RNA Polymerase I	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(- /	<i>y</i>	
M.E.	. (Biotechnology)/BJ	L-913-A	9		[Turn over

42. Which of the following is biallelic?

- (A) Single nucleotide polymorphism
- (B) Variable nucleotide tendem repeats
- (C) Simple structure nucleotide repeats
- (D) Small interspersed nucleotide sequences
- 43. Which of the following protein would you transfect to leave animal cell in a continuous cell division fate ?
 - (A) DNA polymerase I
 - (B) DNA polymerase III
 - (C) Telomerase
 - (D) HIV Reverse transcriptase
- 44. You are provided with a fragment of DNA as "ATGCGCTATT". Which of the following is not a consensus sequence?
 - (A) ATGCCGTATT
 - (B) ATGGGCTATT
 - (C) ATCCCCTTTT
 - (D) ATGCGCAATT
- 45. You are asked to provide the exact sequence of DNA fragment, that observe upon running a sequencing gel

G	C	T	Α
	_		
_			_
_		_	
			_
		_	
-			
	_		_

- (A) ACAGTATGGAC
- (C) AAAATTCCGGG

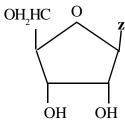
- (B) CAGGTATGACA
- (D) GGGCCTTAAAA

46.	Wh	ich of the following is the key reason for spo	ontan	eous mutation ?
	(A)	Suppressor mutation	(B)	Extreme temperature
	(C)	Chemical mutagen		Radiation exposure
47.		ich of the following event poses major topol karyotes?	logica	al constraint during DNA Replication in
	(B)	Coordinated DNA Replication and cell division Difficulty in replicating lagging strand	1	
		DNA Unwinding and its rotation Retention of histone deacetylation		
48.		rate of heat transfer under a steady state	throu	igh a cross section of a block is directly
	pro	portional to which of the following?		
	(A)	Area	(B)	Height
	(C)	Temperature difference	(D)	Mass
49.	In a	transport process, which of the following p	roper	ty gets transported during diffusion?
	(A)	Mass	(B)	Energy
	(C)	Charge	(D)	Linear momentum
50.	An	ideal plug flow reactor has :		
	(A)	uniform mixing	(B)	axial dispersion
	(C)	flat velocity profile	(D)	varying velocity profile
51.	All	the following, except one, are not patentable	e:	
	(A)	A substance obtained from mere mixture resulti	ing in	to aggregation of properties
	(B)	A traditional method for agriculture specifically		
	(C)	Any biological process for production or propa	-	-
	(D)	Any biological method for modifying the biolog	ical c	haracter
52.	Dur	ring density centrifugation, an establishm	ent o	of density gradient before a particle is
	cent	trifuged represents as :		
	(A)	Isopycnic centrifugation	(B)	Differential centrifugation
	(C)	Microcentrifugation	(D)	Zonal centrifugation

53.	Fre	eunds incomplete adjutants contains	antigen in :		
	(A)	Aqueous solution plus heat killed micro	organism and	collagen scaffoldq	
	(B) Aqueous solution plus mineral oil plus live micororganism				
	(C)	Aqueous solution plus heat killed microc	organism plus	an emulsifying agent	
	(D)	Aqueous solution plus mineral oil plus ar	n emulsifying	agent	
54.		-	ollowing rem	oval of tumor causing genes is Ti plasmid	
	is ca	alled:			
	(A)	Disarming	(B)	Genes replacement	
	(C)	Insertion inactivation	(D)	Gene Displacement	
55.	You	are asked to find out the glycoprote	in isolated f	rom a liver cell membrane, which of the	
	follo	owing probe would you use to confirm	this?		
	(A)	Lectin	(B)	Antibody	
	(C)	Cytokine	(D)	DNA fragment	
56.	Ger	ne "x" was localized on chromosome 9	, which speci	fic method would you exploit to Map this	
	gen	e on the chromosome ?			
	(A)	Telomeric staining	(B)	In situ hybridization	
	(C)	DNA foot printing	(D)	Electrophoretic mobility shift assay	
57.	In p	plant biotechnology, the somatic emb	oryos are en	capsulated in which of the following for	
	syn	thetic seed production ?			
	(A)	Sodium alginate	(B)	Sodium bisulfite	
	(C)	Sodium sulfonate	(D)	Sodium potassium tartarate	
58.	Cyb	orids are cells or plants produced from	n which one	of the following ?	
	(A)	Nucleus of one species but cytoplasm f	rom both the	parental species	
	(B)	Fusion of two complete cells of differen	nt parent cells	or plant	
	(C)	Hybrid formed from fusion of cytokines	s producing co	ells or recombinant plant	
	(D)	Heterokaryon formed during embryoge	nesis		

59.	A long stretch of which of the l	base in a polynucleotide	will lead to formation of Quadraplexes
	(A) Adenine	(B)	Guanine
	(C) Cytosine	(D)	Thymine
60.	One of the following is respon	sible for RNA depend	ent DNA synthesis:
	(A) Telomerase	(B)	RNA polymerase
	(C) Primase	(D)	Aminoacyl tRNA syntheyase
61.	During PCR amplification at	which cycle you would	observe for the first time right size DNA
	fragment getting amplified?		
	(A) 2 nd cycle	(B)	3 rd cycle
	(C) 5 th cycle	(D)	35 th cycle
62.	T lymphocytes originate in wh	nich of the following org	gan ?
	(A) Thymus	(B)	Spleen
	(C) Liver	(D)	Bone marrow
63.	One of the following is key to t	translation of a nick du	ring duplication of DNA :
	(A) $5' \rightarrow 3'$ exonuclease function	on (B)	$3' \rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease function
	(C) $5' \rightarrow 3'$ excinuclease function	on (D)	$3' \rightarrow 5'$ excinuclease function
64.	The genetically modified Brin	jal produced in India is	s best suited for which of the following?
	(A) Resistance to insect	(B)	Resistance to fungus
	(C) Resistance to high salinity	(D)	Resistance to drought
65.	Antibiotics tend to be:		
	(A) primary metabolites	(B)	secondary metabolites
	(C) quaternary metabolites	(D)	intermediary metabolites

66. Which of the following molecules are present in a gene transcript in human being marked at position "z"?



- 1. Adenine 2. uracil 3. Guanine 4. Thiamine
- (A) 1,2,4

(B) 2,3,4

(C) 1,2,3

- (D) 1,3,4
- 67. Which of the following is used to compare the catalytic efficiency of two different enzymes?
 - (A) The molecular weight of the enzymes
- (B) The K_m values of the enzymes

(C) Solubility of substrate

- (D) Regulation of the enzyme
- 68. All the genes of chromosomes and extra-chromosome represent
 - (A) cDNA library

(B) Gene Library

(C) genome

- (D) gene pool
- 69. Set of standards used to regulate issues in health care, health science, and health policy are dealt under:
 - (A) Biopiracy

(B) Biopatent

(C) Bioethics

- (D) Bioregulation
- 70. Which of the following enzymes is used to synthesize RNA molecule without use of template?
 - (A) T4 ligase

(B) Primase

(C) RNA polymerase

- (D) Polynucleotide phosphorylase
- 71. Under Standard Biochemical conditions oxidation of 1 mol of NADH by O_2 (transfer of 2e-) produces how much of free energy? (provided that the standard reduction potential difference is $DE^o = 1,130V$, use equation $DG^o = -nf DE^o$, F is Farady constant = 96485 C.Mol⁻¹, n is no.of mole of electrons transferred:
 - (A) 418 KJ

(B) 218 kJ

(C) It's an endergonic reaction

(D) 3 kJ

72.	For ideal growth of the adherent anim	nals cells, the cul	ture substrates are coated with all except, one :		
	(A) Keratin	(B)	Poly L lysine		
	(C) Collagen	(D)	Matrigel		
73.	The phasing of organism during basic	c bioreactor pro	ocessing means ;		
	(A) Addition of antibiotic to kill overpro	oduction of micro	organism in a bioreactor		
	(B) Addition of two specific microorgan	nism along with s	ubstrates before reaction starts		
	(C) Addition of specific organism after of	certain time of rea	ction initiation		
	(D) Addition of three different microorg	ganisms during sta	art of the reaction		
74.	1 litre/sec of gaseous reactant A is int	troduced into a	mixed reactor of volume 2 litres. The space time		
	for the reactor is				
	(A) 2 sec	(B)	½ sec		
	(C) 1 sec	(D)	60 sec		
7=	M-4	. 14 4			
75.		•			
	(A) Plug flow	` ´	CSTR		
	(C) Recycle reactor	(D)	CSTRs in series		

ROUGH WORK

CET(PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
220 2 100 0	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important:	t: Please consult your Admit Card / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet an			
	Answer Sheet.			
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words		

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.E. (Chemical with specialization in Environmental Engg.)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
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M.E.(Chemistry with Spl. in Environmental Engg.)/A

1. The value of a for which the following three vectors are coplanar is:

$$a = i + 2j + k$$

$$b = 3j + k$$

$$c = 2i + \alpha j$$

(A) 4

(B) 0

(C) -2

(D) -10

2. Given $i = \sqrt{-1}$, the ratio

$$\frac{(i+3)}{(i+1)}$$

is given by:

(A) i

(B) -2

(C) -i + 2

(D) i + 1

- 3. The limit of $\frac{\sin x}{x}$ as $x \otimes Y$ is:
 - (A) -1

(B) 0

(C) 1

- (D) ¥
- 4. A root of the equation $x^4 3x + 1 = 0$ needs to be found using the Newton-Raphson method. If the initial guess, x_0 , is taken as 0, then the new estimate, x_1 after the first iteration is:
 - (A) $\frac{1}{3}$

(B) $-\frac{1}{3}$

(C) 3

- (D) -3
- 5. The rise or fall of a liquid in a capillary tube is caused by :
 - (A) density of liquid

(B) viscosity of liquid

(C) surface tension of liquid

(D) thermal conductivity of liquid

6. In centrifugal pumps, cavitation occurs when pressure of the impeller eye or vane becomes :

- (A) less than atmospheric pressure
- (B) more than liquid vapour pressure
- (C) less than liquid vapour pressure
- (D) more than atmospheric pressure

7. The hydraulic radius for flow in a rectangular duct of cross sectional dimensions H, W is:

(A) $\sqrt{\frac{HW}{\pi}}$

(B) $\frac{HW}{2(H+W)}$

(C) $\frac{(HW)^2}{4(H+W)^2}$

(D) $\frac{2HW}{(H+W)}$

8. Fluidized beds are formed when:

- (A) fluid friction is zero
- (B) gravity force is less than fluid friction
- (C) pressure forces equal gravity forces
- (D) sum of fluid friction and pressure forces is equal and opposite to gravity forces

9. Which is an example of Rotary Pump?

(A) gear pump

(B) plunger pump

(C) piston pump

(D) diaphragm pump

10. Manometers are used to measure:

(A) flow rate

(B) viscosity

(C) pressure difference

(D) atmospheric pressure

11. The sphericity of a cylinder of 1 mm diameter and 3 mm length is : $\frac{1}{2}$

(A) 0.9

(B) 0.78

(C) 0.6

(D) 0.5

- 12. The power required to crush 100 tons/h of limestone from 100 mm to 6.25 mm is 170 kW. An estimate of the power required (using Kick's Law) to crush 100 tons/h of limestone from 50 mm to 3.125 mm is:
 - (A) 170 kW

(B) 240.4 kW

(C) 340 kW

- (D) 120.2 kW
- 13. The energy required per unit mass to grind hematite particles of very large size to 80 mm is 14.3 kWh/ton. An estimate (using Bond's law) of the energy to grind the particles of hematite from a very large size to 40 mm is:
 - (A) 10.1 kWh/ton

(B) 28.6 kWh/ton

(C) 7.15 kWh/ton

- (D) 20.2 kWh/ton
- 14. The ratio of the actual mesh dimension of any screen to that of the next smaller screen in the Tyler standard screen series is :
 - (A) 2

(B) $\sqrt{2}$

(C) 4

- (D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 15. The following equation was developed by Hermans and Bredee for all types of constant pressure filtration:

$$\frac{\mathbf{d}^2 \mathbf{t}}{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{V}^2} = \mathbf{k} \left(\frac{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{t}}{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{V}} \right)^{\mathbf{n}}$$

Where V = volume of filtered liquid collected in time t k, n = constants

The value of n for cake filtration is:

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) $\frac{3}{2}$

(D) 2

16. If the filter-medium resistance is negligible, the filtrate flow rate obtained in a continuous vaccum filter of rotary drum-type varies :

- (A) inversely with the square root of the viscosity of filtrate
- (B) inversely with the viscosity of filtrate
- (C) directly with the square root of the viscosity of filtrate
- (D) directly with the viscosity of filtrate

17. Which of the following is a thermodynamic property of a system?

(A) concentration

(B) mass

(C) temperature

(D) entropy

18. First law of thermodynamics is mathematically stated as:

(A) dQ = dE + dW

(B) dQ = dE - dW

(C) dE = dQ + dW

(D) dW = dQ + dE

19. Mollier diagram is a plot of:

(A) temperature vs. enthalpy

(B) temperature vs. entropy

(C) entropy vs. enthalpy

(D) temperature vs. internal energy

20. Third law of thermodynamics is concerned with the:

(A) value of absolute entropy

(B) energy transfer

(C) direction of energy transfer

(D) mass transfer

21. Fugacity co-efficient of a substance is the ratio of its fugacity to:

(A) mole fraction

(B) activity

(C) pressure

(D) activity co-efficient

22. For an ideal gas, the chemical potential is given by :

(A) RTdlnP

(B) RdlnP

(C) Rdlnf

(D) TRdlnf

23.	var	Variables affecting the rate of homogenous reactions are:		
	(A)	pressure and temperature only	(B)	temperature and composition only
	(C)	pressure and composition only	(D)	temperature, pressure and composition
24.	Hal	f life period of a chemical reaction is :		
	(A)	the time required to reduce the concentration of	react	ing substance to half its initial value
	(B)	half of the space time of reaction		
	(C)	half of the residence time of a reaction		
	(D)	residence time		
	-			
25.		dized bed reactor is characterized by :		
	(A)	uniformity of temperature		
	(B)	comparatively smaller equipment		
	(C)	very small pressure drop		
	(D)	absence of continuous catalyst regeneration faci	lity	
26.	Hali	f life period of a first order reversible reacti	ion A	A ® B is:
	(A)	k/2	(B)	$\ln k/2$
	(C)	ln 2/k	(D)	ln 0.5/k
27.		rate constant of a reaction depends on the	}	
	(A)	initial concentration of reactants	(B)	time of reaction
	(C)	temperature of the system	(D)	extent of reaction
28.	The	dispersion number of perfect mixed flow is	:	
	(A)	0	(B)	> 150
	(C)	∞	(D)	< 2100

29.	Black liquor is converted into the white liquor:			
	(A)	evaporation and burning the concentrate follow	ed by	causticization of products
	(B)	multi-effect evaporation only		
	(C)	selective liquid extraction		
	(D)	extractive distillation		
30.	Fire	e clay is :		
	(A)	a basic refractory	(B)	an acidic refractory
	(C)	a neutral refractory	(D)	not a refractory material
31.	In K	Kraft pulping, fibrous material is cooked in t	he so	lution of :
	(A)	sodium hydroxide and sodium carbonate	(B)	sodium hydroxide and sodium sulphate
	(C)	sodium carbonate and sodium sulphate	(D)	sodium carbonate only
			_	
32.	Fou	rdrinier machine is used in the manufacture	of:	
	(A)	soap	(B)	detergent
	(C)	paper	(D)	leather
22	Don	ncidity of oil can be reduced by :		
33.		·	(D)	hudusanstian
		decoloration	(B)	hydrogenation
	(C)	oxidation	(D)	purification
34.	Gly	cerine is recovered from lye by :		
	(A)	evaporation followed by vaccum distillation	(B)	liquid extraction technique
	(C)	extractive distillation	(D)	absorption only
35.	Viso	cosity of polymer solution increases when :		
	(A)	temperature increases	(B)	temperature decreases
	(C)	temperature remains constant	(D)	none of these

36.	Polytetr	afluoroethylene (PTFE) is known as :		
	(A) teflo	on	(B)	decron
	(C) pers	spex	(D)	nylon
37.	Cation e	exchanger is regenerated usually with:		
	(A) Nac	ЭН	(B)	H_2SO_4
	(C) hyd	razine	(D)	alum solution
38.	Therma	l diffusivity is given by :		
	(A) k/ρ	C_{p}	(B)	$\rho C_{p}/k$
	(C) C _p µ	ı/a	(D)	μ/h C _p
20	TZ		•	1.6* 1 4
39.		uid evaporated per hour in an evaporat		
	(A) capa	•		economy
	(C) stea	ım load	(D)	pressure
40 .	Multipa	ss heat exchangers are used :		
	(A) beca	ause of simplicity of fabrication		
	(B) for l	low heat load		
	(C) to o	btain higher heat transfer co-efficient and sh	orter	tube
	(D) to re	educe the pressure drop		
41.	A compo	osite flat wall of a furnace is made of two m	ater	ials 'A' and 'B'. The thermal conductivity
	of 'A' is	twice of that of material 'B', while thicl	knes	s of layer of 'A' is half that of 'B'. If the
	tempera	ature at the two sides of the wall is 400 ar	nd 12	200 °K, then the temperature drop (°K)
	across th	ne layer of material 'A' is :		
	(A) 125		(B)	133
	(C) 150		(D)	160

- 42. The critical radius 'r' of insulation on a pipe is given by :
 - (A) r = 2k/h

(B) r = k/h

(C) r = k/2h

- (D) r = h/k
- 43. A fluid is flowing inside the inner tube of a double pipe heat exchanger with diameter 'd'. For a fixed mass flow rate, the tube side heat transfer co-efficient for turbulent flow conditions is proportional to:
 - (A) $d^{0.8}$

(B) $d^{-0.2}$

(C) d⁻¹

- (D) $d^{-1.8}$
- 44. Mass transfer coefficient (K) and diffusivity (D) are related according to film theory as :
 - (A) $K \propto D$

(B) $K \propto \sqrt{D}$

(C) $K \propto D^{1.5}$

- (D) $K \propto D^2$
- 45. Molecular mass transfer is analogous to:
 - (A) convective mass transfer

(B) convective heat transfer

(C) conduction heat transfer

- (D) fluid flow
- 46. HETP is numerically equal to HTU only when operating line:
 - (A) lies below the equilibrium line

(B) lies above the equilibrium line

(C) is parallel to equilibrium line

- (D) is far from the equilibrium line
- $\ \, \textbf{47.} \ \, \textbf{Azeotropic distillation is employed to separate:} \\$
 - (A) constant boiling mixture

- (B) high boiling mixture
- (C) mixture with very high relative volatility
- (D) heat sensitive materials
- 48. The psychrometric ratio is defined as:
 - $(A) \ h_{_{G}}\!/k_{_{Y}}$

(B) k_Y/h_G

(C) h_G/k_YC

(D) N_{sc}/N_{pr}

10	Constant rate	nariad is that	t drying n	oriod du	ring which :
4 9.	Constant rate	perioa is mai	ı aryıng p	erioa au	ring which :

- (A) the rate of vaporization per unit of drying surface area is constant
- (B) the rate of vaporization continually decreases with time
- (C) the rate of vaporization continually increases with time
- (D) the moisture content of substance remains constant

50. Mercury in glass thermometer is of :

(A) first order system

(B) second order system

(C) third order system

(D) fourth order system

51. When $t_2 = 1$, $t_1 = 0.5$ and $R_2 = 1$, then response of the level in tank 2, if a unit step change is made in the inlet flow rate of tank 1 is:

(A) $H_2(t) = 2e^{-t} - 2^{-2t}$

(B) $H_2(t) = 1 - e^{-t} - 2e^{-2t}$

(C) $H_2(t) = 1 - (2e^{-t} - 2^{-2t})$

(D) $H_2(t) = 1 - e^{-2t}$

52. With a damping co-efficient more than 1, the second order will be :

(A) under damped

(B) oscillatory

(C) over damped

(D) critically damped

53. For an open transfer function

$$G = k/(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$$

the number of poles are:

(A) zero

(B) three

(C) two

(D) one

54. Offset is zero for :

(A) P-controller only

(B) PD-controller only

(C) P and PD-controller

(D) PI and P-I-D-controller

settling time of
adjacent tubes
e :
on
ine. Operator's
will be:

61 .	A production equipment costs Rs. 2,0	00,000. Its salv	age value is Rs. 20,000. T	he expected return is			
	Rs. $50,000$ per annum. The corporate taxes are taken as 40% . The pay-back period will be :						
	(A) 4 years	(B)	6 years				
	(C) 8 years	(D)	10 years				
62 .	"The total volume occupied by a gaseo	ous mixture is e	qual to the sum of the pure	component volumes".			
	This is the:						
	(A) Dalton's law	(B)	Amagat's law				
	(C) Gay Lussac's law	(D)	Avogadro's law				
63 .	C_p - C_v , for an ideal gas is equal to :						
	(A) R	(B)	R/2				
	(C) 2R	(D)	3R				
64.	For estimation of heat capacity of a so	lid compound	one can use :				
	(A) Clapeyron's equation	(B)	Gibb's equation				
	(C) Kopp's rule	(D)	Trouton's rule				
65 .	In joule's experiments, an insulated co	ontainer contai	ns 20 kg of water initially a	at 25 °C. It is stirred by			
	an agitator, which is made to turn by a	slowly falling l	oody weighing 40 kg throu	gh a height of 4 m. The			
	process is repeated 500 times. The acceleration due to gravity is 9.8 m/s². Neglecting the heat capacity						
	of agitator, the temperature of water (in °C) is:					
	(A) 40.5	(B)	34.4				
	(C) 26.8	(D)	25				
66.	At a given temperature and pressure, a	a liquid mixtur	e of benzene and toluene is	in equilibrium with its			
	vapor. The available degree(s) of free	dom is(are) :					
	(A) zero	(B)	1				
	(C) 2	(D)	3				
67 .	For a Carnot refrigerator operating b	etween 40 °C a	nd 25 $^{\circ}$ C, the coefficient of	f performance is :			
	(A) 1	(B)	1.67				
	(C) 19.88	(D)	39.74				

68 .	Which is the most practical and economical met water?	hod fo	or removal of suspended solid matter from polluted
	(A) sedimentation	(B)	skimming off
	(C) chlorination	(D)	biological oxidation
59 .	Polluted water having low BOD most economic	cally t	reated in :
	(A) sedimentation tanks	(B)	oxidation ponds
	(C) sludge digester	(D)	clarifier
70 .	Which is a secondary air pollutant?		
	(A) photochemical smog	(B)	sulphur dioxide
	(C) nitrogen dioxide	(D)	dust particles
71 .	In large thermal power stations, very fine part	ticulat	tes present in flue gas are removed by :
	(A) wet scrubber	(B)	bag filter
	(C) electrostatic precipitator	(D)	dust catcher
72 .	The main reaction in reforming is the :		
	(A) dehydrogenation of naphthenese	(B)	hydrogenation of naphthenese
	(C) hydrocracking of paraffins	(D)	saturation of olefins
73 .	Urea (a nitrogenous fertilizer) is produced from	n carb	oon dioxide and :
	(A) nitric acid	(B)	ammonia
	(C) ammonium nitrate	(D)	nitric oxide
74 .	H,S is scrubbed from refinery gases by absorp	tion u	sing:
	(A) dilute H ₂ SO ₄	(B)	
	(C) chilled water	(D)	tri-butyl phosphate
75 .	Glass is:		
	(A) mainly CaO	(B)	subjected to galvanising
	(C) a super cooled liquid	` ′	CaCO ₃
	1 1	` /	5



CET(PG)-2016

Question 1	Booklet Series:	A Sr. No. :
Important: Plea	se consult your Admit Card	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test
<u>Boo</u>	klet and Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words
O.M.R. Answ	ver Sheet Serial No.	
	Signatur	re of the Candidate :
Subject . M.E.	(Chomical)	

Subject : M.E. (Chemical)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

The Taylor series expansion of $\frac{1}{x}$ about x = 1 is equal to:

(A)
$$1 + (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} + \frac{(x-1)^3}{3} + \dots$$
 (B) $1 - (x-1) + (x-1)^2 - (x-1)^3 + \dots$

(B)
$$1-(x-1)+(x-1)^2-(x-1)^3+...$$

(C)
$$1 + (x-1) + (x-1)^2 + (x-1)^3 + \dots$$

(C)
$$1 + (x-1) + (x-1)^2 + (x-1)^3 + \dots$$
 (D) $1 - (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} - \frac{(x-1)^3}{3} + \dots$

Eigen values of the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$ are:

3. The system of equations

$$\mathbf{a}_{1}\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{a}_{2}\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{b}_1 \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}_2 \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{0}$$

where a_1 , a_2 , b_1 , b_2 are real numbers, has a non-trivial solution if :

(A)
$$a_1 b_1 = a_2 b_2$$

(B)
$$a_1b_2 = b_1a_2$$

(C)
$$a_1 a_2 = b_1 b_2$$

4. The system of equations

$$4x + 6y + 8z = 0$$

$$7x + 8y + 9z = 0$$

$$3x + 2y + 1z = 0$$

has:

(A) No solution

(B) Only one solution

(C) Two solutions

- (D) Infinite number of solutions
- Rank of matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -3 \\ 9 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is: 5.
 - (A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

(D) 3

6.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The inverse of A is:

(A)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & 0 & 2\\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0\\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(D)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^x-1}{x}$ is equal to:

$$(A) -1$$

8. $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^2} + - - + \frac{1}{n} \right]$ is:

(C)
$$1/2$$

9. If $F(x) = \int_{0}^{x^2} \sqrt{t} dt$ then $\frac{dF}{dx}$ is:

$$(A) 2x^2$$

(B)
$$\sqrt{X}$$

$$(C)$$
 0

10. Divergence of the vector $\vec{r} = x \vec{i} + y \vec{j} + z \vec{k}$ is :

(A)
$$\vec{i} + \vec{j} + \vec{k}$$

$$(C)$$
 0

11. The limit of the function $f(x) = \left[1 - \frac{a^4}{x^4}\right]$ as $x \otimes \mathbb{Y}$ is given by :

(B)
$$\exp\left[-a^4\right]$$

M.E. (Chemical)/BJL-878-A

10	Limit of the following series as $x \ \mathbb{R}$	p	: a f ()	\mathbf{x}^3	\mathbf{x}^{5}	\mathbf{x}^7	
12.	Limit of the following series as x ®	2	1S I(X) = X -	$\frac{1}{3!}$	<u>5!</u>	- 7! + .	•••

(A) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

(B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

(C) $\frac{\pi}{3}$

(D) 1

13. Differential equation of the variation of the amount of salt x in a tank with time t is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} + \frac{\mathrm{x}}{20} = 10$$

where x is in kg and t is in minutes.

Assuming that there is no salt in the tank initially, the time (in min) at which the amount of salt increases to $100 \ kg$ is :

(A) 10 ln 2

(B) 20 ln 2

(C) 50 ln 2

(D) 100 ln 2

14. The differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} + ye^x = \sinh x \text{ is :}$$

(A) First order and linear

(B) First order and non-linear

(C) Second order and linear

(D) Second order and non-linear

15. For the differential equation

 $\frac{dy}{dt}$ + 5y = 0 with y(0) = 1, the general solution is :

(A) e^{5t}

(B) e^{-5t}

(C) $5 e^{-5t}$

(D) $e^{\sqrt{-5t}}$

16. The number of boundary conditions required to solve the following differential

equation $\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^2} = \mathbf{0}$ is :

(A) 2

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 1

17. Solution of the differential equation
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = x$$
 is :

(A)
$$y = \frac{x^3}{6} + c_1 x^2 + c_2$$

(B)
$$y = \frac{x^3}{6} + c_1 x + c_2$$

(C)
$$y = \frac{x^2}{6} + c_1 x + c_2$$

(D)
$$y = -\frac{x^2}{6} + c_1 x + c_2$$

18. Errors which may be variable both in magnitude and nature (positive or negative) are classified as:

(A) Hysteresis error

(B) Random error

(C) Systematic error

(D) Interaction error

19. Elastomers are characterized by :

- (A) High modulus and high elongation at break
- (B) High modulus and low elongation at break
- (C) Low modulus and high elongation at break
- (D) Low modulus and low elongation at break

20. Relate the three varieties of polyethylene in the left column with their chain structures given in the right column :

P. HDPE

1. Long as well as short branches

O. LDPE

2. Only short branches

R. LLDPE

3. No branches

(A) P-1, Q-3, R-2

(B) P-3, Q-2, R-1

(C) P-2, Q-3, R-1

- (D) P-3, Q-1, R-2
- 21. Match the process in Group I with catalyst in Group II:

Group I

Group II

- P. Fischer-Tropsch Process
- I. Nickel
- Q. Formaldehyde from methanol
- II. Fe,O,
- R. Hydrogenation of vegetable oils
- III. Silver
- S. Dehydrogenation of ethyl benzene
- IV. Cobalt

(A) P-III, Q-IV, R-I, S-II

(B) P-IV, Q-II, R-I, S-III

(C) P-IV, Q-III, R-I, S-II

- (D) P-III, Q-IV, R-II, S-I
- 22. A thermocouple having a linear relationship between 0°C and 350°C shows an emf of zero and 30.5 mV, respectively at these two temperatures. If the cold junction temperature is shifted from 0°C to 30°C, then the emf correction (in mV) is:
 - (A) 3.13

(B) 2.92

(C) 2.61

(D) 2.02

23.	The dimensions of rate constant for reaction 3A ${\Bbb R}$ B are l/g-mole-min. The order of reaction is :			
	(A) 0	(B) 1		
	(C) 2	(D) 3		
24.	(T_1, p_1) to (T_2, p_2) , where T and p denote t Let Q denote the heat absorbed (> 0 if abs	stem containing a pure fluid changes from the temperature and pressure, respectively. sorbed by the system) and W the work done ges in kinetic and potential energies. Which		
	(A) Q is path-independent and W is path-de-	ependent		
	(B) Q is path-dependent and W is path-inde	ependent		
	(C) (Q – W) is path-independent			
	(D) (Q + W) is path-independent			
25. When the temperature of an ideal gas is increased from 27°C to 927°C, the kine energy will be :				
	(A) Same	(B) Twice		
	(C) Eight times	(D) Four times		
26.	5. The work done in an isothermal reversible expansion of an ideal gas from initial conditions P_1 , V_1 to final conditions P_2 , V_2 is :			
	(A) 0	(B) RT 1n $\frac{P_1V_1 - P_2V_2}{\gamma - 1}$		
	(C) $-nRT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$	(D) $P_1(V_2 - V_1)$		
27.	Which one of the following pairs of crystraction of 0.74?	stal structures can have the same packing		
	(A) FCC and BCC	(B) HCP and BCC		
	(C) FCC and HCP	(D) BCC and BCT		
28.	The law PV = RT obeyed most closely be conditions?	y a real gas under which of the following		
	(A) High pressure and high temperature	(B) Low pressure and low temperature		
	(C) High pressure and low temperature	(D) Low pressure and high temperature		

29. n_1 moles of an ideal monoatomic gas at temperature T_1 and pressure P are in one compartment of an insulated container. In an adjoining compartment, separated by an insulating partition are n_2 moles of another ideal monoatomic gas at temperature T_2 and pressure P. When the partition is removed, the final temperature of the mixture is

(A)
$$\frac{n_1(T_1 + T_2)}{n_1 + n_2}$$

(B)
$$\frac{(T_1 + T_2)}{2}$$

(C)
$$\frac{n_1 T_1 + n_2 T_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

(D)
$$\frac{n_2 T_1 + n_1 T_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

30. A second order system would be critically damped when:

- (A) Damping ratio is less than one
- (B) Damping ratio is equal to one
- (C) Damping ratio is greater than one
- (D) Damping ratio is equal to zero

31. For absorbing a sparingly soluble gas in a liquid:

- (A) Gas side mass transfer coefficient should be increased
- (B) Liquid side mass transfer coefficient should be increased
- (C) Liquid side mass transfer coefficient should be decreased
- (D) Mass transfer coefficient should be kept constant

32. The difference in two specific heats is,

$$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{p}} - \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{T} \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial \mathbf{T}} \right)_{\mathbf{p}} \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{P}}{\partial \mathbf{T}} \right)_{\mathbf{v}}$$

For a gas obeying the relation P(V-b)=RT, where b is a positive constant $C_{_{D}}-C_{_{V}}$ is :

(A) Equal to R

(B) Greater than R

(C) Less than R

(D) Equal to zero

33. In the reaction

$$H_2 + I_1 \hat{U} 2 HI$$

Addition of an inert gas will:

- (A) Increase the partial pressure of H_2
- (B) Increase the partial pressure of I₂
- (C) Increase the total pressure and hence shift the equilibrium towards the right
- (D) Not affect the equilibrium conditions

34. Latent heat of saturated steam :

- (A) Increases with the increase in pressure
- (B) Decreases with the increase in pressure
- (C) Does not change with the pressure
- (D) Is not related to pressure

35.	In a distillation process, the value of 'q'	' for saturated liquid feed will be :	
	(A) $q > 1$	(B) $q < 1$	
	(C) $q = 1$	(D) $q = 0$	
36.	Two moles of an ideal gas are expanded from a volume V to a final volume of 2.5	l isothermally (reversible expansion) at 298 K 5 V. The value of DS _{gas} will be :	
	(A) 15.2 J K^{-1}	(B) 0	
	(C) 5.2 J K^{-1}	(D) 152 J K^{-1}	
37.	An ideal gas expands reversibly and isc The work done by the gas per mole is:	sothermally from 20 atm to 1 atm at 300 K.	
	(A) 7.47 kJ	(B) -747 kJ	
	(C) -7.47 kJ	(D) 74.7 kJ	
38.	For the process		
	$CO_2(s) \otimes CO_2(g)$:		
	(A) Both ΔH and ΔS are +ve	(B) ΔH is –ve and ΔS are +ve	
	(C) ΔH is +ve and ΔS are -ve	(D) Both ΔH and ΔS are $-ve$	
39.	The offset introduced by proportional	controller with gain K_{C} in response to first	
	order system can be reduced by:		
	(A) Reducing value of K_{C}	(B) Introducing integral control	
	(C) Introducing derivative control	(D) None of the above	
40.	-	melting point to form a liquid at the same	
	temperature is accompanied by :		
	(A) Decrease in enthalpy corresponding to	to evolution of heat	
	(B) Decrease of entropy		
	(C) Increase in enthalpy corresponding to	o absorption of heat	
	(D) No change in enthalpy		
41.		n the gas and the liquid phases are comparable,	
	the absorption of CO_2 from reformer a diethanolamine is controlled by :	gas $(CO_2 + H_2)$ into an aqueous solution of	
	(A) Gas phase resistance	(B) Liquid phase resistance	
	(C) Both gas and liquid phase resistances		
12	Propagation of sound wave in air is an e	-	
44.	• 0	(B) Isometric process	
	(A) Isothermal process(C) Adiabatic process	(D) Isobaric process	
12	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
43.	If a saturated vapour is compressed adia	•	
	(A) It remains saturated	(B) It becomes supersaturated (D) It becomes subscaled	
	(C) It becomes superheated	(D) It becomes subcooled	
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44. For a gas obeying Van der Waals equation, at the critical temperature :

(A)
$$\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_{\Gamma} = 0, \left(\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial V^2}\right)_{\Gamma} = 0$$

(B)
$$\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_T = 0, \left(\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial V^2}\right)_T \neq 0$$

(C)
$$\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_{\Gamma} \neq 0, \left(\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial V^2}\right)_{\Gamma} = 0$$

(D)
$$\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_T \neq 0, \left(\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial V^2}\right)_T \neq 0$$

- 45. For an ideal gas, slope of the pressure volume curve, at a given point will be :
 - (A) Steeper for an isothermal than for an adiabatic process
 - (B) Steeper for an adiabatic than for an isothermal process
 - (C) Identical for both the processes
 - (D) Of opposite sign
- 46. A mercury (specific gravity = 13.6) manometer connected across an orifice meter fitted in a pipe shows a manometer reading of 2 cm. If the manometer liquid is changed to carbon tetrachloride (specific gravity = 1.6), then for the same flow rate of water the new manometer reading will be (in cms):

47. A unit impulse response of a first order system with time constant t and steady state gain K_n is given by :

$$(A) \ \frac{1}{K_p \tau} e^{t/\tau}$$

(B)
$$K_p e^{-t/\tau}$$

(C)
$$\tau K_p e^{-t/\tau}$$

(D)
$$\frac{K_p}{\tau} e^{-t/\tau}$$

- 48. The major limitation of the first law of thermodynamics is that it does not consider :
 - (A) Heat as a form of energy

(B) Rate of change of a process

(C) Direction of change

- (D) Spontaneous processes
- 49. All spontaneous processes are :
 - (A) Reversible

(B) Irreversible

(C) Reversible adiabatic

(D) Adiabatic

	(A) Gain and phase curves decre	ase continuously with frequency	
	(B) Gain curve increases and pha	ase curve decreases with frequency	
	(C) Gain and phase curves decre	ase continuously with frequency	
	(D) Gain curve increases and pha	ase curve decreases with frequency	
51.	The change in Gibbs free energ	y for vaporization of pure substanc	e is :
	(A) Positive	(B) Negative	
	(C) Zero	(D) May be positive o	r negative
52.	by a linear equation over a nar follows	curve of a binary mixture A – B, may row range of liquid mole fraction	
	$y_A^* = 1.325 x_A + 0.121$		
	Here y_A^* is the mole fraction of A distilled to a final residue (x $_{A,W}$ moles of residue left behind in t	in the vapour. 100 moles of a feed (x = 0.2). Using the Rayleigh equation the distillation unit is:	$_{A,F}$ = 0.28) is batch on, the number of
	(A) Zero	(B) 66.8	
	(C) 6.68	(D) 80	
53.		order reaction A \otimes B (k = 0.5 mol/s) oncentration of A is 2 mol/m ³ . At 3 tration of A in mol/m ³ is :	
	(A) 0.5	(B) 1	
	(C) 1.5	(D) 0	
54.	The height of the packing and the Tests reveal that the number of	rption tower is replaced with a new ne inlet conditions are maintained the transfer units is lower than before. To when compared to that with the o	ne same as before. This indicates that
	(A) have a higher rate of absorpt	ion of the solute from the gas stream	
	(B) have a lower rate of absorpti	on of the solute from the gas stream	
	(C) have the same rate of absorp	tion of the solute from the gas stream	
	(D) have a lower height of transf	er unit	
55.	100°C? Latent heat of fusion of	when 1 g of ice at 0° C is converge ice = 80 cal/g, latent heat of vaporater between 0° C and 100° C is = 1.0	zation = 540 cal/g
	(A) 0.553 cal/K	(B) 1.053 cal/K	
	(C) 2.053 cal/K	(D) 3.505 cal/K	
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50. The Bode stability criterion is applicable when:

- 56. From a reservoir at 327°C, 1000 J of heat is transferred to an engine that operates on Carnot cycle. The engine rejects heat to a reservoir at 27°C. Thermal efficiency of the cycle will be :
 - (A) 30%

(B) 40%

(C) 50%

(D) 60%

- 57. Centre of buoyancy is at:
 - (A) The point of intersection of buoyant force and centre of line of body
 - (B) Centre of gravity of body (C.G.)
 - (C) Centroid of displaced volume of fluid
 - (D) Midpoint between C.G. and metacentre
- 58. In a laminar flow, maximum velocity at the centre of the pipe is how many times to the average velocity?
 - (A) Two

(B) Three

(C) Four

- (D) Half
- 59. Total pressure on 1 m \times 1 m gate immersed vertically at a depth 2 m below the free water surface will be :
 - (A) 5 kPa

(B) 20 kPa

(C) 25 kPa

- (D) 15 kPa
- 60. The apparent viscosity of a fluid is given by 0.007 $\left(\frac{dV}{dy}\right)^{0.3}$ where $\left(\frac{dV}{dy}\right)$ is the velocity

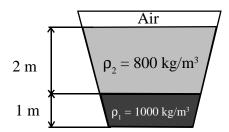
 $\mbox{\sc gradient.}$ The fluid is :

(A) Bingham plastic

(B) Dilatant

(C) Pseudoplastic

- (D) Thixotropic
- 61. An open tank contains two immiscible liquids of densities (800 kg/m³ and 1000 kg/m³) as shown in the figure. If $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$, under static conditions, the gauge pressure at the bottom of the tank in kPa is :



(A) 26 kPa

(B) 127 kPa

(C) 101 kPa

(D) 300 kPa

- 62. For a Newtonian fluid flowing in a circular pipe under steady state conditions in fully developed laminar flow, the Fanning friction factor is:
 - (A) 0.046 Re^{-0.2}

(B) $\frac{16}{\text{Re}}$

(C) $\frac{24}{\text{Re}}$

- (D) $0.0014 + \frac{0.125}{Re^{0.32}}$
- 63. Match the items in Group I with those in Group II:

Group I

P. Viscosity

Q. Pressure

R. Velocity

S. Temperature

(A) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2

(C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2

Group II

1. Pyrometer

2. Hot wire Anemometer

3. Rheometer

4. Piezoelectric element

(B) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

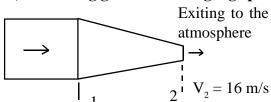
(D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1

- 64. Which of the following is the dynamic characteristic of an instrument?
 - (A) Reproducibility

(B) Sensitivity

(C) Dead zone

- (D) Fidelity
- 65. Water (density 1000 kg/m^3) is flowing through a nozzle, as shown below and exiting to the atmosphere. The relationship between the diameters of the nozzle at locations 1 and 2 is $D_1 = 4 D_2$. The average velocity of the stream at location 2 is 16 m/s and the frictional loss between location 1 and location 2 is 10 kPa. Assuming steady state and turbulent flow, and taking $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ the gauge pressure in Pa, at location 1 is :



(A) 101.3 kPa

(B) 256.2 kPa

(C) 137.5 kPa

- (D) 125.7 kPa
- 66. Bernoulli's equation is valid for the following type of flow:
 - (A) Compressible, steady, inviscid
- (B) Incompressible, steady, viscous
- (C) Compressible, unsteady, viscous
- (D) Incompressible, steady, inviscid
- 67. At certain pressure, the specific volumes (m^3/kg) of saturated liquid, saturated vapour and wet steam are 1.1565×10^{-3} , 0.1274 and 0.1 respectively. The quality of wet steam is:
 - (A) 0.805

(B) 0.784

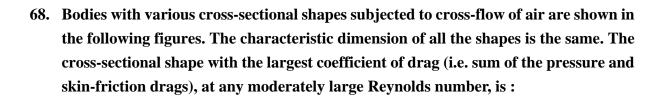
(C) 0.776

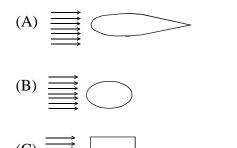
(D) 0.673

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(D)	=	
	\Longrightarrow	

- (A) (A)
- (C) (C)

- (B) (B)
- (D) (D)
- 69. The hydraulic diameter of an annulus of inner and outer radii $R_{_{\rm i}}$ and $R_{_{\rm o}}$ respectively is:
 - (A) $4(R_0 R_1)$

(C) $\sqrt{R_0 - R_i}$

- (B) $2(R_o R_i)$ (D) $\frac{R_i + R_o}{2}$
- 70. A bed of spherical glass beads (density 3000 kg/m³, diameter 1 mm, bed porosity 0.5) is to be fluidized by a liquid of density 1000 kg/m³ and viscosity 0.1 Pas. Assume that the Reynolds number based on the particle diameter is very small as compared to one. If $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$, the minimum velocity (m/s) required to fluidize the bed is :
 - (A) 3.33×10^{-4}

(B) 3.33×10^{-1}

(C) 3

- (D) 30
- 71. Two very small silica particles are settling at their respective settling velocities through a highly viscous column. If one particle is twice as large as the other, the larger particle will take _____ the time taken by the smallest particle to fall through the same height.
 - (A) Twice

(B) Four times

(C) One fourth

(D) Same

72.	between stagnation and	ressible flow of a fluid (density = 1.25 kg/m^3), the difference static pressures at the same location in the flow is 30 mm 13600 kg/m^3). Considering gravitational acceleration as I (in m/s) is :
	(A) 0.77	(B) 56.4
	(C) 11.8	(D) 80.8
73.	In a steady incompress	ible flow, the velocity distribution is given by
	$V = 3x\hat{i} - Py\hat{j} + 5z\hat{k}$	
	where, V is in m/s and x, the value of the constant	, y and z are in m. In order to satisfy the mass conservation, nt P (in s^{-1}) is :
	(A) 8	(B) 0
	(C) 3	(D) 9
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- 74. Water is flowing under laminar conditions in a pipe of length L. If the diameter of the pipe is doubled, for a constant volumetric flow rate, the pressure drop across the pipe:
 - (A) Decreases 2 times

(B) Decreases 16 times

(C) Increases 2 times

- (D) Increases 16 times
- 75. The sphericity of a cylindrical particle of diameter 3 mm and length 3 mm is :
 - (A) 0.87

(B) 1.54

(C) 3

(D) 6

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Sr. No.:	
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Question Booklet Series: A

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Important :	Please consult your Admit Car	rd/Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.E. (Computer Science and Engineering/Information Technology)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Ouestion Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

M.E. (Computer Science and Engineering/Information Technology)/A

- 1. Which of the following functions below can be used to allocate memory to an array in C++?
 - (A) calloc()

(B) memalloc()

(C) realloc()

- (D) alloc()
- 2. What is the difference between overloaded function and overridden function in C++?
 - (A) Overloading is a dynamic or run-time binding and Overriding is static or compile-time binding
 - (B) Redefining a function in a friend class is called function overriding while redefining a function in a derived class is called an overloaded function
 - (C) Overloading is a static or compile-time binding and Overriding is dynamic or run-time binding
 - (D) Redefining a function in a friend class is called function overloading while redefining a function in a derived class is called as overridden function
- 3. What will be the output after the following program is executed in C Language?

#include "stdio.h"

main()

int *p, q;

q = 100;

p = &q;

printf ("%d", *p);

}

(A) 1

(B) 10

(C) 100

- (D) 10000
- 4. If both a and b have the value 2, then the C Language statement

$$a* = b + 4;$$

(A) gives an error message

(B) a is assigned the value 12

(C) a is assigned the value 8

(D) a is assigned the value 13

5.	The C function that sets the position to a desired point in the file is :			
	(A) fseek()	(B) ftell()		
	(C) getw()	(D) putc()		
6.	Which measure of central tendence selecting the middle value?	y is found by arranging the data from low to high and		
	(A) Arithmetic Mean	(B) Median		
	(C) Mode	(D) Geometric Mean		
7.	What is the probability that a card either a king or a heart?	chosen at random from a standard deck of cards will be		
	(A) 1/13	(B) 17/52		
	(C) 16/52	(D) 1/4		
8.	The coefficient of correlation is alw	ays:		
	(A) more than +1	(B) less than-1		
	(C) lying between -1 and +1	(D) lying between 0 and $+1$		
9.	If two events A and B are dependent calculated as:	t, the conditional probability of A given B, i.e. $P(A/B)$ is		
	(A) P(B)/P(AB)	(B) $P(B)/P(A)$		
	(C) P(AB)/P(A)	(D) $P(AB)/P(B)$		
10.	Determine the chromatic number o	f the graph by inspection :		
	(A) 2	(B) 3		
	(C) 4	(D) 1		
11.	An undirected graph is a	if it is connected and contains no cycle or self-loops:		
	(A) cycle	(B) tree		
	(C) forest	(D) clique		

12.	Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $R = \{(1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2), (3,3), (3,4), (4,3), (4,4)\}$. Determine that the relation is (are):				
	(A)	reflexive	(B)	symmetric	
	(C)	asymmetric	(D)	transitive	
13.	If f(f(x) = x/x+1 and $g(x) = 1/(x-1)$ then $f(x) = 1/(x-1)$	qual t	to:	
	(A)	X	(B)	1/x	
	(C)	x+1	(D)	1/x+l	
14.	The	first computer made available for commerc	ial u	se was :	
	(A)	Mark-I	(B)	ENIAC	
	(C)	EDSAC	(D)	UNIVAC	
15.	EBO	CDIC can code up to how many different cha	aract	ers?	
	(A)	16	(B)	32	
	(C)	64	(D)	256	
16.		register which keeps track of the execution or ress of the instruction currently being execu	_	•	
	(A)	Index Register	(B)	Memory Address Register	
	(C)	Program Counter	(D)	Instruction Register	
17.	The	octal equivalent of the number 111101.0110)10 is	:	
	(A)	75.32	(B)	63.51	
	(C)	32.27	(D)	32.11	
18.		at is the name of the reading device which ma terpret printed, typed or even hand-written		•	
	(A)	MICR	(B)	OCR	
	(C)	Mark-sensing device	(D)	ATM	
19.	A bi	llionth of a second is defined as:			
	(A)	millisecond	(B)	microsecond	
	(C)	nanosecond	(D)	picosecond	
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20.	Wha	at technology is used for flat panel displays	?	
	(A)	Solid State	(B)	RGB Monitor
	(C)	VLSI	(D)	Direct view storage tube
21.	Whi	ch was the first supercomputer purchased by	India	a for medium range weather forecasting?
	(A)	PARAM	(B)	Cray XMP-14
	(C)	Medha-930	(D)	CDC Cyber 930-11
22.	The	68000 series of Microprocessors are from	:	
	(A)	DEC	(B)	INTEL
	(C)	HP	(D)	MOTOROLA
23.	Bau	d, the unit for measuring data transmission	spee	d, is equal to :
	(A)	1 bit per second	(B)	1 byte per second
	(C)	2 bytes per second	(D)	1 kb per second
24.	Whi	ch of the following is a non-impact printer?		
	(A)	Drum Printer	(B)	Line Printer
	(C)	Chain Printer	(D)	Laser Printer
25.	Whi	ch of the following topologies is not broadca	st ty	pe?
	(A)	Star	(B)	Bus
	(C)	Ring	(D)	Tree
26.		en the time to establish link is large and the s a transfer is :	ize of	f the data is small, the preferred mode of
	(A)	Circuit switching	(B)	Packet switching
	(C)	Time division multiplexing	(D)	Frequency division multiplexing
27.	_	pecial type of computer memory chip offe sumption is :	ering	high storage density with low power
	(A)	SAM	(B)	RAM
	(C)	ROM	(D)	Charge-Coupled Device (CCD)

28.	Whi	ch of the following is incorrect statement ab	out	packages in Java ?
	(A)	Package defines a namespace in which classes	are s	tored
	(B)	A package can contain other package within it		
	(C)	Java uses file system directories to store package	ges	
	(D)	A package can be renamed without renaming the	ne dir	rectory in which the classes are stored
29.	Wha	at is the output of this Java program?		
	1.	class array_output {		
	2.	<pre>public static void main(String args[])</pre>		
	3.	{		
	4.	int array_variable [] = new int[10];		
	5.	for (int $i = 0$; $i < 10$; $++i$) {		
	6.	array_variable[i] = i;		
	7.	$System.out.print(array_variable[i] + ``");$		
	8.	i++;		
	9.	}		
	10.	}		
	11.	}		
	(A)	02468	(B)	13579
	(C)	0123456789	(D)	12345678910
30.	Whi	ch of these methods are used to register a k	eybo	oard event listener ?
	(A)	KeyListener()	(B)	addListener()
	(C)	addKeyListener()	(D)	eventKeyboardListener()
31.	Whi	ich of these can be used to fully abstract a cla	ass fi	rom its implementation?
	(A)	Objects	(B)	Packages
	(C)	Interfaces	(D)	None of the mentioned

- 32. Which of these keywords is used to refer to member of base class from a sub class?
 - (A) upper

(B) super

(C) this

- (D) none of the mentioned
- 33. The complexity of Bubble sort algorithm is:
 - (A) O(n)

(B) $O(\log n)$

(C) $O(n^2)$

- (D) $O(n \log n)$
- 34. Convert the following infix expression to postfix expression ((A+2)*(B+4))-1:
 - (A) A2 + B4 + *1 -

(B) -1*+4B+2A

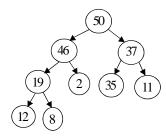
(C) A 2 B 4+ + * 1 -

- (D) A2B41 + + *-
- 35. What data structure would you most likely see in a non recursive implementation of a recursive algorithm?
 - (A) Link List

(B) Queue

(C) Stack

- (D) Trees
- 36. Tell whether the following tree is:



(A) complete and full

(B) full (and complete)

(C) full

- (D) heap
- 37. A list is ordered from smallest to largest when a sort is called. Which sort would take the longest time to execute?
 - (A) Heap Sort

- (B) Bubble Sort
- (C) Quick Sort (with first element as pivot element) (D) Selection Sort
- 38. A linear list in which elements can be added or removed at either end but not in the middle, is known as:
 - (A) queue

(B) stack

(C) deque

(D) tree

39.	The	statement				
	double val[15] = {44.123456};					
	(A)	Assigns the value 44.123456 to all members of	f the a	urray val		
	(B)	Assigns the value 44.123456 to val[0] and 0 to	rest	of the members		
	(C)	Gives an error message				
	(D)	Assigns the value 44.123456 to val[1] and val[5]	5]			
40.	The	highest level of cohesion is:				
	(A)	functional cohesion	(B)	temporal cohesion		
	(C)	logical cohesion	(D)	sequential cohesion		
41.	In 1	985, the famous chess player David Levy be	eat a	world champion chess program in four		
		ight games by using orthodox moves that co	onfus	sed the program. What was the name of		
		chess program ?				
	(A)	Kaissa	(B)	CRAY BLITZ		
	(C)	Golf	(D)	DIGDUG		
42.	LIS	P was created by :				
	(A)	John McCarthy	(B)	Marvin Minsky		
	(C)	Alan Turing	(D)	Allen Newell and Herbert Simon		
43.	The	expert system developed at MIT to solve m	athe	matical problems is known as :		
	(A)	RAND	(B)	ISIS		
	(C)	MACSYMA	(D)	MOLGEN		
44.	In a	rule-based system, procedural domain kno	wled	ge is in the form of :		
	(A)	production rules	` ′	rule interpreters		
	(C)	meta-rules	(D)	control rules		
45.		nputers normally solve problems by breaking	,	·		
		resented by 1s or 0s. What is the name of the lo	ogic t	hat allows computers to assign numerical		
		es that fall somewhere between 0 and 1?	(D)	Parada di		
		Human Logic Reclean Logic	` ′	Fuzzy Logic		
	(C)	Boolean Logic	(D)	Operational Logic		

46.		earch method that examines the values asso goes to the node with the highest value, is :		ed with the immediate successor nodes	
	(A)	Sequential search	(B)	Minimax search	
	(C)	Hill-climbing search	(D)	Heuristic search	
47.	In S	QL, which of the following is not a data defin	nition	n language command ?	
	(A)	RENAME	(B)	REVOKE	
	(C)	GRANT	(D)	UPDATE	
48.		le Employee has 10 records. It has a non-NU SQL statement :	LLS	ALARY column which is also UNIQUE.	
	SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Employee WHERE SALARY > ANY (SELECT SALARY FROM EMPLOYEE); prints				
	(A)	10	(B)	9	
	(C)	5	(D)	0	
49.	Data	a integrity control :			
	(A)	is used to set upper and lower limits on numeri	c data	n	
	(B) requires the use of passwords to prohibit unauthorized access to the file				
	(C) has the data dictionary keep the date and time of last access, last back-up, and most receive modification for all files				
	(D)	allows numeric columns/cells to accept alphabe	etic da	ata	
50.		are running a production database and can r database be ?	not 1	risk any data loss. In which mode should	
	(A)	REDOLOG	(B)	ARCHIVELOG	
	(C)	PRODUCTION	(D)	NOARCHIVELOG	
51.		want your query results to display the most in ich clauses will you use in your SELECT sta			
	(A)	SORT BY hire_date	(B)	ORDER BY hire_date	
	(C)	SORT BY hire_date ASC	(D)	ORDER BY hire_date DESC	

52.	coni in ai	need to shut down the database to performected, and there are three pending transacted do not want to wait until the current user assactions when you shut down. Which shut d	ions. s dis	You do not want additional users to sign connect. You want to roll back the active
	(A)	ABORT	(B)	NORMAL
	(C)	IMMEDIATE	(D)	TRANSACTIONAL
53.		process is executing in its critical section, r critical section. This condition is called:	then	no other processes can be executing in
	(A)	mutual exclusion	(B)	critical exclusion
	(C)	synchronous exclusion	(D)	asynchronous exclusion
54.	Ifaj	page number is not found in the Translation	look-	aside buffer (TLB), then it is known as a :
	(A)	TLB miss	(B)	buffer miss
	(C)	TLB hit	(D)	miss ratio
55.		paging the user provides only, and	whic	ch is partitioned by the hardware into
	(A)	One address, page number, offset	(B)	One offset, page number, address
	(C)	Page number, offset, address	(D)	None of these
56.	Dev	ices on one network can communicate with	devi	ces on another network via :
	(A)	file server	(B)	utility server
	(C)	printer server	(D)	gateway
57.	The	slowest transmission speeds are those of :		
	(A)	twisted-pair wire	(B)	coaxial cable
	(C)	fibre optic cable	(D)	microwaves
58.	The	frequency range: 300 kHz to 3 MHz is used	d for	:
	(A)	AM radio transmission		
	(B)	FM radio transmission		
	(C) (D)	TV transmission Microwave communications, satellite and radar	r	

39.	Erro	or detection at the data link level is achieved	ı by	3
	(A)	Bit stuffing	(B)	Hamming codes
	(C)	Cyclic Redundancy codes	(D)	Equalization
60.	How	y many digits of the DNIC(Data Network Id	lentif	ication Code) identify the country?
	(A)	first three	(B)	first four
	(C)	first five	(D)	first six
61.	In O	SI Model, which of the following layers pro	vides	s error-free delivery of data?
	(A)	Data link	(B)	Network
	(C)	Transport	(D)	Session
62.	A m	edium access control technique for multiple	acce	ess transmission media is :
	(A)	Aloha	(B)	Amplitude
	(C)	Angle Modulation	(D)	Attenuation
63.	The	delay that occurs during the playback of a	strea	m is called :
	(A)	Stream delay	(B)	Playback delay
	(C)	Jitter	(D)	Event delay
64.	A pe	erformance problem with is the	ne ex	pense of computing and writing parity.
	(A)	non-parity based RAID levels	(B)	parity based RAID levels
	(C)	all RAID levels	(D)	none of these
65.	A m	edia file containing audio or video is downloa	aded	and stored on the client's local file sytem
	(A)	progressive download	(B)	regular download
	(C)	real time streaming	(D)	virtual time streaming
66.	An S	SR flip flop cannot accept the following inpu	t entı	ry:
	(A)	Both input zero	(B)	Zero at R and one at S
	(C)	Zero at S and one at R	(D)	Both inputs one

67.	The	main difference between JK and RS flip-flo	p is t	that?
	(A)	JK flip-flop does not need a clock pulse		
	(B)	There is feedback in JK flip-flop		
	(C)	JK flip-flop accepts both inputs as 1		
	(D)	JK flip-flop is acronym of junction cathode mul	tivibr	ator
68.	Whi	ich of the following is not considered as a to	ol at	the system design phase ?
	(A)	piechart	(B)	data-flow diagram
	(C)	decision table	(D)	systems flowchart
69.		system conversion technique of totally ren lementing the new system is called a :	novii	ng the existing system and immediately
	(A)	pilot conversion	(B)	crash conversion
	(C)	phased conversion	(D)	parallel run
70.	The	approach used in top-down analysis and de	sign	is:
	(A)	to identify the top level functions by combining	many	smaller components into a single entity
	(B) to prepare flow charts after programming has been completed			
	(C)	to identify a top level function and then create a	hiera	rchy of lower level modules and components
	(D)	all of the above		
71.	The	two basic approaches to testing are	aı	nd
	(A)	structural-linear	(B)	top-down - botton-up
	(C)	first-last	(D)	functional-structural
72.	Reg	ular expression $(x y)$ $(x y)$ denotes the set :		
	(A)	${xy, xy}$	(B)	$\{xx, xy, yx, yy\}$
	(C)	$\{x,y\}$	(D)	${x, y, xy}$
73.	Whi	ich of the following strings can be obtained b	y the	e language ?
	L=	$\{ a^{i} b^{2i} i >= l \}?$		
	(A)	aaabbbbbb	(B)	aabbb
	(C)	abbabbba	(D)	aaaabbbabb

74.	The	production grammer in { S > aSbb, S	>	> abb} is :	
	(A)	type-3 grammar	(B)	type-2 grammar	
	(C)	type-1 grammar	(D)	type-0 grammar	
75.	75. A graph is a directed graph with the property that no edge connects a verte itself, and between any two vertices there is at most one edge :				
	(A)	complete or round-robin	(B)	single-elimination	
	(C)	tournament	(D)	none of the above	

CET(PG)-2016

Question Book	let Series : A	Sr. No. :					
Important: Please consu	alt your Admit Card / Roll No.	Slip before filling your Roll Nu	mber on the Test				
Booklet and	Answer Sheet.						
Roll No. In	Figures	In Words					
O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.							
Signature of the Candidate:							
Subject: M.E. (Electro	onics & Communication E	Engineering)					

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

Maximum Marks: 74

INSTRUCTIONS

Time: 90 minutes

1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.

Number of Questions: 74

- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent / Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	The input to a coherent detector is DSB-SC signal plus noise. The noise at the detector is :						
	(A) the inphase component	(B) the quadrature component					
	(C) zero	(D) the envelope					
2.	. Which of the following analog modulation scheme requires the minimum transmitte power and minimum channel bandwidth ?						
	(A) VSB	(B) DSB-SC					
	(C) SSB	(D) AM					
3.	The gain margin of the system under c	losed loop unity negative feedback is					
	$G(s)H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+10)^2}$:						
	(A) 0 dB	(B) 20 dB					
	(C) 26 dB	(D) 46 dB					
4.							
	(A) 942 m	(B) 2070 m					
	(C) 4978 m	(D) 5320 m					
5.	For a narrow band noise with Gaussian quadrunction of its envelope will be:	cature components, the probability density					
	(A) uniform	(B) Gaussian					
	(C) exponential	(D) Rayleigh					
6.	Two non-inversing amplifiers, one having a	unity gain and the other having a gain of					
	twenty, are made using identical operation	al amplifiers. As compared to the unity					
	gain amplifier, the amplifier with gain twen	ty has:					
	(A) less negative feedback	(B) greater input impedance					
	(C) less bandwidth	(D) high bandwidth					
7.	A good current buffer has:						
	(A) low input impedance and low output in	npedance					
	(B) low input impedance and high output is	mpedance					
	(C) high input impedance and low output is	mpedance					
	(D) high input impedance and high output	impedance					

(3)

8.	The peak to peak input to an 8-bit PC	M coder is 2 volts. The signal power-to-				
	quantization noise power ratio (in dB) for an input of $0.5 cosw_m t$ is :					
	(A) 47.8	(B) 43.8				
	(C) 95.6	(D) 99.6				
9.	The line code that has zero dc componen	t for pulse transmission of random binary				
	data is :					
	(A) not return to zero	(B) return to zero				
	(C) alternate Mark inversion	(D) none of the above				
10.	The Fourier transform of a voltage signal	x(t) is $X(f)$. The unit of $ X(f) $ is:				
	(A) Volt	(B) Volt-sec				
	(C) Volt/sec	(D) Volt ²				
11.	The desirable characteristics of a transcon	nductance amplifier are :				
	(A) high input resistance and high output	resistance				
	(B) high input resistance and low output	resistance				
	(C) low input resistance and high output	resistance				
	(D) low input resistance and low output	resistance				
12.	A band limited signal is sampled at the I	Nyquist rate. The signal can be recovered				
	by passing the samples through:					
	(A) an RC filter					
	(B) an envelope detector					
	(C) a PLL					
	(D) an ideal low-pass filter with the appr	copriate bandwidth				
13.	A series RLC circuit has a resonance f	requency of 1 kHz and a quality factor				
		led from its original value, the new Q of				
	the circuit is :					
	(A) 25	(B) 50				
	(C) 100	(D) 200				
14.	A Hilbert transformer is a:					
	(A) non-linear system	(B) non-causal system				
	(C) time—varying system	(D) low pass system				

(4)

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15.	The small signal capacitance of an abrupt $P+n$ junction is $1nf/cm^2$ at zero bias. If the built-in voltage is 1 volt, the capacitance at a reverse bias voltage of 99 volts is :						
	(A) 10	(B) 0.1					
	(C) 0.01	(D) 100					
16.	A Zener diode works on the principle of	:					
	(A) tunnelling of charge carriers across the	junction					
	(B) thermionic emission						
	(C) diffusion of charge carriers across the	junction					
	(D) hopping of charge carriers across the j	unction					
17.	The early-effect in a bipolar junction tra	nsistor is caused by:					
	(A) Fast-turn-on	(B) Fast-turn-off					
	(C) Large collector base reverse bias	(D) Large emitter base forward bias					
18.	The first dominant pole encountered in thop-amp is approximately at:	e frequency response of a compensated					
	(A) 5 Hz	(B) 10 kHz					
	(C) 1 MHz	(D) 100 Mhz					
19.	Which of the following options is the clo	sest in meaning to the word below?					
	Circuitous						
	(A) Cyclic	(B) Indirect					
	(C) Confusing	(D) Crooked					
20.	A 2 bit binary multiplier can be implement	ented using:					
	(A) 2 input ANDs only						
	(B) 2 input XORs and 4 input AND gates	only					
	(C) Two(2) input NORs and one XNOR ga	ate					
	(D) XOR gates and shift registers						
21.	In a Bode magnitude plot, which one of t at high frequencies by a 4th order all-pole	S •					
	(A) -80 dB/decade	(B) -40 dB/decade					
	(C) +40 dB/decade	(D) +80 dB/decade					

(5)

- 22. In the Bode plot of a unity feedback control system, the value of phase of G(jw) at the gain cross over frequency is -125° . The phase margin of the system is :
 - (A) -125°

(B) -55°

(C) 55°

- (D) 125°
- 23. The root locus of the system $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+3)}$ has the breakaway point

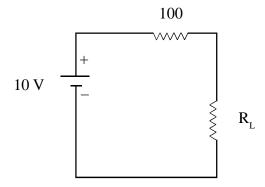
located at:

(A) (-0.5, 0)

(B) (-2.548, 0)

(C) (-4, 0)

- (D) (-0.784, 0)
- 24. The maximum power that can be transferred to the load resistor $R_{\rm L}$ from the voltage source in the figure is :



(A) 1 W

(B) 10 W

(C) 0.25 W

- (D) 0.5 W
- 25. The average power delivered to an impedance (4-j3)W by a current 5 cos (100pt+100) A is :
 - (A) 44.2 W

(B) 50 W

(C) 62.5 W

- (D) 125 W
- 26. For maximum power transfer between two cascaded sections of an electrical network, the relationship between the output impedance z_1 of the first section to the input impedance z_2 of the second section is:
 - (A) $z_2 = z_1$

(B) $z_2 = -z_1$

(C) $z_2 = z_1^*$

- (D) $z_2 = -z_1^*$
- 27. A metal sphere with 1 m radius and a surface charge density of 10 Coulomb/m² is enclosed in a cube of 10 m side. The total outward electric displacement normal to the surface of the cube is :
 - (A) 40π Coulombs

(B) 10π Coulombs

(C) 5π Coulombs

(D) None of the above

28.	28. The unit step response of a system starting from rest is given by $c(t) = 1 - e^{-2t}$ for						
	t ³ 0. The transfer function of the system is :						
	(A) $\frac{1}{1+2s}$	(B) $\frac{2}{2+s}$ (D) $\frac{2s}{1+2s}$					
	$(C) \frac{1}{2+s}$	$(D) \frac{2s}{1+2s}$					
29.	The open loop frequency response of a sy	ystem at two particular frequencies are					
	given by : 1.2 $ \bar{\text{D}} - 180^{\circ}$ and 1.0 $ \bar{\text{D}} - 190^{\circ}$.	The closed loop unity feedback control					
	is then:						
	(A) Stable	(B) Unstable					
	(C) Gain Margin is positive	(D) Phase Margin is positive					
30.	A system has poles at 0.01 Hz, 1 Hz an	d 80 Hz; zeros at 5 kHz, 100 Hz and					
	200 Hz. The approximate phase of the s	ystem response at 20 Hz is :					
	(A) -90°	(B) 0°					
	(C) 90°	(D) -180°					
31.	The unit of $\frac{q}{kT}$ are:						
	(A) V	(B) V^{-1}					
	(C) J	(D) J/K					
32.	Under low level injection assumption, the	•					
	extrinsic semiconductor is essentially the						
	(A) diffusion current	(B) drift current(D) induced current					
22	(C) recombination current The ratio of the mobility to the diffusion						
33.	unit:	coefficient in a semiconductor has the					
	(A) V^{-1}	(B) cmV^{-1}					
	(C) Vcm ⁻¹	(D) V-s					
34.	Thin gate oxide in a CMOS process is p						
	(A) wet oxidation	(B) dry oxidation					
	(C) epitaxial deposition	(D) ion implantation					
35.	For the polynomial $P(s) = s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2$, , <u>.</u>					
	lie in the right half of the s-plane is:	,					
	(A) 4	(B) 2					
	(C) 3	(D) 1					
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30.	Convolution of $x(t + 5)$ with impulse run	ction $a(t-7)$ is equal to :
	(A) $x(t - 12)$	(B) $x(t + 12)$
	(C) $x(t-2)$	(D) $x(t + 2)$
37.	Flat top sampling of low pass signals:	
	(A) gives rise to aperture effect	(B) implies oversampling
	(C) leads to aliasing	(D) introduces delay distortion
38.	The noise at the input to an ideal freque	ncy detector is white. The detector is
	operating above threshold. The power spe	ctral density of the noise at the output
	is:	(D) (II)
	(A) raised-cosine	(B) flat
	(C) parabolic	(D) Gaussian
39.	At a given probability of error, binary co	·
	(A) 6 dB	(B) 3 dB
	(C) 2 dB	(D) 0 dB
40.	In a PCM system, if the code word length	,
	to quantization noise ratio improves by t	
	(A) 8/6	(B) 12
	(C) 16	(D) 8
41.	An image uses 512×512 picture elements.	_
	any of the 8 distinguishable intensity level	s. The maximum entropy in the above
	image will be:	(D) 796422 hite
	(A) 2097152 bits	(B) 786432 bits
12	(C) 648 bits	(D) 144 bits
42.	The bit rate of digital communication sys is 32 QAM. The minimum bandwidth red	
	(A) R/10 Hz	(B) R/10 kHz
	(C) R/5 Hz	(D) R/5 kHz
43.	The amplitude spectrum of a Gaussian p	
	(A) uniform	(B) a sine function
	(C) Gaussian	(D) an impulse function
44.		(2) an impulse randion
77.		(B) DCM signals
	(A) PAM signals	(B) PCM signals
	(C) FM signals	(D) DSB – SC signals

(8)

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45.	If $x(n) = (1/3)^{ n } - (1/2)^n u(n)$, then the Z-transform in the Z-plane will be :	region of convergence (ROC) of its
	(A) $\frac{1}{3} < z < 3$	(B) $\frac{1}{3} < z < \frac{1}{2}$
	(C) $\frac{1}{2} < z < 3$	(D) $\frac{1}{3} < z $
46.	The trigonometric Fourier series of an e	ven function of time does not have :
	(A) the dc term	(B) cosine term
	(C) sine term	(D) odd harmonic terms
47.	The transfer function of a zero-order ho	old is:
	$(A) \frac{1 - \exp(-Ts)}{s}$	(B) 1/s
	(C) 1	(D) $1/[\exp(-Ts)]$
48.	The maximum power efficiency of an AM	A modulator is:
	(A) 25 %	(B) 50 %
	(C) 33 %	(D) 100 %
49.	From the Nicholas chart one can determ to a closed loop system:	ine the following quantities pertaining
	(A) Magnitude and phase	(B) bandwidth
	(C) only magnitude	(D) only phase
50.	For a Hertz dipole antenna, the Half Powe is:	er Beam Width (HPBW) in the E-plane
	(A) 360°	(B) 180°
	(C) 90°	(D) 45°
51.	A DC voltage source is connected ac steady-state conditions, the applied DC v	
	(A) R only	(B) L only
	(C) C only	(D) R and L combination
52.	tower antenna of height 124 m. Wha	
	antenna?	(D) 245 Q
	(A) 25Ω	(B) 36.5 Ω
	(C) 50Ω	(D) 73 Ω

(9)

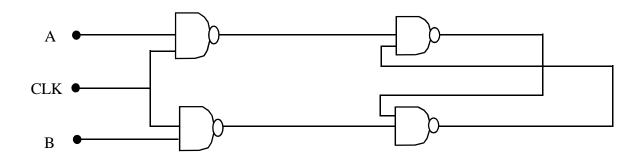
53.	53. An antenna in free space receives 2 mw of power when the incident electric					
	is 20 mV/m rms. The effective apertu	re of the antenna is:				
	(A) 0.005 m^2	(B) 0.05 m^2				
	(C) 1.885 m ²	(D) 3.77 m^2				
54.	The primary reason for the widespre	ad use of silicon in semiconductor device				
	technology is:					
	(A) abundance of silicon on the surface	e of the earth				
	(B) larger bandgap of silicon in compa	rison to Germanium				
	(C) favourable properties of silicon-dic	oxide				
	(D) lower melting point					
55.	The impurity commonly used for rea	alizing the base region of a silicon n-p-n				
	transistor is :					
	(A) Gallium	(B) Indium				
	(C) Boron	(D) Phosphorous				
56.	The phenomenon known as "Early Effect" in a bipolar transistor refers to a					
	reduction of the effective base-width caused by:					
	(A) Electron-hole recombination at the base					
	(B) The reverse biasing of the base-co	llector junction				
	(C) The forward biasing of emitter-bas	e junction				
	(D) The early removal of stored base of	charge during saturation-to-cutoff switching				
57.	The effective channel length of a MOS	FET in saturation decreases with increase				
	in:					
	(A) Gate voltage	(B) Drain voltage				
	(C) Source voltage	(D) Body Voltage				
58.	MOSFET can be used as a:					
	(A) Current controlled capacitor	(B) Voltage controlled capacitor				
	(C) Current controlled inductor	(D) Voltage controlled inductor				
59.	The Ebers-Moll model is applicable t	o :				
	(A) Bipolar junction transistors	(B) NMOS transistors				
	(C) Unipolar junction transistors	(D) Junction field-effect				

(10)

M.E. (Electronics & Communication Engineering)/BJL-888-A

60.	Under high electric fields, in a semicond	uctor with increasing electric field:					
	(A) The mobility of charge carriers decreases						
	(B) The mobility of the carriers increases						
	(C) The velocity of the charge carriers sat	urates					
	(D) The velocity of the charge carriers inc	reases					
61.	The phase velocity for the TE_{10} mode in is:	n an air filled rectangular waveguide					
	(A) less than C						
	(B) equal to C						
	(C) greater than C						
	(D) None of the above						
	C is the velocity of plane waves in free sp	ace.					
62.	A rectangular waveguide of internal dim be operated in TE_{11} mode. The minimum						
	(A) 6.25 GHz	(B) 6.0 GHz					
	(C) 5.0 GHz	(D) 3.75 GHz					
63.	. A network contains linear resistors and ideal voltage sources. If values of all the resistors are doubled, then the voltage across each resistor is :						
	(A) halved	(B) doubled					
	(C) increased by four times	(D) not changed					
64.	The depth of penetration of a wave	in a lossy dielectric increases with					
	increasing:						
	(A) conductivity	(B) Permeability					
	(C) wavelength	(D) Permittivity					
65.	4-bit 2's complement representation of a is:	decimal number is 1000. The number					
	(A) +8	(B) 0					
	(C) -7	(D) -8					
66.	In a microprocessor, the register which he	olds the address of the next instruction					
	to be fetched is:						
	(A) Accumulator	(B) Program Counter					
	(C) Stack Pointer	(D) Instruction Registers					
67.	An instruction used to set the carry flag	in a computer can be classified as:					
	(A) Data transfer	(B) Arithmetic					
	(C) Logical	(D) Program Control					
M.E.	(Electronics & Communication Engineering)/BJL-888-A	(11) [Turn over					

68. Consider the given circuit:



In this circuit, the race around:

- (A) Does not occur
- (B) Occurs when CLK = 0
- (C) Occurs when CLK = 1 and A = B = 1
- (D) Occurs when CLK = 1 and A = B = 0
- 69. A system has fourteen poles and two zeros. Its high frequency asymptote in its magnitude plot having a slope of:
 - (A) -40 dB/decade

(B) -240 dB/decade

(C) -280 dB/decade

- (D) -320 dB/decade
- 70. Consider a system with a transfer function $G(s) = \frac{s+6}{Ks^2 + s + 6}$. Its damping ratio

will be 0.5 when the value of K is:

(A) 2/6

(B) 3

(C) 1/6

- (D) 6
- 71. If the Laplace transform of a signal y(t) is $Y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s-1)}$, then its final value is :
 - (A) -1

(B) 0

(C) 1

- (D) Unbounded
- 72. The z-transform of a signal is given by $C(z) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{z^{-1}(1-z^{-4})}{(1-z^{-1})^2}$. Its final value is :
 - (A) 1/4

(B) zero

(C) 1.0

- (D) infinity
- M.E. (Electronics & Communication Engineering)/BJL-888-A
- (12)

- 73. A linear discrete-time system has the characteristic equation $z^3-0.81z=0$. The system :
 - (A) is stable
 - (B) is marginally stable
 - (C) is unstable
 - (D) stability cannot be assessed from the given information
- 74. The 4-point Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) of a discrete time sequence [1, 0, 2, 3] is :
 - (A) [0, -2 + 2j, 2, -2 2j]
- (B) [2, 2 + 2j, 6, 2 2j]

(C) [6, 1-3j, 2, 1+3j]

(D) [6, -1 + 3j, 0, -1 -3j]

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Sr. No.:	
Sr. No.:	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important:	Please consult	your Admit Card /	Roll No.	Slip bef	ore filli	ng your F	Rol	l Number on	the Tes	st Book	det and
	Answer Sheet.										
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Koli No.	in Figures	in words
O.M.R. Ar	nswer Sheet Serial No.	
	Signatur	re of the Candidate:

Subject : M.E. (Food Techonology)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
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- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

M.E.(Food Technology)/A

1.	The chemical name of Vitamin \mathbf{B}_1 is			
	(A) Thiamin	(B)	Cobalamin	
	(C) Niacin	(D)	None of these	
2.	Which of the following enzymes is responsible	for off	-flavor development in cream	
	and butter?			
	(A) Lipase	(B)	Protease	
	(C) Peroxidase	(D)	None of these	
3.	Which of the following is a milk sugar?			
	(A) Lactose	(B)	Fructose	
	(C) Sucrose	(D)	None of these	
4.	Glutamic acid is used as a /an			
	(A) flavour enhancer	(B)	antioxidant	
	(C) humectant	(D)	emulsifier	
5.	Salt is a better food preservative than sugar be	ecaus	e it	
	(A) has lower molecular weight			
	(B) lowers the vapour pressure of food water by a	large	extent	
	(C) kills microorganisms better			
	(D) reduces pH			
6.	The fiber in food that produces necessary dieta	ary ro	ughage is largely	
	(A) cellulose	(B)	hemicelluloses	
	(C) dextrin	(D)	pectin	
7.	Pectin and gums are added to foods as			
	(A) thickeners and stabilizers	(B)	emulsifier	
	(C) humectant	(D)	colorant	
8.	The energy content of fat is how many time	es the	energy content of protein and	
	carbohydrate?			
	(A) 3 times	(B)	2.25 times	
	(C) 2.5 times	(D)	2.75 times	
9.	A typical fat molecule consists of glycerol comb	ined v	vith	
	(A) three fatty acids	(B)	two fatty acids	
	(C) four fatty acids	(D)	one fatty acid	
10.	Gluten is found in			
	(A) wheat	(B)	maize	
	(C) rice	(D)	soybeans	
M.E.	(Food Technology)/BJL-893-A	3		[Turn over
		_		

. 11	What	causes sliced potato to turn brown?		
	(A)	Caramelization	(B)	Staling
	(C)	Protein degeradation	(D)	Enzymatic activity
12.	Whi	ich of the following is non-thermal method o	f food	d processing ?
	(A)	Ohmic heating	(B)	Microwave heating
	(C)	Membrane processing	(D)	None of these
13.	Whi	ich of the following gas is responsible for the	ripe	ning of fruits?
	(A)	Ethane	(B)	Carbon dioxide
	(C)	Ethylene	(D)	Propane
14.	Whi	ich of the following food is produced by ferm	enta	tion involving lactic acid bacteria?
	(A)	Yoghurt	(B)	Vinegar
	(C)	Beer	(D)	None of these
15.	Puls	ses are a good source of		
	(A)	Carbohydrates	(B)	Fats
	(C)	Proteins	(D)	Vitamins
16.	The	law which states that the amount of gas diss	solve	d in a liquid is proportional to its partial
	pres	ssure is		
	(A)	Dalton's law	(B)	Gay Lussac's law
	(C)	Raoult's law	(D)	Henry's law
17.	Whi	ich of the following is called milk ejection ho	rmor	ne?
	(A)	Oxytocin	(B)	Vasopressin
	(C)	Prolactin	(D)	None of these
18.	Stor	age polysaccharide made by animals is		
	(A)	Collagen	(B)	Cellulose
	(C)	Amylopectin	(D)	Glycogen
19.	Soda	a water contains		
	(A)	sulphuric acid	(B)	hydrochloric acid
	(C)	nitrous acid	(D)	carbon dioxide
20.	The	repeating unit in chitin is		
	(A)	Hyaluronic acid	(B)	Glucose and galactose
	(C)	Sialic acid	(D)	N-acetyl glucosamine
21.	Star	ch and glycogen are the polymers of		
	(A)	Erythrose	(B)	Glucose
	(C)	Galactose	(D)	Glucose and fructose

22.	Fatty acids with 18 carbons and 3 double bond	IS							
	(A) Linoleic acid	(B)	Linolenic acid						
	(C) Arachiodonic acid	(D)	Ricinoleic acid						
23.	Which of the following compounds is used as a refrigerant?								
	(A) COCl ₂	(B)	CC1 ₄						
	(C) CF ₄	(D)	CF ₂ C1 ₂						
24.	Lysozyme is an inhibitor found in								
	(A) egg	(B)	wheat						
	(C) pulse	(D)	oil						
25.	Invertase catalyzes the hydrolysis of sucrose to	O							
	(A) Glucose and fructose	(B)	Fructose and lactose						
	(C) Glucose and maltose	(D)	Galactose and glucose						
26.	The enzyme which is used for starch hydrolysis	s is							
	(A) Protease	(B)	Amylase						
	(C) Catalase	(D)	Cellulose						
27.	Retrogradation is related to								
	(A) Protein	(B)	Fat						
	(C) Starch	(D)	None						
28.	The most commonly used sterilant used in ster	rilizat	ion of the packaging material in aseptic						
	packaging is								
	(A) Phosphoric acid	(B)	Sulphuric acid						
	(C) Hydrogen peroxide	(D)	None of these						
29.	Calcium stearate is used as an								
	(A) Anticaking agent	(B)	Antifungal agent						
	(C) Antifoaming agent	(D)	Antibacterial agent						
30.	Lecithin is used as								
	(A) Stabilizer	(B)	Emulsifier						
	(C) Leavening agent	(D)	None of the above						
31.	The enzyme which can catalyze the conversion	of gl	ucose to ethanol is						
	(A) Maltase	(B)	Diastase						
	(C) Invertase	(D)	Zymase						
32.	Eggs are a complete protein with a biological va	alue o	of						
	(A) 100	(B)	75						
	(C) 50	(D)	25						

33.	Saponification number is defined as the number	mber of mg o	of potassium hydroxide needed to saponify
	(A) 0.5 g of fat or oil	(B)	0.25 g of fat or oil
	(C) 1 g of fat or oil	(D)	2 g of fat or oil
34.	In transient heat transfer problems, the o	dimensionle	ss number used is
	(A) Nusselt Number	(B)	Prandtl Number
	(C) Biot Number	(D)	Schmidt Number
35.	At ambient temperature of 30 °C, if	the vapour	pressure of water is 4.242 kPa, the
	partial pressure of water vapour in the a	tmosphere	is 2.52 kPa and atmospheric pressure is
	101.325 kPa, then the percentage relative	e humidity i	s
	(A) 41.8	(B)	59.4
	(C) 68.6	(D)	74.2
36.	When vaporisation takes place directly a	it the heatin	g surface, it is called
	(A) film boiling	(B)	nucleate boiling
	(C) vapour binding	(D)	none of these
37.	With increase in porosity, the thermal con	nductivity o	f a solid material
	(A) increases	(B)	decreases
	(C) remains unchanged	(D)	may increase or decrease
38.	Hot water at a flow rate of 0.01 m ³ /min en	nters the tub	e side of a counter current shell and tube
	heat exchanger at 80°C and leaves at 50°	°C. Cold oil	at a flow rate of $0.05\ m^3/min$ of density
	800 kg/m³ and specific heat of 2 kJ/kgK e	nters at 20°	C. The log mean temperature difference
	in °C is approximately		
	(A) 32	(B)	37
	(C) 45	(D)	50
39.	The dimensionless group in mass transfer	that is equiv	valent to Prandtl number in heat transfer
	is		
	(A) Nusselt number	(B)	Sherwood number
	(C) Schmidt number	(D)	Stanton number
40.	Dietus-Boelter equation used for the dete	ermination o	of heat transfer coefficient is valid for
	(A) laminar flow	(B)	turbulent flow
	(C) plug flow	(D)	transition flow
41.	It is desired to concentrate a 20% salt	solution (2	0 kg of salt in 100 kg of solution) to a
	30% salt solution in an evaporator. Consi	der a feed of	$300 \mathrm{kg/min}$ at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The boiling point of
	the solution is 110°C, the latent heat of va	aporization	is 2100 kJ/kg and the specific heat of the
	solution is 4 kJ/kgK. The rate at which the	heat has to	be supplied in (kJ/min) to the evaporator
	is		
	(A) 3.06×10^5	` ´	6.12×10^5
	(C) 7.24×10^5	(D)	9.08×10^{5}
M.E	. (Food Technology)/BJL-893-A	6	

42.	1 kWh equals to									
	(A) $3.6 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$	(B) $6.3 \times 10^6 \text{J}$								
	(C) $3.6 \times 10^6 \text{ kJ}$	(D) None of these								
43.	The dimensionless number which represents the ratio of drag force to inertial force is									
	(A) Power number	(B) Reynolds number								
	(C) Lewis number	(D) Nusselt number								
44.	The law which describes the molecular diffusion is known as									
	(A) Fourier's law	(B) Fick's law								
	(C) Kick's law	(D) None of these								
45.	Unsteady state unidirectional heat transfer	in a solid can be expressed as $\frac{\partial \mathbf{T}}{\partial \mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{a} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{T}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2}$ where								
	a is									
	(A) thermal conductivity	(B) thermal diffusivity								
	(C) heat flux	(D) mass diffusivity								
46.	The wet basis moisture content of a particula	ar grain is 20%. The moisture content on dry basis								
	of that grain will be									
	(A) 24%	(B) 27%								
	(C) 25%	(D) 30%								
47.	The greatest pressure in a spherical tank of 2 m diameter filled with oil of specific gravity 0.92,									
	if pressure measured at the highest point in the tank is 70 kPa will be									
	(A) 90.13 kPa	(B) 88.1 kPa								
	(C) 79.4 kPa	(D) None of these								
48.	The percentage regeneration when cold milk entering a pasteurizer at $4^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ attains a temperature									
	of 65°C after regeneration and 72°C after h	neating should be								
	(A) 90.25%	(B) 87.13%								
	(C) 76.28%	(D) 89.7%								
49.	The storage capacity of a tower silo of cylindrical shape having diameter 4 m and height 6 m									
	should be									
	(A) $73.6 \mathrm{m}^3$	(B) $65.4 \mathrm{m}^3$								
	(C) $75.4 \mathrm{m}^3$	(D) $80.2 \mathrm{m}^3$								
50.	· ·	kettle from 25 °C to 75 °C using steam at 110 °C.								
		pecific heat of sauce is 3100 kJ/kg K and overall								
	heat transfer coefficient is 300 W/m ² K. The	e heat transfer area required is								
	(A) $2.8 \mathrm{m}^2$	(B) $3.8 \mathrm{m}^2$								
	(C) 2.75 m^2	(D) 2.4 m^2								
		-								

51.	The amount of cream testing 35% fat that must	t be a	dded to $500 \mathrm{kg}$ of milk testing 4% fat to							
	obtain cream testing 10% fat should be									
	(A) 20 kg	(B)	100 kg							
	(C) 120 kg	(D)	200 kg							
52.	The slope of the graph between shear stress and	l shea	ar rate for a Newtonian fluid should be							
	(A) Tan 45°	(B)	Tan 60°							
	(C) Tan 30°	(D)	Tan 90°							
53.	Which law of thermodynamics is the basis for re	efrige	eration cycle?							
	(A) First law of thermodynamics	(B)	Second law of thermodynamics							
	(C) Third law of thermodynamics	(D)	None of these							
54.	Bacteria reproduce by a process called									
	(A) binary fission	(B)	binary fusion							
	(C) binary diffusion	(D)	none of these							
55.	The destruction of microorganisms by steam ma	ay be	described as							
	(A) zero order reaction	(B)	second order reaction							
	(C) first order reaction	(D)	none of these							
56.	The common word for bacteria which are sphere	ical i	n shape is							
	(A) Cocci	(B)	Bacilli							
	(C) Spirilla	(D)	Pleomorphic							
57.	The common word for bacteria which are straig	ht ro	d in shape is							
	(A) Cocci	(B)	Bacilli							
	(C) Spirilla	(D)	Pleomorphic							
58.	Bacterial population in milk multiplies by a f	actor	$^{\circ}$ of 200 in 18 hours of storage at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$							
	temperature. The increase in population in $3\ \mathrm{ho}$	ours (of storage at the same temperature is							
	(A) 5.85 times	(B)	2.42 times							
	(C) 66.67 times	(D)	14.14 times							
59.	Rigor mortis is related to									
	(A) preservation of cereals	(B)	preservation of vegetables							
	(C) preservation of spices	(D)	preservation of fish							
60.	The target organism in UHT sterilization of mill	k is								
	(A) B. subtilis	(B)	Cl. botulinum							
	(C) B. stearothermophilus	(D)	E.coli							

61.	Most spoilage and pathogenic bacteria that com	tamir	nate food materials have water activity in						
	the range of								
	(A) 0.85-0.89	(B)	0.91-0.99						
	(C) 0.80-0.85	(D)	0.70-0.80						
62.	Clostridium botulinum is								
	(A) Aerobic microorganism	(B)	Anaerobic microorganism						
	(C) Facultative microorganisms	(D)	None of these						
63.	The major forces acting in cyclone separator ar	e							
	(A) gravity and centrifugal	(B)	gravity and centripetal						
	(C) centrifugal and centripetal	(D)	none of these						
64.	Microwave drying is the one of the examples of	f							
	(A) radiation drying	(B)	dielectric drying						
	(C) pneumatic drying	(D)	vacuum drying						
65.	Microfiltration is used in dairy industry for sepa	aratir	ng						
	(A) fat	(B)	minerals						
	(C) protein	(D)	microbes						
66.	The products of fermentation of sugar are ethanol and								
	(A) water	(B)	oxygen						
	(C) carbon dioxide	(D)	sulfur dioxide						
67.	Which industrial processing method is most eff	ective	e for making dried potato flakes ?						
	(A) Drum drying	(B)	Sun drying Sun drying						
	(C) Spray drying	(D)	Tray drying						
68.	The specific gravity of skim milk is								
	(A) lower than whole milk	(B)	same as whole milk						
	(C) higher than whole milk	(D)	same as water						
69.	The level of enzyme activity in wheat flour is m	easuı	ed by						
	(A) Fouling number	(B)	Falling number						
	(C) Farall Number	(D)	Froud number						
70.	The temperature and time combination for bate	h pas	steurization of milk is						
	(A) 63°C for 30 min	(B)	65°C for 15 min						
	(C) 70°C for 20 min	(D)	60°C for 40 min						
71.	Coarse endosperm particles of wheat are called	l							
	(A) Semolina	(B)	Maida						
	(C) Flour	(D)	None of these						

72.	A food material is processed at 115°C for 15 min in which 50% vitamin is lost. The activation energy for vitamin is 109000 J/mol. The value of R may be taken as 8.314 J/mol K.									
	The % vitamin loss at 120 $^{\circ}$ C after 15 minutes of processing is									
	(A)	75.5%	(B)	58.13%						
	(C)	65.37%	(D)	45.27%						
73.	The activation energy for destruction of thiamin at mean temperature of 135 $^{\circ}$ C is 102 kJ/mol.									
	The	value of gas constant is 8.314 J/mol K. The	valu	e of z for this case should be						
	(A)	32 °C	(B)	27 °C						
	(C)	25 °C	(D)	30°C						
74.	Тур	e of moisture that can be removed by comm	on di	rying techniques is						
	(A)	Equilibrium moisture	(B)	Total moisture						
	(C)	Free moisture	(D)	Bound moisture						
75.	At 1	00% relative humidity, wet bulb temperatu	re of	air is						
	(A)	more than dew point temperature	(B)	less than dew point temperature						
	(C)	same as dew point temperature	(D)	none of these						

CET(PG)-2016

Question Booklet Series: A

Important	: Please consult	your Admit	Card / Ro	ll No. Slip	before filli	ng your R	oll Number	on the	Test 1	Booklet
_	and Answer Sh	neet.		_						

Roll No. In Figures		In Words		
O.M.R. An	swer Sheet Serial No.			
Signature of the Candidate:				

Subject: M.E. (Electrical Engg. and Instrumentation and Control)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 74 Maximum Marks: 74

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- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1.	Two coupled coils of $L1 = 0.8$ H and $L2 = 0.2$ H have a coupling coefficient $k = 0.9$. The					
	mutual inductance M is					
	(A) 0.144 H	(B) 0.23 H				
	(C) 0.36 H	(D) 0.43 H				
2.	The ripple factor of a filter is					
	(A) directly proportional to the load					
	(B) inversely proportional to the load					
	(C) load dependent (in simple L and C	filters)				
	(D) high for good filters					
3. Two meters X and Y require 40 mA and 50 mA, respectively to give full scale defl						
	then					
	(A) X is more sensitive	(A) X is more sensitive				
	(B) Y is more sensitive					
	(C) Both are equally sensitive					
	(D) Sensitivity cannot be judged with the given information					
4.	A wattmeter can measure					
	(A) ac power only	(B) dc power only				
	(C) ac and dc power both	(D) dc power and ac power after rectification				
5.	. Which of the following statements is NOT correct in regard to UJT ?					
	(A) It exhibits a negative resistance					
	(B) It is operated with emitter junction	reverse biased				
	(C) It has no ability to amplify while it h	nas stability to control a large ac power with small signal				
	(D) It has one p-n junction and three lea	ads				
6.	A choke which is purely inductive is su	bjected to a voltage of 50 V, 50 Hz and takes a current				
	of 1 ampere. The frequency is increased to 500 Hz keeping the voltage same. The current					
	(A) Will fall to 0.1 A	(B) Will fall to less than 0.1 A				
	(C) Will rise	(D) Will remain at 1.0 A				
7.	The function of the shunt in an amme	ter is to				
	(A) bypass the current	(B) increase the current in the coil				
	(C) decrease the voltage drop	(D) increase the meter resistance				
M.E	C. (Electrical Engg. and Instrumentation					
and	Control)/BJL-889-A	[3] [Turn over				

- 8. The readings of a PMMC ammeter and moving iron ammeter connected in a circuit carrying a direct of 5A and alternating current of 4A (rms value) will be
 - (A) 5 A and 6.4 A respectively
 - (B) 1 A and 9 A respectively
 - (C) 9 A and 1 A respectively.
 - (D) 5 A and 5.74 A respectively
- 9. The current and potential coils of a wattmeter were accidentally interchanged while connecting. After energizing the circuit, it was observed that the wattmeter did not show the reading. This could be due to
 - (A) damage due to the potential coil
 - (B) damage due to the current coil
 - (C) damage due to both the potential and current coils
 - (D) loose contact
- 10. Meggar is an instrument to measure
 - (A) Very low resistance
 - (B) Insulation resistance
 - (C) Q of the coil
 - (D) Inductance of the coil
- 11. In a JFET, drain current is primarily controlled by
 - (A) Size of depletion region
 - (B) Channel resistance
 - (C) Gate reverse bias
 - (D) Voltage drop across channel
- 12. An ideal Op-Amp has
 - (A) Infinite input and output impedance
 - (B) Very low input and output impedance
 - (C) Low input and infinite output impedance
 - (D) Infinite input and zero output impedance

13.	A transformer has hysteresis loss of 30 W at 2	240 V,	60 Hz. The hysteresis loss at 200 V, 50 Hz	
	will be			
	(A) 28 W	(B)	25 W	
	(C) 30 W	(D)	36 W	
14.	The term cycle stealing is used in			
	(A) programmed data transfer scheme	(B)	DMA data transfer	
	(C) PUSH PSW and POP PSW operation	(D)	Synchronous data transfer scheme	
15.	The power consumption of dynamic RAM is	S		
	(A) More than that of the static RAM	(B)	Equal to that of the static RAM	
	(C) Less than that of the static RAM	(D)	Zero	
16.	The instruction 'DAD rp' is used to perform	l		
	(A) Add the contents of register pair HL to regis	gister pa	air given the address of the instruction	
	(B) Decrement the contents of register pair rp			
	(C) Complement the contents of register pair			
	(D) BCD addition of contents of register pair rp to Accumulator contents			
17.	Which of the following statement related with	th Bucl	nholz relay is not true ?	
	(A) It is voltage sensitive device			
	(B) It is used only on oil cooled transformers			
	(C) It is usually not provided on transformers of rating below 500 kVA			
	(D) Its operating time is of the order of 0.1 seconds			
18.	A single phase transformer has a rating of	of 15 k	VA, 600/120 V. It is reconnected as an	
	autotransformer to supply at 720 V from 600	0 V pr	imary source. The maximum load it can	
	supply is			
	(A) 90 kVA	(B)	18 kVA	
	(C) 15 kVA	(D)	12 kVA	
M.E.	. (Electrical Engg. and Instrumentation			
	Control)/BJL-889-A	[5]	[Turn over	

19.	Two transformers of different kVA ratings working in parallel share the load in proportion			
	to their ratings when their			
	a.	p.u. leakage impedances on the same kVA	base	e are the same
	b.	p.u. leakage impedances on respective rat	ings	are equal
	c.	Ohmic values of the leakage impedances a	are ii	nversely proportional to their ratings
	d.	Ohmic values of magnetizing reactances a	re th	ne same
	Fro	m the above, the correct answer is :		
	(A)	a, c	(B)	a, b
	(C)	b, c	(D)	a, d
20.	If th	ne speed of the dc generator is increased, th	ie ge	nerated emf
		Increases		Decreases
	, ,	Remains constant	` ,	Decreases and then increases
21	The	type of de generator for are welding num	0000	ia a
41 ,		type of dc generator for arc welding purp		
	, ,	Series generator	, ,	Shunt generator
	(C)	Cumulatively compounded generator	(D)	Differentially compounded generator
22.	The	current delivered by a 4 pole dc shunt gen	erato	or is 98 A. The shunt field current is 2A.
	The armature is lap wound. The current per parallel path is			
	(A)	100 A	(B)	25 A
	(C)	50 A	(D)	12.5 A
23.	The	characteristic equation of a system is given	by s	$^4 + 6s^3 + 11s^2 + 6s + K = 0$. For the system
	to be stable, the value of K should be			
	(A)	zero		
	(B)	greater than zero but less than 10		
	(C)	greater than 10 but less than 20		
	(D)	greater than 20 but less than 30		
M.F.	(Elec	rtrical Engg and Instrumentation		

24.	A capacitor start single phase inducti	on motor is swite	ched on to supply with its capa	citor	
	replaced by an inductor of equivalent	reactance value.	. It will		
	(A) Not start at all	(B) Sta	art and run slowly		
	(C) Start and run at rated speed	(D) Sta	art and then stop		
25.	The shaded pole is used for				
	(A) Low starting torque	(B) Me	edium starting torque		
	(C) High starting torque	(D) Ve	ery high starting torque		
26.	The stator winding of a single phase in	nduction motor i	is splitted into two parts in ordo	er to	
	(A) Improve efficiency	(B) Im	nprove power factor		
	(C) Develop starting torque	(D) Inc	crease speed		
27.	The capacitor usually used in a capaci	tor start inducti	ion motor is		
	(A) Mica	(B) Ele	ectrolyte		
	(C) Insulated oil paper	(D) Air	ir		
28.	Compared to a resistor split phase mo	tor a capacitor s	start motor has		
	(A) High starting torque	(B) Lo	ower starting torque		
	(C) High running torque	(D) Lo	ower running torque		
29.	A 400 KW, 3-phase, 440 V, 50 Hz indu	ction motor has a	a speed of 950 rpm on full load	. The	
	machine has 6 poles. The slip of the m	achine will be			
	(A) 0.06	(B) 0.0	05		
	(C) 0.04	(D) 0.0	02		
30.	The stator of a 3 phase 4 plot slip ring i	nduction motor i	is fed from 50 Hz source and its	rotor	
	from 30 Hz source. The motor will run at				
	(A) 1500 rpm	(B) 90	00 rpm		
	(C) Zero rpm	(D) 24	100 rpm		
31.	In a double cage induction motor, the	inner cage has			
	(A) Low R and Low X	(B) Lo	ow R and High X		
	(C) High R and High X	(D) Hi	igh R and Low X		
	. (Electrical Engg. and Instrumentation Control)/BJL-889-A	[7]	[Turn	over	

[7]

32.	A 3-	-phase, 400 V, 4-pole induction motor is fed	d fro	m a 3-phase, 400 V, 50 Hz supply and		
	runs at 1440 rpm. The frequency of rotor emf is					
	(A)	2 Hz	(B)	50 Hz		
	(C)	48 Hz	(D)	Zero Hz		
33.	In t	he fluorescent tube circuit the function of t	he cl	noke is to		
	(A)	Prevent flicker				
	(B)	Improve the power factor of the circuit				
	(C)	Suppress radio interference				
	(D)	Provide a momentary high voltage for establishment	lishin	g the main arc		
34.	Diff	erential relays are used to protect the equi	pmeı	nt against		
	(A)	Internal faults	(B)	Reverse current		
	(C)	Over current	(D)	Under current		
35.	Whi	ich of the circuit breakers take minimum t	ime f	For installation ?		
	(A)	Air blast	(B)	Minimum oil		
	(C)	Bulk oil	(D)	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)		
36.	The	load factor for domestic load may be take	n as			
	(A)	About 85%	(B)	50—60%		
	(C)	25—50%	(D)	10—15%		
37.	The	solar or photo voltaic cell converts				
	(A)	Chemical energy into electrical energy				
	(B)	Solar radiations into electrical energy				
	(C)	Solar radiations into thermal energy				
	(D)	Thermal energy into electrical energy				
38.	Cor	ona is likely to occur maximum in case of				
	(A)	Distribution lines	(B)	Transmission lines		
	(C)	Domestic wiring	(D)	Service mains		

30	Skin	effect	ic

- (A) proportional to frequency
- (B) proportional to square of frequency
- (C) inversely proportional to frequency
- (D) independent of frequency

40. If the fault current is $2000\,\mathrm{A}$, the relay setting is 50% and CT ratio is 400/5, the plug setting multiplier will be

(A) 25 A

(B) 15 A

(C) 50 A

(D) 10 A

41. Power transmission by cable is generally adopted for line lengths

(A) Above 100 km

(B) Upto 200 km

(C) Less than 50 km

(D) Less than 10 km

42. Sodium vapour lamp needs an ionization voltage of about

(A) 5 V

(B) 20 V

(C) 50 V

(D) 100 V

43. For a p-pole machine, the relation between electrical and mechanical degrees is given by

(A) $\theta_{electrical} = 2/P \theta_{mechanical}$

(B) $\theta_{\text{electrical}} = 4/P \theta_{\text{mechanical}}$

(C) $\theta_{\text{mechanical}} = 2/P \theta_{\text{electrical}}$

(D) $\theta_{electrical} = P/2 \theta_{mechanical}$

44. The inertia constant of a 100 MVA, 11 kV water wheel generator is 4. The energy stored in the rotor at the synchronous speed is

(A) 400 MJ

(B) 400 kJ

(C) 25 MJ

(D) 25 kJ

45. Xd is d axis synchronous reactance and Xq is q-axis synchronous reactance. In a salient pole synchronous machine

(A) Xq > Xd

(B) Xq = Xd

 $(C) \quad Xq < Xd$

(D) Xq = 0

46.	An o	overexcited synchronous motor draws curr	ent a	at
	(A)	Lagging power factor	(B)	Leading power factor
	(C)	Unity power factor	(D)	Depends upon the nature of load
47.	Sync	chronizing power comes into play when ro	tor s	peed is
	(A)	= synchronous speed Ns	(B)	> Ns
	(C)	< Ns	(D)	Either more or less than Ns
48.	Whe	en the excitation of the unloaded salien	t po	le synchronous motor suddenly gets
	disco	onnected, then		
	(A)	The motor stops	(B)	It runs at the same speed
	(C)	It runs at lower speed	(D)	It runs at very high speed
49.	Dist	ributed winding is preferred over concent	rated	l winding as it
	(A)	Reduces noise		
	(B)	Reduces the machine size		
	(C)	Reduces the amount of copper required		
	(D)	Improves the generated emf waveform and winding	add	s rigidity and mechanical strength to the
50.	A sy	nchronous machine with low short circuit	ratio	o has
	(A)	Good voltage regulation	(B)	Good speed regulation
	(C)	Lower stability limit	(D)	Higher stability limit
51.	If th	e amplitude of the gate pulse to thyristor i	s inc	reased, then
	(A)	Both delay time and rise time would increase	e	
	(B)	The delay time would increase but the rise ti	me v	vould decrease
	(C)	The delay time would decrease but the rise to	ime v	would increase
	(D)	The delay time would decrease while the rise	e tim	e remains unaffected
52.	On a	nn oscilloscope, the Lissajous pattern of eig	ht ke	eeps on changing the shape. The ratio of
	freq	uency is		
	(A)	not exactly 2:1	(B)	exactly 1:3
	(C)	not exactly 1:1	(D)	exactly 1:4

53.	A Lissajous pattern on an oscilloscope has 5 horizontal tangencies and 2 vertical tangencies.					
	The frequency of the horizontal input is $1000\mathrm{Hz}$. What is the frequency of the vertical input ?					
	(A)	400 Hz	(B)	2500 Hz		
	(C)	4000 Hz	(D)	5000 Hz		
54.	The	rmocouples are				
	(A)	inverse transducers	(B)	active transducers		
	(C)	passive transducers	(D)	Both (A) and (C)		
55 .	The	principle of operation of LVDT is based	on vai	riation of		
	(A)	self inductance	(B)	mutual inductance		
	(C)	reluctance	(D)	permeance		
56 .	Thy	ristors can be turned off by				
	1.	Reducing the current below the holding	curre	nt		
	2.	Applying a negative voltage to the anod	e of the	e device		
	3.	Reducing the gate current				
	Of t	hese statements :				
	(A)	1 and 3 are correct	(B)	2 and 3 are correct		
	(C)	1, 2 and 3 are correct	(D)	None of the above		
57.	The	temperature transducer exhibit nonline	ear bel	naviour. The order in which they exhibit		
	non	linearity (highest to lowest) is				
	(A)	Thermocouples, RTD and thermistors				
	(B)	Thermistors, Thermocouples and RTDs				
	(C)	RTDs, thermocouples, and thermistors				
	(D)	Thermistors, RTDs and thermocouples				
58.	Pira	nni gauge is employed for measuring				
	(A)	very low pressure	(B)	very high pressure		
	(C)	atmospheric pressure	(D)	flow		
59.	Hyd	lrometer is employed for the determinati	on of			
	(A)	relative humidity	(B)	specific gravity of liquids		
	(C)	fluid level	(D)	fluid pressure		
		etrical Engg. and Instrumentation ol)/BJL-889-A	[11]	[Turn over		

60. For pipes, laminar flow occurs when Reynolds number is

(A) less than 2000

(B) between 2000 and 4000

(C) more than 4000

(D) equal to 4000

61. A moving waveform on an oscilloscope can be made stationary by adjusting

- (A) horizontal position control
- (B) coarse frequency control
- (C) sync-amplitude control
- (D) vertical positioning control

62. Carey-Foster bridge is specially designed to determine

- (A) the high resistance of the wire
- (B) the internal resistance of the battery
- (C) the difference between two nearly equal resistance
- (D) the emf of the voltage source

63. A linear time invariant system, initially at rest when subjected to s unit step input gave a response $c(t) = te^{-t}(t^3 0)$. The transfer function of the system is

$$(A) \quad \frac{s}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$(B) \quad \frac{1}{s(s+1)^2}$$

(C)
$$\frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$$

(D)
$$\frac{1}{s(s+1)}$$

64. AC servomotor is a

- (A) 3-phase induction motor
- (B) 2-phase induction motor
- (C) 1-phase induction motor
- (D) 2-phase synchronous motor

65. The sensitivity of a closed loop control system to variations in gain and load disturbances depends upon :

(A) loop gain

(B) frequency

(C) forward gain

(D) all of these

66.	. Which of the following are the characteristics of the hydraulic actuator?			
	1.	Sluggish		
	2.	Having capacity to handle large power		
	3.	Having linear operation over a wide ra	nge	
	Sele	ect the correct answer using the codes be	elow:	
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	(B)	1 and 2
	(C)	2 and 3	(D)	1 and 3
				K
67.	The	transfer function of control system is gi	ven as T	$T(s) = \frac{K}{s^2 + 4s + K}$ where K is gain of the
	syst	em in radians per amp. For this system to	o be cri	itically damped, the value of K should be
	(A)	1	(B)	2
	(C)	3	(D)	4
				. 49
68.	A li	near second order system with the transf	fer fund	ction G(s) = $\frac{49}{s^2 + 16s + 49}$ is subjected to
	step	input. The response of the system will ϵ	exhibit a	a peak overshoot of
	(A)	16%	(B)	9%
	(C)	2%	(D)	Zero
69.	If th	ne system has multiple poles on the jw ax	kis, the	system is
	(A)	stable	(B)	unstable
	(C)	marginally stable	(D)	absolutely stable
70.	Con	nditionally stable system is one which exl	hibits p	poor stability at
	(A)	increased values of open loop gain	_	
		reduced values of open loop gain		
		low frequencies		
	` ′	none of these		
71.	In a	GTO, anode current begins to fall when	n gate c	current
	(A)	is negative peak at time $t = 0$		
	(B)	is negative peak at $t = storage$ period ts		
	(C)	just begins to become negative at $t = 0$		
	(D)	is negative peak at $t = (ts + fall time)$		
		etrical Engg. and Instrumentation		
and	Contr	ol)/BJL-889-A	[13]	[Turn over

72.	A freewheeling	diode across	inductive	load will	provide
		aloue act obb	maacure	IOUU WIII	provide

(A) quick turn-on

(B) slow turn off

(C) reduced utilization factor

(D) improved power factor

73. A chopper in which current remains positive but voltage may be positive or negative is known as

(A) type-A

(B) type-B

(C) type-C

(D) type-D

74. An UJT exhibits negative resistance region

- (A) before the peak point
- (B) between peak and valley points
- (C) after valley point
- (D) Both (A) and (C)

CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No.:	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important:	Please consult your Admit Card	Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject : M.E. (Electrical Engineering) (Power System)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 74 Maximum Marks: 74

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **74** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Ouestion Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
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- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

- 1. A sinusoidal supply is connected across a parallel combination of pure R and L components. The current through R branch is 3 Amp and through L branch is 4 Amp. The total current drawn from supply is:
 - (A) 1 Amp

(B) 7Amp

(C) -5 Amps

(D) 5 Amp

- 2. A 220 V dc machine has an armature resistance of 1 ohm. If the full load current is 20A, the difference in the induced voltage when the machine is running as a motor, and as a generator is :
 - (A) 20 V

(B) 0 V

(C) 40 V

(D) 50 V

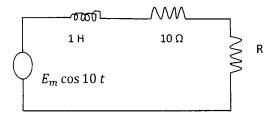
- 3. A DC supply is connected across a series RLC circuit. Under steady state conditions, the applied DC voltage drops entirely across the following:
 - (A) Ronly

(B) Lonly

(C) Conly

(D) R and L only

4. In the circuit given, the value of the load resistance R which maximizes the power delivered to it is:



(A) 14.14Ω

(B) 10Ω

(C) 28.28Ω

- (D) 100Ω
- 5. The root mean square value of the voltage defined by $V(t) = 6 + 6\sin\left(\frac{p}{3}\right)$:
 - (A) 12 Volt

(B) 2.5 Volt

(C) 7.35 Volt

- (D) 5 Volt
- 6. The wattmeter's readings in two wattmeter power measurement method in three phase load are equal if:
 - (A) The load is purely inductive

(B) The load is highly inductive

(C) The load is purely capacitive

- (D) The load is purely resistive
- M.E. (Electrical Engineering) (Power System)/BJL-915-A

7.	-		re connected to the same source. If one of the difference of the corresponding phase voltage of
	(A) 0°	(B)	30°
	(C) 60°	(D)	120°
8.	The voltage regulation of a transformer		2 00 0 1
	voltage regulation at full load 0.8 power f		
	(A) Negative	` '	4.8%
	(C) Zero	(D)	5.4%
9.	A single phase transformer has its maxin losses will be:	num efficien	cy at 60 percent of full load. At full load, copper
	(A) Equal to core loss	(B)	Less than core loss
	(C) More than core loss	(D)	Zero
10.	In a DC series motor, the torque develop doubled, the new torque will be:	ped is 20 N-1	m at 10 Amp load current. If the load current is
	(A) 60 N-m	(B)	80 N-m
	(C) 40 N-m	` '	120 N-m
11.	An alternator is said to be under excited	if it operate	es at :
11.	(A) Unity power factor	_	Lagging power factor
	(C) Leading power factor		Zero power factor
12.	A 3 phase, 400 V, 20 kW, 4 pole 60 Hz 172 motor will:	28 rpm indu	action motor is connected to 400 V, 50 Hz. The
	(A) Run at less than 1720 rpm	(B)	Run at more than 1720 rpm
	(C) Burn out	(D)	Not run
13.	tapping of 30 percent. If the tapping is 60	percent, th	2 -
	(A) 40 Nm	` '	240 Nm
	(C) 160 Nm	(D)	320 Nm
14.	The residual magnetism of a self excited	DC generat	or is lost. To build up its emf again :
	(A) The field winding must be replaced		
	(B) Armature winding connection must be r		
	(C) Field winding connection must be revers		•
	(D) Field winding must be excited by low vo	oitage DC suj	pply
M.E.	(Electrical Engineering) (Power System)/BJL-915-	-A 4	

15.	An auto transformer having a transformation inductively from primary to the secondary is	s:		ne power transferred
	(A) 8 kW	` ′	2 kW	
	(C) 10 kW	(D)	Zero	
16.	The low voltage winding of a $400/230 \text{ V}$ sing The supply voltage should be :	gle phase	50 Hz transformer is to be co	onnected to 25 Hz.
	(A) 230 V	(B)	115 V	
	(C) 460 V	(D)	65 V	
17.	A step up single phase transformer with turn magnetizing current is also 1 A, the primary (A) 2.24 A	current		stive load. If the
	(C) 2A	. ,	3A	
	(C) ZA	(D)	JA	
18.	The ratio of starting torque to maximum tor is 12 percent will be:	que is 80	percent. The speed at which	maximum torque
	(A) 5/3	(B)		
	(C) 1/3	(D)	2	
19.	Power factor of an alternator driven by cons	stant prin	ne mover input can be chang	ed by changing its :
	(A) Field Excitation	(B)	Phase Sequence	
	(C) Load	(D)	Speed	
20.	The internal resistance of milli- ammeter is	kept low	for:	
	(A) High accuracy	(B)	Minimum effect on current in the	ne circuit
	(C) Maximum voltage drop across the meter	(D)	High sensitivity	
21.	In parallel operation of the alternators, the			proper:
	(A) Phase difference matching		Phase sequence matching	
	(C) Voltage matching	(D)	Frequency matching	
22.	The motor that is not self starting is:			
	(A) Synchronous motor	(B)	DC series motor	
	(C) Induction motor with high slip	(D)	Induction motor with medium s	lip
23.	In a type A chopper source voltage is 100 R=4W, L=10mH, E=20V. For continuous con	nduction	\boldsymbol{V}_{avg} and \boldsymbol{I}_{avg} are respectively	
	(A) 40V, 5A	` ′	66.6 V, 10.5 A	
	(C) 62.8 V, 10.71 A	(D)	20 V, 20 A	
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24.		oltmeter having s sensitivity of 1000 W/V realld be :	ads 1	00~V on its $150~V$ scale. The current in the meter
	(A)	15 mA	(B)	1.5 mA
	(C)	10 mA	(D)	0.67mA
25.		and W_2 are the readings of two wattmeters u reactive power drawn by the load is :	ısed t	to measure power of a 3 phase balanced load.
	(A)	$W_1 + W_2$	(B)	$\mathbf{W}_{_1} - \mathbf{W}_{_2}$
	(C)	$\sqrt{3}(\mathbf{W}_1 + \mathbf{W}_2)$	(D)	$\sqrt{3}(\mathbf{W}_1 - \mathbf{W}_2)$
26.	Allı	meters used for measuring current, voltage	and 1	resistances are basically :
	(A)	Multimeters	(B)	Voltmeters
	(C)	Ammeters	(D)	Ohmmeters
27.		o equal voltages of same frequency applied ten. The phase difference between the two v		-
	(A)	30°	(B)	120°
	(C)	90°	(D)	150°
28.	LVI	OT can be used to measure :		
	(A)	Vibration	(B)	Force in a beam
	(C)	Load on a column	(D)	Angular velocity
29.	Cor	ona loss is minimized when :		
	(A)	Conductor size is reduced		
	(B)	Smooth conductor surface is used		
	(C)	Sharp points are provided in the line hardware		
	(D)	Current density in the conductors is reduced		
30.		a fixed value of complex power flow in a tra power loss will be proportional to :	nsmi	ission line having a sending end voltage V and
	(A)		(B)	V^2
	(C)	$\frac{1}{V^2}$	(D)	$\frac{1}{V}$

31. The incremental cost of two generating units delivering 200 MW is as follows :

$$\frac{dF_1}{dP_1} = 20 + 0.1P_1$$

$$\frac{dF_2}{dP_2} = 16 + 0.1P_2$$

For economic operation, the generation P_1 and P_2 should be.

(A) $P_1 = P_2 = 100 \text{ MW}$

(B) $P_1 = 80 \text{ MW}, P_2 = 120 \text{ MW}$

(C) $P_1 = 200 \text{ MW}, P_2 = 0 \text{ MW}$

- (D) $P_1 = 120 \text{ MW}, P_2 = 80 \text{ MW}$
- 32. For a fault at the terminals of a synchronous generator, the fault current is maximum for a :
 - (A) Line to ground fault

(B) L-LG fault

(C) 3-phase fault

- (D) L-L fault
- 33. A plug setting of a negative sequence relay is 0.2 A. The current transformer ratio is 5:1. The minimum time value of the L-L fault current for the operation of the relay is :
 - (A) 1 A

(B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(C) 1.732

- (D) $\frac{0.2}{1.732}$
- 34. A three phase, 33kV oil circuit breaker is rated 1200 A, 2000 MVA, 3S. The symmetrical breaking current is:
 - (A) 1200 A

(B) 35 kA

(C) 3600 A

- (D) 104.8kA
- 35. Consider an impedance of the line (0+j5) Ω with one end voltage as $100 \angle 30^{\circ}$ and other end voltage is $100 \angle 0^{\circ}$. The real and reactive power supplied by bus 1, respectively is :
 - (A) 1000 W, 268 VAR

(B) -1000 W, -134 VAR

(C) 276.9 W,-56.9 VAR

- (D) -276.9 W, 56.7 VAR
- 36. The per unit parameters for a 500 MVA machine on its own base are: Inertia M=20 p.u. reactance, X=2 p.u. The per unit value of inertia and reactance on 100 MVA base are respectively:
 - (A) 4, 0.4

(B) 100, 10

(C) 4, 10

- (D) 100, 0.4
- 37. In a transmission line, the resistance and reactance are found to be equal and regulation appears to be zero, then the load will be:
 - (A) Having leading power factor

(B) Zero power factor

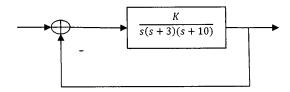
(C) Unity power factor

(D) Lagging power factor

<i>3</i> 8.	The insulation strength of an EHV transmission	on line	is mainly governed by :
	(A) Load power factor	(B)	Switching over-voltages
	(C) Harmonics	(D)	Corona
39.	Two mechanically coupled alternators deliver	powe	r at 50Hz and 60 Hz respectively. The highest
	speed of the alternator is:		
	(A) 1000 RPM	(B)	600 RPM
	(C) 3000 RPM	(D)	1200 RPM
40.	An energy meter having a meter constant of seconds. The load power is:	1200 r	ev per kWh is found to make 5 revolutions in 75
	(A) 500 W	(B)	100 W
	(C) 200 W	(D)	1000W
41.	In a single phase power factor meter, the contr	rolling	torque is :
	(A) Provided by spring control	(B)	Provided by gravity control
	(C) Provided by stiffness of suspension	(D)	Not required
42.	The frequency modulated (FM) radio frequen	ıcy ran	ge is nearly :
	(A) 2500-3000 MHz	(B)	250-350 MHz
	(C) 90-110 MHz	(D)	30-75 MHz
43.	The roots of the characteristics polynomial of	a seco	nd order system having damping ratio e
	between 0 and 1 are:	~	
	(A) Real but not equal		Real and equal
	(C) Complex conjugate	(D)	Imaginary
44.	What are the values respectively of x and y in	the ex	xpression
	$(235)_{x} = (565)_{10} = (865)_{y}$:		
	(A) 8, 16	(B)	16, 8
	(C) 6, 16	(D)	12, 8
45.	D flip-flop can be made from a J-K flip flop by		_
	(A) J = K	(B)	J = K = 1
	(C) $J = 0$ and $K = 1$	(D)	$J = \overline{K}$
46.	The interrupt pin TRAP of an 8085 microproc	cessor i	is:
	(A) Both edge and Level triggered		Edge triggered
	(C) Level triggered	(D)	Connected through a tri-state buffer
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	(_	

47.	A first order low pass filter s given with R=5 of the voltage transfer function of the filter		C=5mF. What is the frequency at which the gain
	(A) 4.92 kHz	(B)	0.49 kHz
	(C) 2.46 kHz	(D)	24.6 kHz
48.	• •	is 10 V, t	ected in a voltage follower configuration. If the hen the minimum frequency at which slew rate
	(A) 1.0 MHz	(B)	6.28 MHz
	(C) 10.0 MHz	(D)	62.8 MHz
49.	The rated voltage of a 3 phase power system	n is giveı	ı as:
	(A) RMS phase voltage	(B)	Peak phase voltage
	(C) RMS line to line voltage	(D)	Peak line to line voltage
50.	For the polynomial given, the number of roo $P(s) = s^3 - 4s^2 + s + 6 \ ;$	ots on left	t half of s-plane is
	(A) One	(B)	Four
	(C) Three	(D)	Two
51.	The value of decimal value $(891)_{10}$ in octal is	s :	
	(A) 1573	(B)	1753
	(C) 1153	(D)	1357
52.	In a zener voltage regulator, if load current	increases	s by increase in load then :
	(A) Zener current decreases		
	(B) Zener current increases		
	(C) Remains unaffected		
	(D) First decreases then increases		
53.	The gain of the amplifier is 100 with its band is applied in the basic amplifier, the feedback		f 10 KHz. If 10 percent of the negative feedback d the new bandwidth are :
	(A) 9.09, 110 KHz	(B)	90.9,110 KHz
	(C) 9.09,1100 Hz	(D)	9.09,11 KHz
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54. The range of K for which the system will be stable for the feedback system given below is :



(A) 0 < K < 30

(B) 0 < K < 39

(C) 0 < K < 390

(D) K > 390

55. The transfer function of a system is given as $\frac{100}{s^2+20s+100}$. The system is :

(A) An over damped system

(B) An under damped system

(C) An unstable system

(D) A critically damped system

56. The system
$$X^* = AX + BU$$
 and $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is:

(A) Stable and controllable

(B) Stable and uncontrollable

(C) Unstable and controllable

- (D) Unstable and uncontrollable
- 57. The 8085 assembly language instruction that stores the content of H and L registers into the memory locations $2050_{\rm H}$ and $2051_{\rm H}$ respectively is :
 - (A) SPHL 2050_H

(B) SPHL 2051,

(C) SHLD 2050_u

- (D) STAX 2050
- $\textbf{58.} \quad \textbf{A diode connects the } \textbf{AC source to a pure inductance L. The diode conducts for:} \\$
 - (A) 90°

(B) 360°

(C) 180°

- (D) 270°
- 59. A half controlled single phase bridge rectifier is supplying an RL load. It is operated at a firing angle a and the load current is continuous. The fraction of cycle that the freewheeling diode conducts is:
 - (A) $\frac{1}{2}$

(B) $1-\frac{\alpha}{\Pi}$

(C) $\frac{\alpha}{2\Pi}$

(D) $\frac{0}{\Gamma}$

60.	 A PWM switching scheme is used with (A) Reduce the total harmonics with mod (B) Minimize the load on the DC side (C) Increase the life of batteries 	-	e inverter to :				
	(D) Reduce low order harmonics and inc	crease high order	harmonics				
61.	In a type A chopper source voltage of 1 of $R = 4 \Omega$, $L = 10$ mH and $E = 20 \text{ V}$. for output current for this chopper are restant (A) 40 V , 5A (C) 62.8 V , 10.7 A	or continuous of spectively: (B)	conduction average output volta 6606 V, 28.3 A				
62.	(C) 62.8 V, 10.7 A (D) 40 V, 20 A A Digital to Analog converter with full scale output voltage of 3.5 V has a resolution close to 14mV. Its bit size is:						
	(A) 4	(B)	8				
	(C) 16	(D)	32				
63.	Bulk power transmission over HVDC	is preferred b	ecause of :				
	(A) Low cost of HVDC terminals	(B)	No harmonics problems				
	(C) Minimum line power losses	(D)	Simple protection				
64.	The L-G fault and 3-phase severity at the terminals of an unloaded synchronous generator is same. If the terminal voltage is 1.0 p.u. and positive, negative and zero sequence reactances are j0.l, j0.l and j0.05 per unit respectively for the generator, then required neutral grounding reactance is:						
	(A) 0.0166 per unit	, ,	0.05 per unit				
	(C) 0.1 per unit	(D)	0.15 per unit				
65.	How many 200 W/220V incandescent lamps connected in series would consume the same total power as a single 100 W/220 V incandescent lamp:						
	(A) 4	(B)	3				
	(C) 6	(D)	2				
66.	Given two continuous time signals $x(t) = x(t) * y(t)$ is:	$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{e}^t$ and $\mathbf{y}(t) =$	e^{-2t} which exist for $t > 0$, the con	volution			
	$(A) e^t - e^{-2t}$	(B)	e^{-3t}				
	(C) e^t	(D)	$e^t + e^{-2t}$				

67. Consider the function $F(s) = \frac{5}{s(s^2 + 3s + 2)}$ where F(s) is the Laplace transform of the function f(t).

The initial value of the f(t) is equal to:

(A) 5

(B) $\frac{5}{3}$

(C) $\frac{5}{2}$

- (D) 0
- 68. In a transformer, zero voltage regulation at full load is:
 - (A) Not possible

- (B) Possible at unity power factor load
- (C) Possible at leading power factor load
- (D) Possible at lagging power factor load
- 69. The voltage phasor of a circuit is $10 \angle 15^{\circ}$ V and the current phasor is $2 \angle -45^{\circ}$ A. The active and reactive powers in the circuit are :
 - (A) 10 W and 17.32 VAR

(B) 5 W and 8.66 VAR

(C) 20 W and 60 VAR

(D) $20\sqrt{2}$ W and $10\sqrt{2}$ VAR

- 70. Load curve is a plot of:
 - (A) Load versus generation capacity
- (B) Load versus current

(C) Load versus time

- (D) Load versus cost of power
- 71. A generating station has a maximum demand of 20 MW and connected of 40 MW. Total units generated are 4.36×10^7 per year. The demand factor is :
 - (A) 2

(B) $\frac{2}{3}$

(C) $\frac{1}{2}$

- (D) $\frac{1}{3}$
- 72. If the sum of product function $f(X,Y,Z) = \sum (2,3,4,5)$. The prime implicants are :
 - (A) $\overline{X}Y + X\overline{Y}$

(B) $\overline{X}Y + X\overline{Y}\overline{Z} + X\overline{Y}Z$

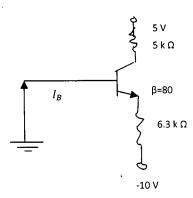
(C) $\overline{X}Y\overline{Z} + \overline{X}YZ + X\overline{Y}$

- (D) $\overline{X} Y \overline{Z} + \overline{X} Y Z + X \overline{Y} \overline{Z} + X \overline{Y} Z$
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73. In the circuit below the value of the base current will be ______ if the base emitter junction drop is 0.7 V:

- (A) $0.18 \,\mu\,A$
- (C) $26.73 \,\mu\,A$

- (B) $18.42 \,\mu A$
- (D) $40.21 \,\mu\,A$



- 74. A 3 phase, 3 stack variable reluctance step motor has 20 poles on each rotor and stator stack. The step angle of this step motor is:
 - (A) 3°

(B) 6°

(C) 9°

(D) 18°

CET(PG)-2016

Sr. No.:	
Sr. No.:	

Question Booklet Series: A

T 4 4	DI 1, A.1. ; C	1/D 11N1 (1) 1 C ("11) D 11N1 1 (1 TD (D 11) 1
important:	Please consult your Admit C	ard / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.E. Mechanical Engineering (Manufacturing Tech.)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

M.E. Mechanical Engineering (Manufacturing Tech.)/A

1.	For	quick response of a thermocouple to observ	e vai	ying temperatures of fluids :
	(A)	wire diameter must be large		
	(B)	wire material density must be high		
	(C)	wire material specific heat must be high		
	(D)	wire surface heat transfer coefficients must be h	igh	
2.	A st	ream of moist air at dry-bulb temperature o	of 40	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and dew-point temperature of 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
	pass	ses through a water shower maintained at 20	°C.'	The stream of air will undergo a process
	of:			
	(A)	sensible cooling	(B)	evaporative cooling
	(C)	cooling and humidification	(D)	cooling and dehumidification
3.	Wh	en unsaturated air undergoes adiabatic sa	tura	tion, which of the following properties
	deci	rease(s) ?		
	1.	Relative humidity		
	2.	Specific humidity		
	3.	Dry-bulb temperature		
	4.	Wet-bulb temperature		
	(A)	1,2,3 and 4	(B)	2 only
	(C)	3 only	(D)	4 only
4.	Am	monia used as refrigerant is non-corrosive t	0:	
	(A)	Iron and steel	(B)	Copper and copper alloys
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	Neither (A) nor (B)
5.	tem	efrigerator based on reversed Carnot cycle peratures of -23 $^{\circ}$ C and 27 $^{\circ}$ C. If a cooling rate or in kW ?		· ·
	(A)		(B)	2.5
	(C)		(D)	
	(0)		(\mathbf{D})	20

6.	The	laminar boundary layer occurs when a col-	d flui	id flows over a hot plate. In which of the				
	follo	following positions, the temperature gradient assumes zero value?						
	(A)	At bottom of boundary layer						
	(B)	In mid free stream of fluid						
	(C)	At top of boundary layer						
	(D)	At the junction of laminar and turbulent boundar	ry lay	ver				
7.	Wh	ich one of the following statements is correc	et?					
	(A)	Fins should be attached on the side where heat	transf	Fer coefficients are high				
	(B)	Effectiveness of fins depends on thermal conduction	ctivity	only				
	(C)	Fins must have small thickness for better heat d	issipa	ition				
	(D)	In boiling heat transfer appliances, fins will be vo	ery ef	fective				
8.	The	COP of a refrigerator working on a reverse	ed Ca	arnot cycle is 5. The ratio of the highest				
	abso	olute temperature to the lowest absolute tem	ıpera	ture would be :				
	(A)	1.25	(B)	1.3				
	(C)	1.4	(D)	1.2				
9.	This	s reversible cycle consists of constant volum	e hea	nt addition, reversible adiabatic				
	expa	ansion and constant pressure heat rejection	:					
	(A)	Otto cycle	(B)	Lenoir cycle				
	(C)	Atkinson cycle	(D)	Brayton cycle				
10.	In a	petrol engine, the tendency for detonation	incre	ases with:				
	(A)	retarded spark timing	(B)	running the engine at high speed				
	(C)	supercharging	(D)	increasing the cooling rate				
11.	A sa	itellite floats in deep space with very high ve	elocit	y. It will continuously lose heat by :				
	(A)	convection	(B)	conduction and convection				
	(C)	radiation	(D)	radiation and convection				
12.	A furnace has a 20 cm thick wall with thermal conductivity 0.8 W/m-K. For the same heat							
		from the furnace, what will be the thickness	s of th	ne wall if the thermal conductivity of				
		material is 0.16 W/m-K ?						
	` ′	4 cm		6.3 cm				
	` ′	10 cm	` ′	40 cm				
13.		nsteady-state heat conduction for bodies wi	th ne	gligible temperature gradients, the time				
		perature variation curve is :	(T)					
	` /	linear	, ,	parabolic				
	(C)	sinusoidal	(D)	exponential				

14.	A pump handling a liquid raises its pressure	e from 1 bar to 30 bar. Take the density of the				
	liquid as 990 kg $/$ m 3 . The isentropic specific work done by the pump in kJ/kg is :					
	(A) 0.10	(B) 0.30				
	(C) 2.50	(D) 2.93				
15.	.	engine is 60 mm and the diameter of the cylinder				
	is 80mm. The swept volume of the cylinder i	in cm ³ is:				
	(A) 48	(B) 96				
	(C) 302	(D) 603				
16.	Heat and work are:					
	(A) Intensive properties	(B) Extensive properties				
	(C) Point functions	(D) Path functions				
17.	In order to have maximum power from a Pe	elton turbine, the bucket speed must be :				
	(A) Equal to the jet speed	(B) Equal to half the jet speed				
	(C) Equal to twice the jet speed	(D) Independent of the jet speed				
18.	Water is coming out from a tap and falls vert	tically downwards. At the tap opening, the stream				
10.	8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
10.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of	of 2 m/s. Acceleration due to gravity is 9.81 m/s ² .				
10.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting				
10.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia					
	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately:	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is				
10.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15				
	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25				
19.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerger	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface:				
	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerger (A) is a point on the submerged area at which the	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act.				
	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerge (A) is a point on the submerged area at which to (B) should always coincide within the centre of	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act. f submerged area				
	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerge (A) is a point on the submerged area at which to (B) should always coincide within the centre of (C) should be at the centre of gravity of the plane.	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act. f submerged area				
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19.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerge (A) is a point on the submerged area at which to (B) should always coincide within the centre of (C) should be at the centre of gravity of the plant (D) is always below the centroid of area Fanno line flow is a flow through a constant (A) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act. If submerged area ane surface area duct: sence of work				
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19.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerge (A) is a point on the submerged area at which to (B) should always coincide within the centre of (C) should be at the centre of gravity of the plant (D) is always below the centroid of area Fanno line flow is a flow through a constant (A) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with friction and heat transfer but in the absence of the control of the plant (B) with	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act. f submerged area ane surface area duct: sence of work d by work				
19.	diameter is 20 mm with uniform velocity of Assuming steady, inviscid flow, constant at curvature and surface tension effects, the dia approximately: (A) 10 (C) 20 The centre of pressure of a plane submerge (A) is a point on the submerged area at which to (B) should always coincide within the centre of (C) should be at the centre of gravity of the plant (D) is always below the centroid of area Fanno line flow is a flow through a constant (A) with friction and heat transfer but in the abs (B) with friction and heat transfer accompanied	tmospheric pressure everywhere and neglecting ameter in mm of the stream 0.5 m below the tap is (B) 15 (D) 25 ed surface: the resultant hydrostatic force is supposed to act. If submerged area ane surface area duct: sence of work d by work asfer or work				

М.Е.	Mech	nanical Engineering (Manufacturing Tech.)/BJL-916-		6 ※
	(C)	G and B are coincident	(D)	Independent of the locations of G and B
	` ′	G is located below B	(B)	
27.	cond	a completely submerged body with centre or dition of stability will be :	ı gra	
77		Exergy	` '	Rothalpy
		Entropy	` ′	Enthalpy
		rence environment, is called:	(T)	F 4.1
26.		maximum theoretical work obtainable, whe	n a sy	ystem interacts to equilibrium with a
	(C)	2 and 3 only	(D)	1 and 3 only
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	(B)	1 and 2 only
	3.	The rate of pressure rise in Diesel knock is lower	r thai	n in detonation in spark ignition engines
	2.	The Diesel knock occurs near the end of combu	ıstior	1
	1.	A long ignition delay period increases tendency		
25.	, ,	ich of the following statements are correct fo	or 'D	riesel knock'?
	, ,	long flame travel distance		
	` /	surface to volume ratio should be high	iiiiui	
	(A) (B)	heat liberation during combustion should be max	imur	n
44.		I engines for higher thermal efficiency: compression ratio should be high		
24.	(D)	change as the fuel cut-off ratio is increased		
	` ′	decrease as the fuel cut-off ratio is increased		
	(B)	not change as the fuel cut-off ratio is increased		
	` ′	increase as the fuel cut-off ratio is increased		
23.		a heat engine working on an air standard D	iesel	cycle the efficiency will:
	` /	2.33	` ′	1.33
	` ′	3.33	` ′	3.00
	mac	hine with all conditions unchanged, the coef	ficier	nt of performance will be :
22.	A re	eversible engine has ideal thermal efficienc	y of 3	30%. When it is used as a refrigerating
	(D)	inversely on viscosity of flowing medium		
	(C)	directly on length of pipe		
	(B)	directly on square of pipe radius		
	(A)	inversely on flow of velocity		

 ${\bf 21.} \ \ {\bf Pressure \ loss \ for \ laminar \ flow \ through \ pipeline \ is \ dependent:}$

Ast	he temperature increases, the thermal conductivity of a gas :
(A)	increases
(B)	decreases
(C)	remains constant
(D)	increases up to a certain temperature and then decreases
	(A) (B) (C)

29. Kaplan water turbine is commonly used when the flow through its runner is:

- (A) axial and the head available is more than 100 m
- (B) axial and the head available is less than 10 m
- (C) radial and the head available is more than 100 m
- (D) mixed and the head available is about 50 m

30. Consider the following statements regarding streamline(s):

- It is a continuous line such that the tangent at any point on it shows the velocity vector at that point
- There is no flow across streamlines (ii)
- (iii) dx/u=dy/v=dz/w is the differential equation of a streamline, where u, v and w are velocities in directions x, y and z, respectively
- (iv) In an unsteady flow, the path of a particle is a streamline Which one of the following combinations of the statements is true? (A) (i), (ii), (iv)

(B) (ii), (iii), (iv)

(C) (i), (iii), (iv)

(D) (i), (ii), (iii)

31. Consider the turbulent flow of a fluid through a circular pipe of diameter, D. Identify the correct pair of statements.

- The fluid is well-mixed
- The fluid is unmixed
- III. $Re_D < 2300$
- IV. $Re_{D} > 2300$
- (A) I, III

(B) II, IV

(C) II, III

(D) I, IV

32. Thermal conductivity of pure metals:

- (A) decrease with increase in temperature
- (B) increase with increase in temperature
- (C) remains same with increase in temperature
- (D) increase and decrease depending upon the temperature values

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- (A) ratio of inertia force to viscous force
- (B) ratio of surface tension force to inertia force
- (C) ratio of product of inertia force and buoyant force to square of viscous force
- (D) none of these

34. Gray surface is defined as:

- (A) surface whose color is gray
- (B) surface that absorb all the radiations falling on that
- (C) surface that reflect all the radiations falling on it
- (D) surface whose monochromatic emissivity is independent of wavelength

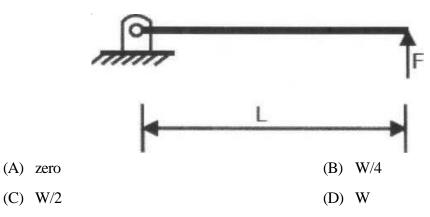
35. Which one of the following is a CFC refrigerant?

(A) R744

(B) R290

(C) R502

- (D) R718
- 36. A pin jointed uniform rigid rod of weight W and Length L is supported horizontally by an external force F as shown in the figure below. The force F is suddenly removed. At the instant of force removal, the magnitude of vertical reaction developed at the support is:



- 37. A planar closed kinematic chain is formed with rigid links PQ = 2.0 m, QR = 3.0 m, RS = 2.5 m and SP = 2.7 m with all revolute joints. The link to be fixed to obtain a double rocker (rocker-rocker) mechanism is:
 - (A) PQ

(B) QR

(C) RS

(D) SP

- 38. If two nodes are observed at a frequency of 1800 rpm during whirling of a simply supported long slender rotating shaft, the first critical speed of the shaft in rpm is:
 - (A) 200

(B) 450

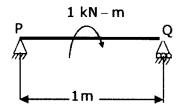
(C) 600

- (D) 900
- 39. The threaded bolts A and B of same material and length are subjected to identical tensile load. If the elastic strain energy stored in bolt A is 4 times that of the bolt B and the mean diameter of bolt A is 12mm, the mean diameter of bolt B in mm is:
 - (A) 16

(B) 24

(C) 36

- (D) 48
- 40. A simply supported beam PQ is loaded by a moment of 1kN-m at the mid-span of the beam as shown in the figure. The reaction forces RP and RQ at supports P and Q respectively are:

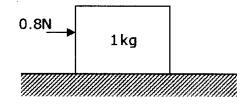


- (A) 1kN downward, 1kN upward
- (B) 0.5kN upward, 0.5kN downward
- (C) 0.5kN downward, 0.5kN upward
- (D) 1kN upward, 1kN upward
- 41. A column has a rectangular cross-section of $10 \text{ mm} \times 20 \text{ mm}$ and a length of 1m. The slenderness ratio of the column is close to
 - (A) 200

(B) 346

(C) 477

- (D) 1000
- 42. A 1 kg block is resting on a surface with coefficient of friction m = 0.1. A force of 0.8 N is applied to the block as shown in figure. The friction force is:



(A) 0

(B) 0.8N

(C) 0.98N

(D) 1.2N

A metric thread of pitch 2mm and thread angle 60° is inspected for its pitch diameter using 3-					
wire metl	nod. The diameter of the best size wire	in m	m is:		
(A) 0.86	6	(B)	1.000		
(C) 1.15	4	(D)	2.000		
For a duc	etile material, toughness is a measure o	of:			
(A) Resis	stance to scratching	(B)	Ability to absorb energy up to fracture		
(C) Abili	ty to absorb energy till elastic limit	(D)	Resistance to indentation		
Multistar	t threads are used to get :				
(A) Smal	ller linear displacement				
(B) Large	er linear displacement with assured self loc	king			
(C) Large	er linear displacement with no guarantee of	f self l	ocking		
(D) None	e of the above				
The magn	itude of stress induced in a shaft due to	o app	olied torque varies :		
(A) From	n maximum at the centre to zero at the circu	ımfer	rence		
(B) From	n zero at the centre to maximum at the circu	ımfer	rence		
(C) From	n maximum at the centre to minimum but n	ot zer	o at the circumference		
(D) From	n minimum but not zero at the centre, to ma	ximu	m at the circumference		
A copper	rod 400mm long is pulled in tension t	o a le	ength of 401-2 mm by applying a tensile		
load of 33	$80\mathrm{MPa}$. If the deformation is entirely ϵ	elasti	c, the Young's modulus of copper is :		
(A) 110 C	GPa	(B)	110 MPa		
(C) 11Gl	Pa	(D)	11 MPa		
	• • •		hich is heated through a temperature		
of 400°C.	The stress induced in the copper bar	is:			
(A) Tensi	lle	(B)	Compressive		
(C) Both	tensile and compressive	(D)	Shear		
-	•				
2. The rat	tio of the base circle radii of the gears	woul	d be:		
(A) 0.5		(B)	0.68		
(C) 0.72		(D)	1.00		
	(A) 0.866 (C) 1.154 For a duct (A) Resis (C) Abilit Multistar (A) Small (B) Large (C) Large (D) None (The magn (A) From (B) From (C) From (D) From (A copper load of 33 (A) 110 (C) 11Gl A bar of cof 400° C. (A) Tensi (C) Both Two spur 2. The rat (A) 0.5	wire method. The diameter of the best size wire (A) 0.866 (C) 1.154 For a ductile material, toughness is a measure of the diameter of the d	wire method. The diameter of the best size wire in m (A) 0.866 (C) 1.154 (D) For a ductile material, toughness is a measure of: (A) Resistance to scratching (B) (C) Ability to absorb energy till elastic limit (D) Multistart threads are used to get: (A) Smaller linear displacement (B) Larger linear displacement with assured self locking (C) Larger linear displacement with no guarantee of self locking (C) Larger linear displacement with no guarantee of self locking (C) From maximum at the centre to zero at the circumfer (B) From zero at the centre to maximum at the circumfer (C) From maximum at the centre to minimum but not zer (D) From minimum but not zero at the centre, to maximum A copper rod 400mm long is pulled in tension to a load of 330 MPa. If the deformation is entirely elastic (A) 110 GPa (B) (C) 11GPa (D) A bar of copper and steel form a composite system we of 400° C. The stress induced in the copper bar is: (A) Tensile (B) (C) Both tensile and compressive (D) Two spur gears of 20° full depth involute system are: 2. The ratio of the base circle radii of the gears would (A) 0.5		

50.	In a centrifugal governor, the controlling for rotation is 2 cm and 38 N. When the radius of	orce is observed to be 14 N when the radius of of rotation is 6 cm, the governor:
	(A) is a stable governor	
	(B) is an unstable governor	
	(C) is an isochronous governor	
	(D) cannot be said of what type with the given da	lata
51.	If the radius is doubled and the speed is reductioned force would become:	ced to half of its original value, the centrifugal
	(A) 2.0 times the original value	(B) 0.5 times the original value
	(C) 0.2 times the original value	(D) 1.5 times the original value
52.	An unbalanced couple of magnitude 300 N-m	n is noticed on a shaft of length 200 cm. The
	dynamic reactions at the bearings are :	
	(A) 300 N and -300 N	(B) 300 N and 300 N
	(C) 150 N and 150 N	(D) 150 N and -150 N
53.	In a vibrating system the spring has stiffness 3 a damper whose coefficient of viscous dampin	32 N/m and the mass 2kg. The system is having ing is 8 N-s/m. The system is:
	(A) Over damped system	(B) Under damped system
	(C) Critical damped system	(D) Undamped system
54.	When a rotor of mass 100 kg is mounted on a sl	shaft, a bending deflection of 0.1 mm is observed
	at the place where the rotor is placed. What is	is the dangerous speed of the rotor?
	(A) 100 rpm	(B) 750 rpm
	(C) 1495 rpm	(D) 2990 rpm
55.	In the assembly of pulley, key and shaft:	
	(A) Pulley is made the weakest	(B) Key is made the weakest
	(C) Key is made the strongest	(D) All the three are designed for equal strength
56.	Which of the following is a joint formed by int	nterference fits ?
	(A) Joint of cycle axle and its bearing	
	(B) Joint between I.C. Engine piston and cylinder	er
	(C) Joint between a pulley and shaft transmitting p	gpower
	(D) Joint of lathe spindle and its bearing	

57.	h, a	isider a simply supported beam of length, 50 and width, 2h. The beam carries a vertical posimum shear stress to the maximum bending	int l	oad, P, at its mid-point. The ratio of the	
	(A)	0.02	(B)	0.10	
	(C)	0.05	(D)	0.01	
58.		ibration isolation, which one of the following nsmissibility (T) ?	g stat	ements is NOT correct regarding	
	(A)	T is nearly unity at small excitation frequencies			
	(B)	T can be always reduced by using higher dampi	ng at	any excitation frequency	
	(C)	T is unity at the frequency ratio of 2			
	(D)	T is infinity at resonance for undamped systems			
59.	Edg	e dislocation is a :			
	(A)	Point imperfection	(B)	Line imperfection	
	(C)	Surface imperfection	(D)	Volume imperfection	
60.	Van	anadium in high speed steels :			
	(A)	Has a tendency to promote decarburization			
	(B)	Form very hard carbides and thereby increases	the v	vear resistance of the tool	
	(C)	Helps in achieving high hot hardness			
	(D)	Has a tendency to promote retention of Austenia	te		
61.	Flar	ne hardening is NOT suitable for surfaces o	f low	carbon steel components due to :	
	(A)	Low carbon steels are non-heat treatable alloys	3		
	(B)	Melting of components due to high heat energy			
	(C)	Distortion of components during heat treatment			
	(D)	Inability to produce Martensite structure in com-	pone	ent surfaces	
62.	Wel	dability depends on :			
	1.	Thermal conductivity			
	2.	Surface condition			
	3.	Change in microstructure			
	(A)	1 and 2 only	(B)	1 and 3 only	
	(C)	2 and 3 only	(D)	1,2 and 3	

03.	in a ronning process, the state of stress of the material undergoing deformation is:				
	(A) Pure compression	(B)	Pure shear		
	(C) Compression and shear	(D)	Tension and shear		
64.	The operation in which oil is permeated into t	he po	ores of a powder metallurgy product is		
	known as:				
	(A) Mixing	(B)	Sintering		
	(C) Impregnation	(D)	Infiltration		
65.	Green sand mould indicates that:				
	(A) Polymeric mould has been cured	(B)	Mould has been totally dried		
	(C) Mould is green in colour	(D)	Mould contains moisture		
66.	The process of reheating the martensitic steel to	o red	uce its brittleness without any		
	significant loss in its hardness is:				
	(A) normalizing	(B)	annealing		
	(C) quenching	(D)	tempering		
67.	In solid-state welding, the contamination layers b	etwe	en the surfaces to be welded are removed		
	by:				
	(A) alcohol	(B)	plastic deformation		
	(C) water jet	(D)	sand blasting		
68	In CNC machine the cutter moves from point A	(3,5)	to point B(7,12), what are coordinates		
	of point B in incremental system:				
	(A) (7,12)	(B)	(3,5)		
	(C) (10,17)	(D)	(4,7)		
69.	The flatness of a machine bed can be measured	usin	g:		
	(A) Vernier calipers	(B)	Auto collimator		
	(C) Height gauge	(D)	Tool maker's microscope		

70.		at A defined by (15,7,0) is translated by 5i+6 at A ?	j+0k.	What will be the new coordinates of the
	(A)	(20,13,0)	(B)	(20,13,5)
	(C)	(0,0,0)	(D)	(75,42,0)
71.	The	hot tearing in a metal casting is due to:		
	(A)	high fluidity	(B)	high melt temperature
	(C)	wide range of solidification temperature	(D)	low coefficient of thermal expansion
72.	Bett	ter surface finish is obtained with a large ra	ke aı	ngle because :
	(A)	the area of shear plane decreases resulting in th	e dec	rease in shear force and cutting force
	(B)	the tool becomes thinner and the cutting force i	s redu	uced
	(C)	less heat is accumulated in the cutting zone		
	(D)	the friction between the chip and the tool is less		
73.	Wit	hin the Heat Affected Zone (HAZ) in a fusion v	veldi	ng process, the work material undergoes :
	(A)	microstructural changes but does not melt		
	(B)	neither melting nor microstructural changes		
	(C)	both melting and microstructural changes after s	olidif	ication
	(D)	melting and retains the original microstructure af	ter so	lidification
74.	At b	oreak-even point, inventory carrying cost is	:	
	(A)	Four times the preparatory cost	(B)	Three times the preparatory cost
	(C)	Two times the preparatory cost	(D)	Equal to the preparatory cost
75.	If a	=5 what will be value of a++?		
	(A)	5	(B)	6
	(C)	3	(D)	10

CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No.:	
Sr. No.:	

Question Booklet Series: A

Important: Please consult your Admit Card / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet.

Poll No. In Figures In Words

KUII 140.	mrigures	III WOTUS
O.M.R. Ans	wer Sheet Serial No.	
Paper : I	Sig	gnature of the Candidate :

Subject: M.E. Civil Engineering (Construction Technology and Management) Programme

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75
DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Ouestion Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

M.E. Civil Engineering (Construction Technology & Management) Programme/A

1. The difference between the most probable value of a quantity and its observed value is :

(A) true error

(B) weighted observation

(C) conditional error

(D) residual error

2. The adjustment of horizontal cross hair is required particularly when the instrument is used for:

(A) levelling

- (B) prolonging a straight line
- (C) measuring of horizontal angles

(D) ranging

3. The type of surveying which requires least office work is:

(A) tacheometry

(B) trigonometrical levelling

(C) plane table surveying

(D) theodolite surveying

4. A unit hydrograph has one unit of:

(A) rainfall duration

(B) rainfall excess

(C) time base of direct runoff

(D) discharge

5. Which of the following is not a PERT event?

(A) site investigation started

(B) sessional work completed

(C) class is being attended

(D) bus starts from jaipur

6. The submerged density of soil in terms of unit weight of water g, specific gravity G and voids ratio e is given by the expression:

(A) $\frac{\gamma(G-1)}{1+e}$

 $(B) \quad \frac{\gamma(G\!-\!1)}{1-e}$

(C) $\frac{\gamma(G+1)}{1-e}$

(D) $\frac{\gamma(G+1)}{1+e}$

7. If the degree of saturation of a partially saturated soil is 60%, then air content of the soil is :

(A) 80%

(B) 60%

(C) 40%

(D) 100%

8. According to IS classification, the range of silt size particles is :

(A) 4.75 mm to 2.00 mm

(B) 2.00 mm to 0.425 mm

(C) 0.425 mm to 0.075 mm

(D) 0.075 mm to 0.002 mm

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9.	The	bearing capacity of a strip footing on a satu	rated	d clay is 120kN/m^2 . The bearing capacity		
	of a	circular footing (diameter = width) will be :				
	(A)	more than $120 kN/m^2$	(B)	equal to 120 kN/m ²		
	(C)	less than $120 kN/m^2$	(D)	less than equal to $120kN/m^2$		
10.	A sh	nallow foundation is defined as a foundation	whic	h:		
	(A)	has low bearing capacity	(B)	is resting on the ground surface		
	(C)	has a depth of embedment less than its width	(D)	causes less settlement		
11.	Wh	ich of the following trees yield hard wood?				
	(A)	deodar	(B)	chir		
	(C)	shishum	(D)	pine		
12.	Firs	st class timber has an average life of :				
	(A)	less than one year	(B)	1 to 5 years		
	(C)	5 to 10 years	(D)	more than 10 years		
13.	The equilibrium super elevation to be provided on a curve of radius R metres and speed of vehicle V kmph is given by :					
		$\frac{\text{GV}^2}{127\text{R}}$	(D)	GV^2		
			(B)	$\frac{\text{GV}^2}{160\text{R}}$		
	(C)	$\frac{GV^2}{147R}$	(D)	$\frac{\text{GV}^2}{217\text{R}}$		
		147R ere G is gauge.	(_)	217R		
	,,,11	ore on Suuge.				
14.	The self cleaning velocity for all sewers in India is usually:					
	` ′	less than 1.0 m/sec		1.0 m/sec to 1.2 m/sec		
	(C)	1.5 m/sec to 2.0 m/sec	(D)	3.0 m/sec to 3.5 m/sec		
15.		type of sewer which is suitable for both co				
	` ′	circular sewer	, ,	egg shaped sewer		
	(C)	horse-shoe type sewer	(D)	semi-elliptical sewer		
16.	The	phenomenon of decreased resistance of a	mate	rial to reversal of stress is called :		
	(A)	creep	(B)	fatigue		
	(C)	resilience	(D)	plasticity		
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17.		ne length of a simply supported beam carryi ection at the centre will become :	ing a co	oncentrated load at centre is doubled, the		
		two times	(B)	fourtimes		
	` '	eight times	` ′	sixteen times		
	(0)		(2)			
18.	A lo	ng column has maximum crippling load wh	nen its	:		
	(A)	both ends are hinged	(B)	both ends are fixed		
	(C)	one end is fixed and other end is hinged	(D)	one end is fixed and other end is free		
19.	Slen	nderness ratio of a 5m long column hinged a	at both	ends and having a circular cross-section		
	with	n diameter 16 cm is :				
	(A)	31.25	(B)	62.50		
	(C)	100	(D)	125		
20.	The	design pressure on walls for buildings wit	h norn	nal permeability is taken as		
		0.2p		0.5p		
	` '	0.7p	(D)	*		
	` '	re p is the basic wind pressure	` '			
21.	Wh	Which of the following is used to measure the discharge?				
		current meter		venturimeter		
	` ′	pitot tube	` ′	hotwire anemometer		
22.	Acti	ivated carbon is used for :				
	(A)	disinfection	(B)	removing hardness		
	` ′	removing odours		removing corrosiveness		
23.	Per	iod of cleaning of slow sand filters is about	: :			
		24-48 hours		10-12 days		
	` '	2-3 months		1 -2 years		
24.	Wh	ich of the following causes a decrease in pe	r capi	ta consumption ?		
		use of metering system	_	good quality of water		
		better standard of living of the peoples	(D)			
25.	The	runoff increases with :				
		increase in intensity of rain	(B)	increase in infiltration capacity		
		increase in permeability of soil		increase in slope of ground surface		
	(0)	mercuse in perineuomey of soil	(D)	mercase in stope of ground surface		
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26. Desire lines are plotted	in	:
------------------------------	----	---

(A) traffic volume studies

(B) speed studies

(C) accident studies

(D) origin and destination studies

27. When a number of roads are meeting at a point and only one of the roads is important, then the suitable shape of rotary is ?

(A) circular

(B) tangent

(C) elliptical

(D) turbine

28. Centre line markings are used:

- (A) to designate traffic lanes
- (B) in roadways meant for two way traffic
- (C) to indicate that overtaking is not permitted
- (D) to designate proper lateral placement of vehicles before turning to different directions

29. The most economical lighting layout which is suitable for narrow roads is :

(A) single side lighting

(B) staggered system

(C) central lighting system

(D) double side lighting

30. Staggered joints in railway track are generally provided:

- (A) on curves
- (B) on straight track
- (C) when two different rail sections are required to be joined
- (D) on bridges

31. Standard size of wooden sleeper for Broad Gauge track is:

(A) $275 \times 25 \times 13$ cm

(B) $275 \times 20 \times 11.5$ cm

(C) $275 \times 23 \times 13$ cm

(D) $275 \times 26 \times 12.5 \text{ cm}$

32. For a cantilever of 50cm, the maximum vertical deflection limit is :

(A) 3.5m

(B) 4m

(C) 4.5m

(D) 5m

33. The modular ratio 'n' in terms of permissible compressive stress due to bending in concrete $s_{\rm chc}$ (in N/mm²) is given by :

(A) $\frac{280}{\sigma_{\rm cbc}}$

(B) $\frac{280}{2\sigma_{\rm chc}}$

(C) $\frac{280}{3\sigma_{\rm cho}}$

(D) $\frac{2800}{\sigma_{\rm cbc}}$

34.	With the increase in rate of loading during testing, compressive strength of concrete:						
	(A)	increases	(B)	decreases			
	(C)	remains same	(D)	decreases up to peak then increases			
35.	A good building stone should not absorb water more than:						
	(A)	5%	(B)	10%			
	(C)	15%	(D)	20%			
36.	The	age of a tree can be known by	examining:				
	(A)	cambium layers	(B)	annular rings			
	(C)	medullary rays	(D)	heart wood			
37.	Hyd	lraulic lime is obtained by :					
	(A)	burning of lime stone	(B)	burning of kankar			
	(C)	adding water to quick lime	(D)	calcinations of pure clay			
38.	Wh	ich of the following cements is	suitable for use in	massive concrete structures?			
	(A)	ordinary portland cement	(B)	low heat cement			
	(C)	rapid hardening cement	(D)	sulphate resistant cement			
39.	The minimum depth of foundation in clayey soil is:						
	(A)	50 cm	(B)	70 cm			
	(C)	90 cm	(D)	120 cm			
40.	If a	material has identical propert	ies in all direction	s, it is said to be :			
	(A)	homogeneous	(B)	isotropic			
	(C)	elastic	(D)	orthotropic			
41.	If th	ne rivet value is 1680 kg and f	orce in the membe	er is 1630 kg, then the number of rivets			
	requ	uired for the connection of the	member to a guss	et plate is :			
	(A)	1	(B)	2			
	(C)	3	(D)	4			
42.	Max	ximum bending moment in a bo	eam occurs where	:			
	(A)	deflection is zero	(B)	shear force is maximum			
	(C)	shear force is minimum	(D)	shear force changes sign			
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43. Impulse can be obtained from a :

- (A) force-displacement diagram
- (C) velocity-time diagram

- (B) force-time diagram
- (D) velocity-displacement diagram

44. The range of economical spacing trusses varies from :

(A) $\frac{L}{3}$ to $\frac{L}{5}$

(B) $\frac{L}{4}$ to $\frac{2L}{5}$

(C) $\frac{L}{5}$ to $\frac{L}{12}$

(D) $\frac{2L}{5}$ to $\frac{3L}{12}$

45. A soil has bulk density of 22 kN/m³ and water content 10%. The dry density of soil is

(A) $18.6 \, \text{kN/m}^3$

(B) 20 kN/m^3

(C) 22 kN/m^3

(D) 23.2 kN/m^3

46. The relation between duty D in hectares/cumec, depth of water D in meters and base period B in days is given by:

(A) $\Delta = \frac{B}{8.64D}$

(B) $\Delta = \frac{8.64B}{D}$

(C) $\Delta = \frac{D}{8.64B}$

(D) $\Delta = \frac{8.64D}{B}$

47. Coefficient of variation is given by :

(A) $\frac{\text{variance deviation}}{\text{mean}} \times 100$

(B) $\frac{\text{variance}}{\text{mean}} \times 100$

(C) $\frac{\text{mean}}{\text{standard deviation}} \times 100$

(D) $\frac{\text{mean}}{\text{variance}} \times 100$

48. For which of the following permanent adjustments of: theodolite, is the spire test used?

- (A) adjustment of plate levels
- (B) adjustment of line of sight
- (C) adjustment of horizontal axis
- (D) adjustment of altitude bubble and vertical index frame

49. The least dimension in case of circular column of diameter D is taken as?

(A) 0.50 D

(B) 0.68 D

(C) 0.88 D

(D) 1.9 D

50.	Inci	rease in the moisture content in concrete :		
	(A)	reduces the strength	(B)	increases the strength
	(C)	does not change the strength	(D)	reduces the density
51.	Asc	compared to ordinary Portland cement, use	of poz	zzolanic cement :
	(A)	reduces workability	(B)	increases bleeding
	(C)	increases shrinkage	(D)	increases strength
52.	Pre	-stressing losses in post-tensioned and pre-	tensio	oned beams are respectively :
	(A)	15% and 20%	(B)	20% and 15%
	(C)	15% and 25%	(D)	10% and 20%
53.	If a	beam fails in bond, then its bond strength c	an be	e increased most economically by :
	(A)	increasing the depth of beam	(B)	using thinner bars but more in number
	(C)	using thicker bars but less in number	(D)	providing vertical stirrups
54.	The	specimen in a Charpy impact test is suppo	rted a	as a:
	(A)	cantilever beam	(B)	simply supported beam
	(C)	fixed beam	(D)	continuous beam
55.		orce P of 5kg and another force Q of unknow		gnitude act at 90° to each other. They are
		anced by a force of 13kg. The magnitude of	_	0.1
	, ,	6 kg	, ,	8 kg
	(C)	10 kg	(D)	12 kg
		centre of gravity of a semicircle of radius r		
	(A)	3r	(D)	4r
	(A)	$\frac{3r}{2\pi}$ $\frac{2r}{3\pi}$	(B)	$\frac{4r}{3\pi}$ $\frac{3r}{4\pi}$
	<i>(</i> ~)	2r	~ `	3r
	(C)	$\overline{3\pi}$	(D)	$\overline{4\pi}$
57.		ne thickness of plate to be connected by a ri	vet is	16mm, then suitable size of rivet as per
		vin's formula will be :	(D)	20
	` ′	16 mm	` ′	20 mm
	(C)	24 mm	(D)	27 mm
58.	The load	maximum slenderness ratio of a compression l is :	mem	ber carrying both dead and superimposed
	(A)	180	(B)	200
	(C)	250	(D)	350
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59.	vv n	ich of the following is a scalar quantity?					
	(A)	energy	(B)	momentum			
	(C)	torque	(D)	impulse			
60.		ding, compressive and tensile stresses resp		•			
		net area and gross area		gross area and net area			
	(C)	net area in both cases	(D)	gross area in both cases			
61.	The	actual thickness of butt weld as compared	to the	e thickness of plate is usually :			
	(A)	more	(B)	less			
	(C)	equal	(D)	greater then equal to			
62.	Wat	ter content of soil can :					
	(A)	never be greater than 100%	` ′	Be less than 0%			
	(C)	take value from 0% to 100%	(D)	be greater than 100%			
63.		en the plastic limit of a soil is greater than	the l	liquid limit, then the plasticity index is			
	-	orted as :					
	(A)	zero	(B)	negative			
	(C)	non-plastic	(D)	one			
64.	Whi	Which of the following is a measure of particle size range?					
	(A)	effective size	(B)	uniformity coefficient			
	(C)	coefficient of curvature	(D)	mean size			
65.	The	coefficient of active earth pressure for a loo	se sai	nd having an angle of internal friction of			
	30°	is:					
	(A)	1/3	(B)	3			
	(C)	1	(D)	2/3			
66	Digg	e of water table in cohesionless soils upto gro	und	gurface reduces the net ultimate bearing			
υυ.		acity approximately by :	unu	surface reduces the net ultimate bearing			
	(A)	25%	(B)	50%			
	(C)	75%	(D)	90%			
67.	The	settlement of a group of friction piles as co	mpaı	red to that of a single pile is :			
	(A)	same	(B)	less			
	(C)	more	(D)	not comparable			
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68.	Und	listurbed samples of soil are obtained by	:				
	(A)	direct excavations	(B)	thick-walled samplers			
	(C)	thin-walled samplers	(D)	augers			
69.	A heavy stone is suitable for :						
	(A)	arches	(B)	rubble masonry			
	(C)	roads	(D)	retaining walls			
70.	A se	ewer that receives the discharge of a nun	nber of l	nouse sewers is called :			
	(A)	house sewer	(B)	lateral sewer			
	(C)	intercepting sewer	(D)	sub-main sewer			
71.	Rat	e of change of bending moment is equal t	to:				
	(A)	shear force	(B)	deflection			
	(C)	slope	(D)	rate of loading			
72.	A beam of rectangular cross-section is 100 mm wide and 200 mm deep. If the section is subjected						
	to a	shear force of 20 kN, then the maximum	n shear s	stress in the section is :			
	(A)	1 N/mm ²	(B)	$1.125\mathrm{N/mm^2}$			
	(C)	1.33N/mm^2	(D)	1.5 N/mm ²			
73.	The	The most common cause of acidity in water is:					
	(A)	carbon dioxide	(B)	oxygen			
	(C)	hydrogen	(D)	nitrogen			
74.	Dog spikes are used for fixing rail to the :						
	(A)	wooden sleepers	(B)	CST-9 sleepers			
	(C)	steel trough sleepers	(D)	concrete sleepers			
75.	The	maximum design speed for hairpin bend	ds in hill	roads is taken as :			
	(A)	20 kmph	(B)	30 kmph			
	(C)	40 kmph	(D)	45 kmph			
	~·						

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Sr. No. :	
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Question Booklet Series: A

Important:	Please consult your Admit Card	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.E.F.B. (Master of Entrepreneurship and Family Business)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

M.E.F.B. (Master of Entrepreneurship and Family Business)/A

l.	A D	emand Curve will not shift :							
	(A)	When only income changes							
	(B)	When only price of substitute products change							
	(C)	When there is change in advertisement expenditure							
	(D)	When only price of the commodity changes							
2.	Wh	en price of a substitute of commodity 'X' fal	lls, th	e demand for 'X':					
	(A)	Falls	(B)	Remain Unchanged					
	(C)	Increase at increasing rate	(D)	Rises					
3.	The	process which is continuous and stops only	y whe	n the organisation ceases to exi	st:				
	(A)	Training	(B)	Job evaluation					
	(C)	Hiring	(D)	Performance Appraisal					
4.	Uni	on leaders at different levels & at federatio	ns ar	e elected on :					
	(A)	democratic principle							
	(B)	political considerations							
	(C)	employer's recommendation							
	(D)	seniority basis							
5.		can be defined as a written record of	the d	uties, responsibilities and condi	tions of				
	job :								
	(A)	Job description	(B)	Job specification					
	(C)	Job profile	(D)	Job evaluation					
6.	Und	ler point method, factor(s) generally consid	ered :	are:					
	(A)	Skill, effort, accountability	(B)	Skill, job enrichment, accountabili	ty				
	(C)	Wage, job enrichment, accountability	(D)	Wage effort, accountability					
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7.	In d	emand forecasting, important method u	sed in tre	nd projection is :
	(A)	Scientific Method	(B)	Box-Jenkins Method
	(C)	Delphi Method	(D)	Logistics Method
8.	Tra	de credit is a :		
	(A)	Negotiated source of finance		
	(B)	Hybrid source of finance		
	(C)	Spontaneous source of finance		
	(D)	Source of credit from the owners of the bu	isiness	
9.	Mut	tually exclusive investment proposals a	re these :	
	(A)	Wherein the acceptance of one proposal le	eads to rej	ection of all other proposals
	(B)	That requires special sources of financing		
	(C)	That has unique features		
	(D)	The reduce the total risk complexion of the	efirm	
10.		en a consumer derives more satisfaction nown as :	n from a p	product/service than his expectation, it
	(A)	Consumer satisfaction	(B)	Consumer delight
	(C)	Consumer dazzling	(D)	Consumer dissatisfaction
11.	Whi	ich one of the following is not the social	responsil	pility of business ?
	(A)	Adopting villages for development		
	(B)	Setting up educational institutes		
	(C)	Opening research and development depart	tment	
	(D)	Construction of temples		
12.	Swi	mming price for a new product is :		
	(A)	Low initial price	(B)	Average price
	(C)	High initial price	(D)	Moderate price
13.	'Su _l	oply creates its own demand' is known a	ns:	
	(A)	Keynesian law	(B)	Say's law
	(C)	Veblen law	(D)	Griffin's law
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14.	. Goals, aims, purposes, missions and target is also known as				
	(A)	Objective	(B)	Strategies	
	(C)	Polices	(D)	Rules	
15.	_	process whereby a manger shares his work	and a	authority with his subordinates	
	(A)	Decentralisation	(B)	Responsibility	
	(C)	Delegation	(D)	Decision making	
16.		assumptions about future derived from fore	ecasti	ing and used in planning are known	
	(A)	planning premises	(B)	freehold premises	
	(C)	business premises	(D)	corporate premises	
17.		ry subordinate should receive orders from a •	ınd b	e accountable to only one superior	
	(A)	Unity of direction	(B)	Unity of command	
	(C)	Centralization	(D)	Scalar chain	
18.	The	best indicator of economic development of	any c	country is ?	
	(A)	Its Agriculture	(B)	Its Transport	
	(C)	Its Gross Production	(D)	Its per capita income	
19.	The	minimum number of directors in a public lir	nited	company is :	
	(A)	4	(B)	5	
	(C)	7	(D)	3	
20.	Und	er the Indian Companies Act, 1956, a perso	n cai	n be a Director in :	
	(A)	7 Companies	(B)	10 Companies	
	(C)	20 Companies	(D)	25 Companies	

(Q21 - Q24). The following table gives the sales of batteries manufactured by a company over the years. Study the table chart and answer the questions based on it:

Type o	f Batteries(I	n thousands)				
Year	4AH	7AH	32AH	35AH	55AH	Total
1992	75	144	114	102	108	543
1993	90	126	102	84	126	528
1994	96	114	75	105	135	525
1995	105	90	150	90	75	510
1996	90	75	135	75	90	465
1997	105	60	165	45	120	495
1998	115	85	160	100	145	605

21.	What was the approximate percentage increase in the sales of 55AH batteries in 1998 compared
	to that in 1992?

(A) 31%

(B) 33%

(C) 34%

(D) 36%

22. In the case of which battery, there was a continuous decrease in sales from 1992 to 1997?

(A) 35 AH

(B) 4AH

(C) 32 AH

(D) 7AH

23. What is the difference in the number of 35AH batteries sold in 1993 and 1997 ?

(A) 39000

(B) 40000

(C) 43000

(D) 49000

24. The total sale of all the seven years is the maximum for which battery?

(A) 35 AH

(B) 4AH

(C) 7AH

(D) 32 AH

<i>2</i> 5.	ab _	a aaba na _ baana _ b :		
	(A)	andaa	(B)	babda
	(C)	badna	(D)	dbanb
26.	AZ,	BY, CX, ?		
	(A)	EF	(B)	GH
	(C)	Iì	(D)	DW
27.	T, R	a, P, N, L, ?,?		
	(A)	J, G	(B)	J, H
	(C)	K, H	(D)	K, I
28.	Peac	ce: Chaos:: Creation : ?		
	(A)	Manufacture	(B)	Destruction
	(C)	Build	(D)	Construction
29.	In the	he following questions choose the word wh	ich l	pest expresses the meaning of the given
	LAN	MENT		
	(A)	Console	(B)	Condone
	(C)	Comment	(D)	Complain
30.	In the	he following questions choose the word wh	ich l	pest expresses the meaning of the given
	PON	NDER		
	(A)	Increase	(B)	Anticipate
	(C)	Evaluate	(D)	Think
31.	Hor	se: Mare::		
	(A)	Fox: Vixen	(B)	Duck: Geese
	(C)	Dog: Puppy	(D)	Donkey: Pony

32.	Oce	ans: Deserts: : Waves : ?		
	(A)	Dust	(B)	Sand Dunes
	(C)	Ripples	(D)	Sea
33.	Find	l the odd one out :		
	(A)	crusade	(B)	expedition
	(C)	cruise	(D)	campaign
34.	Find	l the odd one out :		
	(A)	King	(B)	Queen
	(C)	Knight	(D)	Minister
35.	Find	l the odd one out :		
	(A)	Circle: Arc	(B)	Chair: Leg
	(C)	Flower: Petal	(D)	Cover: Page
36.		raser' is called 'box', 'box' is called 'pencil', lled 'bag', what will a child write with ?	'pen	cil' is called 'sharpener', and 'sharpener'
	(A)	Eraser	(B)	Bag
	(C)	Pencil	(D)	Sharpener
37.		OSE is coded as 6821, CHAIR is coded as 7 be the code for SEARCH ?	3456	and PREACH is coded as 961473, what
	(A)	216473	(B)	246173
	(C)	214673	(D)	214763
38.		nting to a man in a photograph, a woman sa ndfather." How is the woman related to the n	,	· ·
	(A)	Sister	(B)	Aunt
	(C)	Grandmother	(D)	Daughter

39.	A is the mother of B	and C. II D is the m	uspand of C. What is A	A to D?
	(A) Mother		(B) Sister	
	(C) Aunt		(D) Mother-in	-law
40.		_	_	umerical series are given with ssing terms out of the given
	A/2, B/4, C/6, D/8			
	(A) E/8, F/10		(B) E/12, F/14	4
	(C) E/10, F/12		(D) D/10, E/1	0
	Directions (41-46): In is different from the			are given; select the one which
41.	A. 22, 4, 5	B. 34, 4, 8	C. 37, 4, 9	D. 54,4,13
42.	A. 16-18	B. 56-63	C. 96-108	D. 86-99
43.	A.WHEAT	B. TRAIN	C. PROUD	D. DRIVE
44.	A.Ample	B. Copious	C. Plentiful	D. Abundance
45.	A. Flute	B. Violin	C. Guitar	D. Sitar
46.	A. Ladder	B. Staircase	C. Bridge	D. Escalator
	Directions (47-49): T	hese questions are b	ased on the following	information.
	chess, cricket and rugby	y. 53% of the students	play rugby and 58% of t	s play exactly two games among he students do not play chess and three games and 40 students play
47.	How many students j	play exactly one gar	ne?	
47.	How many students p (A) 170	play exactly one gar	me? (B) 180	
47.	•	play exactly one gar		
	(A) 170		(B) 180	
	(A) 170 (C) 190		(B) 180	

49. How many students play rugby and cricket, if 20 students play only chess?

(A) 90

(B) 40

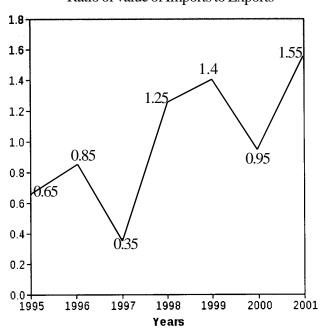
(C) 45

(D) 55

Directions (50-54): These questions are based on the following information.

The following Line chart gives the ratio of the amounts of imports by a Company to the amount of exports from that Company over the period from 1995 to 2001. Answer the following questions based on following Line graph.

Ratio of value of Imports to Exports



50. In how many of the given years were the exports more than imports?

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

51. The imports were minimum proportionate to the exports of the Company in the year:

(A) 1997

(B) 1995

(C) 1996

(D) 2000

52.		ne imports of a company in 1996 was Rs. 2 5 was :	72 cr	cores, the exports from the company in
	(A)	Rs. 120 Crores	(B)	Rs. 220 Crores
	(C)	Rs. 320 Crores	(D)	Rs. 420 Crores
53.	Wha	at was the percentage increase in imports fr	om 1	997 to 1998 ?
	(A)	70	(B)	72
	(C)	74	(D)	Data Inadequate
54.		e imports in 1998 was Rs. 250 Crores and the Rs. 500 Crores, then the imports in 1999 wa		l exports in years 1998 and 1999 together
	(A)	320 Crores	(B)	420 Crores
	(C)	520 Crores	(D)	620 Crores
55.	Amı	nesia : Memory : : Paralysis : ?		
	(A)	Movement	(B)	Limbs
	(C)	Handicapped	(D)	Legs
56.	The	fourth Buddhist Council took place during	the r	eign of:
	(A)	Kanishka	(B)	Ashoka
	(C)	Bimbisara	(D)	Samudragupta
57.	The	Saka Era started from :		
	(A)	78 A.D.	(B)	58 B.C.
	(C)	59 A.D.	(D)	59 B.C.
58.	The	most important god in the Rigvedic period	was :	
	(A)	Agni	(B)	Rudra
	(C)	Varuna	(D)	Indra

59.	Ligh	nt from the sun reaches earth in nearly :		
	(A)	16 Minutes	(B)	8 Minutes
	(C)	4 Minutes	(D)	2 Minutes
60.	Hab	eas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari are kno	wn a	s:
	(A)	Writs	(B)	Sermons
	(C)	Homilies	(D)	Bills
61.	Whi	ich symbol shows renunciation ?		
	(A)	Lotus	(B)	Bull
	(C)	Elephant	(D)	Horse
62.	The	national song 'Vande Mataram' is included	in th	ne novel:
	(A)	Gora	(B)	Godan
	(C)	Ananda Math	(D)	Durgeshnandni
63.	Who	en two human beings talk on the moon :		
	(A)	they hear each other with lower frequency	(B)	they hear each other with higher frequency
	(C)	they hear each other as on earth	(D)	they cannot hear each other
64.	The	headquarters of the Survey of India Depar	tmen	t is located at:
	(A)	Jaipur	(B)	Dehradun
	(C)	Hydrabad	(D)	New Delhi
65.	Kat	hakali is a dance prevalent in which state?		
	(A)	Kerala	(B)	Andhra Pradesh
	(C)	Orissa	(D)	Tamil Nadu

	(A)	Taxes	(B)	Defence
	(C)	Industry	(D)	Agriculture
67.		union cabinet on November 15 approved an Rs. 1450 quintal to :	hike	in the minimum support price of wheat
		1525 per quintal	(B)	1480 per quintal
		1550 per quintal	` ′	1545 per quintal
	(C)	1330 per quintar	(D)	1343 per quintai
68.	As p	er the annual report compiled by brand fina	ance,	India is the Most Valued Nation Brand:
	(A)	10th	(B)	15th
	(C)	7th	(D)	20th
69.	Which country has built a four legged robot that has walked its way into the Guiness World Records by covering an incredible 134-km in 54 hours?			
	(A)	Japan	(B)	China
	(C)	South Korea	(D)	Canada
70.	The	largest reservoir of fresh water is :		
	(A)	Glaciers	(B)	Ground Water
	(C)	Ponds	(D)	Lakes
71.	The	story of 'My Experiments with Truth' is the	auto	bbiography of:
	(A)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak	(B)	Mahatma Gandhi
	(C)	Lala Lajpat Rai	(D)	Gopal Krishan Ghokle
72.	Emp	ployment in agriculture comes under :		
	(A)	Service Sector	(B)	Semi-Organised Sector
	(C)	Organised Sector	(D)	Unorganised Sector

66. Dr. P. Rama Rao Committee is related to which of the following?

73.	. The Constitution of India was passed by the constituent assembly on :			ent assembly on :
	(A)	26 th November 1949	(B)	26th January 1949
	(C)	17 th October 1949	(D)	26 th February 1949
74.	The	first battle of Panipat took place in the year	:	
	(A)	1527 A.D.	(B)	1528 A.D.
	(C)	1526 A.D.	(D)	1525 A.D.
75.	Con	nection or link to other documents or web p	ages	that contains related information is
	calle	ed:		
	(A)	Dial-up	(B)	Electronic Commerce
	(C)	Hyperlink	(D)	e-cash

CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
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Question Booklet Series : A

Important:	Please consult your Admit Card / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and				
	Answer Sheet.				
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words			

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate :

Subject : M.P.Ed. (Master of Physical Education)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.

1.	Which England batsman has recently announced his retirement from all forms of International cricket at the age of 26 due to ill health?						
	(A) James Taylor	(B)	James Anderson				
	(C) Ian Bell	(D)	Ravi Bopara				
2.	Khajan Singh is associated with:						
	(A) Volleyball	(B)	Weightlifting				
	(C) Swimming	(D)	Athletics				
3.	Arthur Lydiard's method of training develops:						
	(A) Strength	(B)	Endurance				
	(C) Agility	(D)	Flexibility				
4.	Training for strength or power has little effect on :						
	(A) Muscle mass	(B)	Muscle strength				
	(C) Anaerobic capacity	(D)	Aerobic capacity				
5.	Bending forward of the trunk is an example of movement in the:						
	(A) Frontal plane	(B)	Transverse plane				
	(C) Sagittal plane	(D)	Longitudinal axis				
6.	What should be done to maintain discipline among students?						
	(A) They should be asked questions	(B)	They should be entrusted with responsibility				
	(C) They should be prevented from making noise	(D)	They should be made to follow rules				
7.	The teacher who has developed an interest in t	teachi	ng:				
	(A) Studies problem of student behavior	(B)	Compares different types of tests				
	(C) Refuses to be guided by the rules of thumb	(D)	Cannot deal with children effectively				
8.	Which of the following is a definition of fitness?						
	(A) The ability to meet the demands of the environment						
	(B) A state of complete mental, physical and social well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity						
	(C) A form of physical activity done primarily to in	nprove	e one's health and physical fitness				
	(D) How well a task is completed	-	- •				

9.	Fru	stration for the motives causes :					
	(A)	Inferiority	(B)	Anxiety			
	(C)	Inefficiency	(D)	Behaviour disorder			
10.	Whi	ich of the following is not the name of line	s found	on a tennis court ?			
	(A)	Centre line	(B)	Service line			
	(C)	Deuce Line	(D)	Base Line			
11.	The teacher who can apply the principles of Educational Psychology:						
	(A)	(A) Has pride in the teaching profession					
	(B)	Can provide readymade solutions					
	(C)	Adjusts his method to suit the needs of individual	dual chi	ldren			
	(D)	Compares the theories of learning					
12.	'Caı	nnon', 'Cue' and 'Pot' are three terms asso	ociated	with:			
	(A)	Golfonly	(B)	Billiards only			
	(C)	Billiards, golf and shooting	(D)	Billiards and golf			
13.	Ath	lete's foot is caused by :					
	(A)	An increase in foot size during training	(B)	Avirus			
	(C)	Afungus	(D)	An injury associated with 100 m runners			
14.	Ana	erobic capacity contributes to :					
	(A)	Endurance development	(B)	Flexibility development			
	(C)	Coordination development	(D)	Speed development			
15.	The rate of change of momentum of a body and its direction is proportional to the force causing it is						
	calle	ed :					
	(A)	Newton's First law of motion	(B)	Newton's Third law of motion			
	(C)	Impulse	(D)	Law of acceleration			
16.	The center of gravity of an athlete is always somewhere within the athlete's body.						
	(A)	True					
	(B)	False					
	(C) Only during free fall						
	(D)	Only when the athlete is in contact with the g	round				

17.	Wh	ich of the following is incorrectly matched?				
	(A)	Cricket: Gully	(B)	Boxing: Punch		
	(C)	Chess: Checkmate	(D)	Tennis: Bully		
18.	Wh	ich is the 'Black September Day' in Olympic	c hist	ory?		
	(A)	September 1, 1972	(B)	September 5, 1972		
	(C)	September 1, 1984	(D)	September 5, 1984		
19.	The	determinant of teaching skill training is :				
	(A)	Components	(B)	Pupil-teacher		
	(C)	Supervisor	(D)	Headmaster		
20.	Hov	w is the competency of a teacher judged?				
	(A)	Length of association with a school	(B)	Meeting the needs of students		
	(C)	Personality	(D)	Books published		
21.	Mot	tivation should be followed by :				
	(A)	Reward	(B)	Scolding		
	(C)	Knowledge of result	(D)	Incentive		
22.		ich training method involves running at va ain?	ryin	g speeds and is most suited to different types of		
		Interval	(B)	Continuous		
	(C)	Cross	(D)	Fartlek		
23.	If a	student is good at sports but not interested	in stu	idies, what will be your action as a teacher ?		
	(A) Advise him to leave the sports					
	(B) Inform his parents					
	(C)	Encourage him and convince about importance	of ed	ucation		
	(D)	Avoidhim				
24.		o was a legendary ancient Greek poet traditi the Odyssey ?	onall	y said to be the author of the epic poems the Iliad		
	(A)	Homer	(B)	Eupolis		
	(C)	Plato	(D)	Alexander Lychnus		
25.	The	distance between the pole vault uprights sh	all b	e:		
	(A)	4.00m - 4.04m	(B)	3.98m - 4.00m		
	(C)	3.94m - 3.98m	(D)	4.02m - 4.06m		
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26.	Which Indian Cricketer was given the title	e 'Tiger' ?	
	(A) Mansur Ali Khan Pataudi	(B)	B.S. Bedi
	(C) Sunil Gavaskar	(D)	None of these
27.		ation of the	e competitions of the Olympic Games shall not
	exceed:	(D)	15.1
	(A) 20 days	` ′	15 days
	(C) 12 days	(D)	16 days
28.	· · ·	edicated tes	st events in the lead-up to the Rio 2016 Paralympic
	Games ?		
	(A) Four	` '	Five
	(C) Six	(D)	Three
29.	The term Peddlers is related with:		
	(A) Snooker	(B)	Tennis
	(C) Table Tennis	(D)	Billiards
30.	In which year were the formal drug tests in	ntroduced i	in the Olympic Games ?
	(A) 1956	(B)	1960
	(C) 1968	(D)	1972
31.	The following are essential needs of the bo	ody except	which one ?
	(A) Water	(B)	Chemical
	(C) Set point	(D)	Pressure
32.	A ball that is served to the other team who	ere no one	touches is called :
	(A) Kill		Stuff
	(C) Dig	` ′	Ace
33.	Which year was observed as International	Year for S	ports and Physical Education by the United
	Nations?		
	(A) 2004	(B)	2005
	(C) 2006	(D)	2007
34.	The functional partner of bone is:		
	(A) Tendon	(B)	Ligament
	(C) Skeletal muscle		Fasciae
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35.	The process in which external substances a	Ü	able to	maintain a stable balance of internal and				
	(A) Adaptation		(B)	Equilibrium				
	(C) Adjustment		(D)	Homeostasis				
36.	Flags shall be placed a	at an angle of	_ with	the ground away from the 400 m track.				
	(A) 60°		(B)	45°				
	(C) 40°		(D)	65°				
37.	Who broke the Milkh	Who broke the Milkha Singh national record of 400m?						
	(A) Paramjit Singh		(B)	K.M.Binu				
	(C) Anil Kumar		(D)	Makhan Singh				
38.	Every athlete shall be]	provided with two bibs w	hich, d	luring the competition, shall be worn visibly on the				
	breast and back, exce	pt in :						
	(A) High Jump and Pol	le vault	(B)	20 Km Race Walking				
	(C) Throwing Events		(D)	Combined events				
39.	What is the normal ra	nge for BMI in humans	?					
	(A) 19-25		(B)	18-24				
	(C) 18.5-24.9		(D)	18.2-24.2				
40.	Which of the followin	g combination of years 1	eprese	ents the years when the Olympic Games were not				
	held due to the two W	orld Wars?						
	(A) 1914, 1940, 1944		(B)	1916,1940, 1944				
	(C) 1920,1936, 1940		(D)	1936,1840, 1944				
41.	What does the Olymp	ic Flame symbolize ?						
	(A) Zeal to play sports		(B)	Challenge				
	(C) Continuity		(D)	Integrity				
42.	'ATLAS OF MAN' w	hich describes the body	types v	vas written by :				
	(A) Heath		(B)	Carter				
	(C) Kretchmer		(D)	Sheldon				
43.	Students' intrinsic mo	otivation is most likely to	be enl	nanced by physical education activities that :				
	(A) provides opportunities for self determination through choice							
	(B) follow a familiar and predictable structure							
	(C) encourage compar	isons of performance amo	ng peer	rs				
	(D) consist of easily ac	complished tasks that guar	antee s	uccess				
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44.	Men's Shooting was introduced in modern Olympic Games in :					
	(A) 1900	(B)	1904			
	(C) 1896	(D)	1908			
45.	The winner of Copa America Cup (Football) 2	015 is	:			
	(A) Argentina	(B)	Paraguay			
	(C) Chile	(D)	Uruguay			
46.	Which valve prevents the backwards flow of b	lood ir	nto the left atrium ?			
	(A) Aortic valve	(B)	Pulmonary valve			
	(C) Mitral valve	(D)	Tricuspid valve			
47.	How many shots are fired for a false start?					
	(A) One	(B)	Two			
	(C) Three	(D)	Four			
48.	Walking bare foot on sand helps to correct:					
	(A) Curved foot	(B)	Outward pointed foot			
	(C) Flat foot	(D)	Injured foot			
49.	Which specific massage movement would be r	nost b	eneficial to relieve tense quadriceps?			
	(A) Effleurage	(B)	Kneading			
	(C) Hacking	(D)	Vibrations			
50.	What is inversion?					
	(A) Lifting the medial border of the foot	(B)	Lifting the lateral border of the foot			
	(C) Pointing the toe upwards	(D)	Pointing the toe downwards			
51.	Anatomy is a term, which means the study of		•			
	(A) Physiology	(B)	Cell functions			
	(C) Morphology	(D)	Human Functions			
52.	Learning through classical conditioning:					
	(A) Voluntary	(B)	Permanent			
	(C) General	(D)	Involuntary			
53.	What is the minimum number of players per te	eam th	at FIFA allows during a football game ?			
	(A) No minimum number of players required	(B)	6 players			
	(C) 7 players	(D)	8 players			
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54.	Which language other than English is the Official language of the International Olympic Committee ?				
		Chinese	(B)	French	
	` ′	Spanish	` ′	German	
	(0)	Spanish.	(2)	SVIII.	
55.		law of effect is also known as:			
		Law of recovery	` /	Law of satisfaction	
	(C)	Law of frequency	(D)	Law of use and disuse	
56.		efending player kicks the soccer ball; it hi ropriate restart?	ts th	e referee and goes inside the goal. What is the	
	(A)	Drop ball where the ball hit the referee			
	(B)	Goal kick			
	` ′	Kick-off			
	(D)	Indirect Free kick for the attacking team where	the r	eferee was	
57.	Car	bohydrate loading mostly helps :			
	(A)	Sprinters	(B)	Marathon Runners	
	(C)	Boxers	(D)	Power Lifters	
58.	Ider	ntify the bone injury :			
	(A)	Strain	(B)	Green stick	
	(C)	Sprain	(D)	Laceration	
59.	Whi	ich of the following is warning sign of heat st	roke	e in sports ?	
	(A)	Rapid strong pulse	(B)	Muscle cramps	
	(C)	Thirst	(D)	Profuse sweating	
60.	Wh	en serving the shuttle, the racket head must	be w	where ?	
		Above the waist		Above the fingers	
	` ′	Below the waist		Below the head	
61.	Whi	ich is the first Asian country to host Commo	ıwea	lth Games ?	
		Bangladesh	(B)	Malaysia	
		India	(D)	Sri Lanka	
62.		all outdoor records in open competition, where wind shall not exceed:	ere v	vind readings are required, the average velocity	
		4.00 meters per second	(B)	2.00 meters per second	
	(A) (C)	2.00 miles per hour	(D)	None of the above	
	(C)	2.00 miles per nour	(D)	NOTIC OF THE AUDIVE	

63.	In the Horizontal Jumps, it is a failure or foul if:								
	(A)	the competitor, in jumping, produces a mark i	in the pl	asticine					
	(B)	(B) the competitor runs outside the white line marking the runway							
	(C)	the competitor exits the pit closer to the take-	off line	than the nearest break made in the sand					
	(D)	(A) & (C) only							
64.	Ser	vices won the 69th Santosh Trophy Footba	all title	by defeating which team ?					
	(A)	Madhya Pradesh	(B)	Uttar Pradesh					
	(C)	Goa	(D)	Punjab					
65.	The	'Colonel' is the name of which Indian test	t cricke	eter ?					
	(A)	Colonel C.K. Naidu	(B)	Rahul Dravid					
	(C)	Dilip Vengsarkar	(D)	Mohinder Amarnath					
66.	"Pr	ince of Wales Cup" is associated with the	game o	of:					
	(A)	Polo	(B)	Basketball					
	(C)	Golf	(D)	Volleyball					
67.	Wh	o was the mascot of the 35th National Gar	mes ?						
	(A)	Ammu	(B)	Winta					
	(C)	Appu	(D)	Panpan					
68.	Wh	ich among the following treaties pertains t	o prote	ection of the Olympic Symbol ?					
	(A)	Olympia Protocol	(B)	Washington Treaty					
	(C)	Nairobi Treaty	(D)	Budapest Treaty					
69.	Wh	o is the India's first sportsperson to receive	e Padm	na Vibhushan Award ?					
	(A)	Sachin Tendulkar	(B)	Viswanathan Anand					
	(C)	Saina Nehwal	(D)	Mahesh Bhupati					
70.	Wh	at is the name of football in FIFA World C	up 201	4?					
	(A)	Telstar	(B)	Brazuca					
	(C)	Teamgeist	(D)	Jabulani					
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71.	Boo	k : Cover :: Painting : ?		
	(A)	Colour	(B)	Frame
	(C)	Wall	(D)	Shade
72.	Sun	day, Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, Wedne	esday	y, Monday,
	(A)	Sunday, Sunday	(B)	Sunday, Monday
	(C)	Sunday, Wednesday	(D)	Sunday, Saturday
73.	Fine	d the odd one out :		
	(A)	Elimination	(B)	Challenge
	(C)	Round Robin	(D)	Continuous
74.	Hov	v do you describe the bounce of a tennis ball	on a	hard court?
	(A)	High and inconsistent	(B)	Low and inconsistent
	(C)	High and consistent	(D)	Low and consistent
75.	The	term Alley related to:		
	(A)	Basketball	(B)	Badminton
	(C)	Gymnastics	(D)	Softball

CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
Sr. No. :	

Question Booklet Series : A

Important:	Please consult your Admit Car	d/Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate :

Subject: M.Sc. (Two Year Course)-Human Genomics

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
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- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
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M.Sc. (Two Year Course)-Human Genomics/A

1.	Kes	olution in microscopy is :		
	(A)	directly proportional to wavelength		
	(B)	inversely proportional to wavelength		
	(C)	independent of wavelength		
	(D)	independent of wavelength but dependent on n	umeri	cal aperture
2.	Cho	olesterol has :		
	(A)	three hydrocarbon rings	(B)	four hydrocarbon rings
	(C)	long fatty acid attached to it	(D)	carbohydrate component fused to it
3.	Sma	all uncharged molecules like O2:		
	(A)	cannot diffuse through lipid bilayer		
	(B)	can diffuse freely through lipid bilayer		
	(C)	need a transporter to diffuse through lipid bilay	er	
	(D)	move across lipid bilayer by active transport		
4.	A m	embrane spanning helix will most likely ha	ve:	
	(A)	lysine	(B)	arginine
	(C)	alanine	(D)	aspartic acid
5.	If yo	ou were to radiolabel DNA only, which radi	olabe	l you will use :
	(A)	P ³² labeled inorganic phosphate	(B)	N ¹⁴ labeled adenosine
	(C)	C ¹⁴ labeled guanosine	(D)	H ³ labeled thymine
6.	Nor	thern blot is used for :		
	(A)	detection of DNA	(B)	detection of protein
	(C)	detection of RNA	(D)	detection of lipids
7.	Pep	tidyl prolyl isomerase :		
	(A)	catalyses proline degradation	(B)	catalyses protein synthesis
	(C)	catalyses proline synthesis	(D)	plays a role in protein folding
8.	Cen	tral Dogma in molecular biology was propo	sed b	y:
	(A)	Hargobind Khurana	(B)	James Watson
	(C)	Linus Pauling	(D)	Francis Crick

9.	DN	A in cells is :		
	(A)	negatively supercoiled	(B)	positively supercoiled
	(C)	fractionally supercoiled	(D)	without any supercoils
10.	Ethi	idium Bromide :		
	(A)	binds to DNA only	(B)	binds to RNA only
	(C)	binds to nucleic acids	(D)	binds to proteins only
11.	Base	ophils are :		
	(A)	phagocytic granulocytes	(B)	non phagocytic granulocytes
	(C)	antigen presenting cells	(D)	dead cells
12.	Tly	mphocytes:		
	(A)	mature in bone marrow	(B)	produce antibodies
	(C)	mature in thymus	(D)	mature in thyroid
13.	Dice	er:		
	(A)	cleaves double stranded DNA	(B)	cleaves double stranded RNA
	(C)	cleaves single stranded RNA	(D)	cleaves single stranded DNA
14.	A nı	ucleophile is :		
	(A)	a strong electronegative atom	(B)	a strong electropositive atom
	(C)	a neutral atom	(D)	an atom of an inert gas
15.	Whi	ich of the following statements about a cat	alyst is	s correct ?
	(A)	It can change the equilibrium constant of a che	emical 1	reaction
	(B)	It speeds up the rate of forward but not back	ward re	eaction
	(C)	It is used up in the course of reaction		
	(D)	It lowers the activation energy of a reaction		
16.	The	activation energy for a chemical reaction	can be	determined in which of the following ways:

M.Sc. (Two Year Course)-Human Genomics/BJL-901-A

(C) calculating energy of bond hydrolysis

(A) measuring product amount

(B) measuring rates

(D) calculating change in entropy value

17.	A solution with pH 7.0 is 100 times more basic than a solution with a pH of:				
	(A)	10	(B)	0.7	
	(C)	5.0	(D)	3.0	
18.		ask contains 10 ml of salt water. If 10 ml of noles of sodium chloride :	distill	ed water is added to the flask, then the number	
	(A)	increases by 50%	(B)	remain unchanged	
	(C)	decreases by 50%	(D)	increase by 100%	
19.		ich law of thermodynamics explains why livered structures?	ing th	ings require the input of energy to maintain the	
	(A)	zeroth law of thermodynamics	(B)	first law of thermodynamics	
	(C)	second law of thermodynamics	(D)	fourth law of thermodynamics	
20.	Ena	ntiomers of a chemical will have :			
	(A)	same density and melting point	(B)	different density and melting point	
	(C)	same density but different melting point	(D)	same melting point but different density	
21.	Hist	tidine has :			
	(A)	no ionizable group	(B)	one ionizable group	
	(C)	two ionizable groups	(D)	three ionizable groups	
22.	Wh	en a protein binds to DNA non specifically,	usual	ly protein interacts with :	
	(A)	phosphate backbone	(B)	deoxyribose groups only	
	(C)	major and minor grooves	(D)	phosphate backbone and deoxyribose groups	
23.	If ar	n irreversible inhibitor inactivates an enzyn	ne:		
	(A)	K_{cat} and K_{m} will not be affected	(B)	K_{cat} will be affected but not K_{m}	
	(C)	$K_{_{m}}$ will be affected but not $K_{_{cat}}$	(D)	Both $\boldsymbol{K}_{_{\boldsymbol{m}}}$ and $\boldsymbol{K}_{_{\boldsymbol{cat}}}$ could not be measured	
24.	The	strength of association between DNA stra	nds is	dictated by :	
	(A)	GC content	(B)	length of DNA	
	(C)	GC content and length of DNA	(D)	none of the above	

[Turn over

M.Sc. (Two Year Course)-Human Genomics/BJL-901-A

25.	How many times DNA wraps around a single histone octamer?				
	(A)	nearly twice	(B)	nearly once	
	(C)	twice	(D)	thrice	
26.	Hist	tome fold motif is:			
	(A)	helix - turn - helix	(B)	sheet - turn - sheet	
	(C)	helix - loop - helix - loop - helix	(D)	sheet - helix - helix	
27.	HA	Γs are :			
	(A)	highly acidic thrombin	(B)	highly activated transport sites	
	(C)	histone acetyl transferases	(D)	histidine activating proteins	
28.	A no	onsense mutation leads to :			
	(A)	substitution of an amino acid	(B)	deletion of a nucleotide	
	(C)	termination of protein synthesis	(D)	insertion of a nucleotide	
29.	Hsp	70 is a :			
	(A)	part of core histones	(B)	molecular chaperone	
	(C)	part of nucleosome	(D)	part of replicon	
30.	Met	hylation of DNA in eukaryotic cells is most	comi	mon at :	
	(A)	CpG	(B)	GpC	
	(C)	ApC	(D)	CpC	
31.		ich of the following protein modification-acet nge the net charge on the surface of a modif	-		
	(A)	all three modifications	(B)	only phosphorylation	
	(C)	only methylation	(D)	both methylation and phosphorylation	
32.	Am	es test makes use of a strain of :			
	(A)	E.coli	(B)	B. subtilis	
	(C)	S.typhimurium	(D)	M.tuberculosis	

33.	Ret	rotransposons are :				
	(A) transposons					
	(B) transposons which produce a RNA intermediate					
	(C)	transposons which produce a DNA intermediate	te			
	(D)	transposons which are retarded				
34.	ні	is:				
	(A)	a virus which causes influenza	(B)	a retrovirus which causes SAIDS		
	(C)	a retrovirus which causes AIDS	(D)	a retracted virus which causes AIDS		
35.	Acc	ording to Beer-Lamberts law, absorbance o	f a so	lute is not dependent upon :		
	(A)	concentration	(B)	density of the medium		
	(C)	length of the light path	(D)	extinction coefficient		
36.	Evo	lution is :				
	(A)	directed to a goal	(B)	an intelligent design		
	(C)	a random ongoing process	(D)	over now		
37.	AZ	Γ is a :				
	(A)	drug used to treat tuberculosis	(B)	drug used to treat malaria		
	(C)	drug used to treat AIDS	(D)	drug used to treat swine flu		
38.	In li	ving systems, true criteria for spontaneity o	of a re	eaction is :		
	(A)	Gibbs free energy	(B)	Enthalpy		
	(C)	Change in entropy	(D)	Change in Gibbs free energy		
39.	In li	iving systems usually :				
	(A)	pressure, volume and pH is variable	(B)	amount of matter variable		
	(C)	pressure, temp, pH is constant	(D)	pressure, temp, pH is variable		
40.	Met	thylation of DNA takes place in :				
	(A)	Replication process	(B)	Recombination process		
	(C)	Gene imprinting	(D)	DNA supercoiling		

	(A)	as operons	(B)	uninterrupted
	(C)	mosaic with exons and introns	(D)	mosaic with exons only
42.		ochondria evolved from free living bacteria t aryotic cell. This relationship was :	hat f	formed a relationship with a primitive
	(A)	parasitic	(B)	symbiotic
	(C)	saprophytic	(D)	lethal
43.	One	among following is not an allosteric protein	:	
	(A)	GPCRs	(B)	Aspartate transcabamylase
	(C)	immunoglobins	(D)	haemoglobin
44.	Rifa	mpicin :		
	(A)	inhibits bacterial RNA synthesis	(B)	inhibits eukaryotic RNA synthesis
	(C)	inhibits bacterial DNA synthesis	(D)	inhibits eukaryotic DNA synthesis
45.	Alp	ha amanitin is :		
	-	prokaryotic mRNA synthesis inhibitor		
	(B)	eukaryotic mRNA synthesis inhibitor		
	(C)	prokaryotic protein synthesis inhibitor		
	(D)	eukaryotic protein synthesis inhibitor		
46.	The	pathway from a gene to a protein in eukary	otic (cells involves :
	(A)	first, transport of mRNA, then its processing, th	en tra	unscription, then translation
	(B)	first, transcription of the RNA, then its transpor	t, the	n processing, then translation
	(C)	first, processing of the RNA, then its transport,	hen t	ranscription, then translation
	(D)	first, transcription of RNA, then its processing,	then i	its transport, then translation
47.	mR	NA with caps are found in :		
	(A)	prokaryotic systems		
	(B)	eukaryotic systems		
	(C)	both in prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems		
	(D)	none of the above		
48.	One	of them is involved in translation in prokar	yote	s:
	(A)	RF-5	(B)	EF-K
	(C)	RF-3	(D)	EF-U

41. Gene organization in eukaryotes is :

49.	m trai	iscription of a gene, the slowest step is:		
	(A) el	ongation	(B)	termination
	(C) re	elease	(D)	initiation
50.	Which	of the following process governed by mol	ecula	ar recognition ?
		rownian motion		passive diffusion
	` ′	anslation by the ribosome	` ′	osmosis
	(0)		(2)	65116516
51.	Which	one of the following techniques will sepa	rate	protein on the basis of charge ?
	(A) N	ative-PAGE	(B)	Ion-exchange chromatography
	(C) S	DS-PAGE	(D)	Zymography
52.	P bodi	ies are sites of :		
	(A) pr	rotein degradation in somatic cells	(B)	protein synthesis in somatic cells
	(C) m	nRNA degradation in somatic cells	(D)	mRNA synthesis in somatic cells
53.	Histor	nes are :		
55.		NA binding proteins	(B)	regulatory proteins
		NA binding proteins		not proteins
	(C) D	To Toniang proteins	(D)	not proteins
54.	Gene I	Imprinting involves :		
	(A) D	NA polymerization	(B)	DNA phosphorylation
	(C) D	NA methylation	(D)	DNA fragmentation
55.	Drosh	a is a :		
	(A) lip	oid	(B)	ligase
	(C) er	ndonuclease	(D)	exonuclease
56.	Riolog	ical membranes are associated with all of	the f	following excent •
	_	ee movement of proteins and nucleic acids aci		
		tes for biochemical reactions		
	` /	elease of protons when damaged		
		revention of free diffusion of ionic solutes		
	*** ****			
57.		oinding proteins will have :	(D)	
		o charge		positive charge
	(C) ne	egative charge	(D)	lot of glycine

58.	RN	A can make :		
	(A)	secondary structures only	(B)	no structures at all
	(C)	secondary as well as tertiary structures	(D)	only primary structures
59.	Pro	teins three dimensional structure can be de	etermi	ned by :
	(A)	immunoelectron microscopy	(B)	X-ray crystallography
	(C)	MRI	(D)	FTIR
60.	Ifa	nonhydrolyzable analog were introduced ı	near th	ne 5' end of a human mRNA, then
	(A)	its life time will increase	(B)	its life time will decrease
	(C)	its life time will remain unchanged	(D)	it will be immediately cleaved
61.	Tra	nsfer RNAs are trimmed at the 5' and 3' en	nd by :	
	(A)	RNase P and RNase D	(B)	RNase C and RNase E
	(C)	RNase A and RNase B	(D)	RNase P and RNase Q
62.	Tur	nover number of an enzyme is :		
	(A)	$K_{_{m}}$	(B)	V_{max}
	(C)	K _{cat}	(D)	pl
63.	In p	orotein synthesis, tRNA acts as a :		
	(A)	connector molecule	(B)	linker molecule
	(C)	adaptor molecule	(D)	ligator molecule
64.	An	enzyme:		
	(A)	stabilizes the transition state		
	(B)	binds very tightly to the substrate		
	(C)	binds very tightly to the product		
	(D)	prevents the reaction from proceeding in the r	everse	direction
65.	Tota	al reading frame in a single RNA sequence	e are :	
	(A)		(B)	5
	(C)	4	(D)	3
66.	Wh	ich among the following amino acid is code		
		glycine	` '	alanine
	(C)	methionine	(D)	proline
67.	In C	Cystic fibrosis :		
	(A)	a proton pump is defective	(B)	an enzyme is defective
	(C)	an ion channel is defective	(D)	nothing is defective

60			
68.	Aquaporins are:	(D)	
	(A) proteins which mediate water transport		proteins that makes holes in membranes
	(C) pores for exocytosis	(D)	pores for endocytosis
69.	Ubiquitinated proteins are degraded by :		
	(A) 26 S proteosome	(B)	62 S proteosome
	(C) 28 S proteosome	(D)	38 S proteosome
70.	Diacylglycerol and Calcium:		
	(A) can act as second messengers	(B)	cannot act as second messengers
	(C) have no role in signal transduction		are not of any use
71.	RNA:		
	(A) has only structural role		
	(B) has only functional role		
	(C) has only catalytic role		
	(D) can have structural, functional or catalytic rol	les	
72.	Among following which one is a G protein?		
	(A) IF-4	(B)	IF-1
	(C) IF-3	(D)	IF-2
73.	Upper limit of the cell size is probably set by	:	
	(A) genes		
	(B) genome		
	(C) cell membrane		
	(D) rate of diffusion of solute molecules in aq solu	utions	
74.	Living systems are :		
	(A) isolated systems	(B)	closed systems
	(C) open systems	(D)	not at all true systems
75.	Which one is not required during PCR:		

(A) ddNTPs

(C) Taq polymerase

(B) dNTPs

(D) template

CET (PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
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Ouestion Booklet Series: A

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Important: E	lease consult your Adr	ur Admit Card / Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and					
<u>A</u>	answer Sheet.						
Roll No.	In Figure	?S	In Words				

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No. Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.Sc. (Hons. School)-Bio-Chemistry

Time: 90 minutes **Number of Questions :75 Maximum Marks: 75**

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M.Sc. (Hons. School)-Bio-Chemistry/A

1.	Genetic immunization involves the administration of :						
	(A)	Antigens	(B)	Antibodies			
	(C)	DNA	(D)	RNA			
2.	2. One of the following enzyme produces single-stranded nicks in DNA:						
	(A)	DNA Ligase	(B)	DNA Polymerase			
	(C)	DNase	(D)	Sl nuclease			
3.	DN A	A damage caused by deamination is an exan	nple	of:			
	(A)	Single base alteration	(B)	Two base alteration			
	(C)	Chain breaks	(D)	Cross-Linkage			
4.	The	repeat sequence of nucleotides in telomere	s:				
	(A)	TTGGGA	(B)	TTAGGG			
	(C)	GGGATT	(D)	TTGAGG			
5.	The	lactam form is predominant tautomer of :					
	(A)	Uracil	(B)	Cytosine			
	(C)	Adenine	(D)	Xanthine			
6.	Path	nogenic bacteria are killed by :					
	(A)	Chlorine	(B)	Flourine			
	(C)	Bronrine	(D)	Iodine			
7.	The	commonest disease in AIDS is :					
	(A)	Diarrhoea	(B)	Pulmonary disease			
	(C)	Nephritis	(D)	Pancreatitis			
8.	The	renal glutaminase activity is enhanced by :					
	(A)	Acidosis	(B)	Alkalosis			
	(C)	Phosphatases	(D)	Oxidases			
9.	Res	piration is directly linked with buffer systen	n of :				
	(A)	Biocarbonate	(B)	Phosphate			
	(C)	Protein	(D)	Hemoglobin			

10.	Mai	ny cancers are associated with abnormal pro	oduct	tion of :
	(A)	Carbohydrates	(B)	Fats
	(C)	Proteins	(D)	Minerals
11.	Ultr	raviolet radiation may cause the formation o	f:	
	(A)	Purine dimers	(B)	Pyrimidine dimers
	(C)	Nucleoside dimers	(D)	Nucleotide dimers
12.	Pan	tothenic acid exists in tissues as :		
	(A)	β - mecaptoethnylamine	(B)	Coenzyme A
	(C)	Pantoic acid	(D)	β- alanine
13.	Lon	g Chain Fatty acids are first activated to ac	yl-Co	A in the :
	(A)	Cytosol	(B)	Mitochondria
	(C)	Microsomes	(D)	Lysosomes
14.	Enz	yme which uses H ₂ O ₂ as substrate :		
	(A)	Catalase	(B)	Malate Dehydrogenase
	(C)	Phosphorylase	(D)	Xanthine Oxidase
15.	Pro	teins differ in 'biologic Value' depending on	their	contents of :
	(A)	Aromatic amino acids	(B)	Semi essential amino acids
	(C)	Essential amino acids	(D)	Non-essential amino acids
16.	Try	psin attacks peptide linkages containing am	ino a	cid:
	(A)	Arginine	(B)	Glycine
	(C)	Serine	(D)	Tryptophan
17.	Wes	stern blotting is the technique for the identif	icatio	on of :
	(A)	DNA	(B)	RNA
	(C)	Lipids	(D)	Proteins
18.	Cal	cium absorption is interfered by :		
	(A)	Fatty acids	(B)	Amino acids
	(C)	Folic acid	(D)	Nicotinic acid
19.	Hyd	rochloric acid stimulates duodenum to liber	ate :	
	(A)	Secretin	(B)	Pepsin
	(C)	Trypsin	(D)	Enterocrinin
MC	. (II.	na Sahaal) Dia Chamiatur/DH 007 A	1	

20.	Of the total body weight the average body water in percent is:					
	(A)	50-60	(B)	55-65		
	(C)	60-70	(D)	70-80		
21.	The	uncoupling agent of oxidative phosphorylat	ion:			
	(A)	AntimycinA	(B)	Dicumarol		
	(C)	Barbiturates	(D)	Penicillin		
22.	The	carbon atoms involved in osazone formatio	n are	·:		
	(A)	1 and 2	(B)	2 and 3		
	(C)	3 and 4	(D)	5 and 6		
23.	Alco	ohol dehydrogenase from liver contains :				
	(A)	Copper	(B)	Zinc		
	(C)	Sodium	(D)	Potassium		
24.	Con	necting link between HMP Shunt and lipid s	synth	nesis:		
	(A)	Ribose	(B)	NADPH		
	(C)	Sedoheptulose	(D)	NADH		
25.	Mel	anin is a pigment derived from :				
	(A)	Arginine	(B)	Tryptophan		
	(C)	Phenylalnine	(D)	Histidine		
26.	Ninl	hydrin gives blue-colour when it reacts with	:			
	(A)	Amino group	(B)	Hydroxyl group		
	(C)	Carboxyl group	(D)	Aromatic group		
27.	Cod	ons are present on :				
	(A)	DNA	(B)	mRNA		
	(C)	tRNA	(D)	rRNA		
28.	The	nitrogenous base present in Lecithin:				
	(A)	Choline	(B)	Ethanolamine		
	(C)	Inositol	(D)	Serine		
29.	Gly	cogen Synthetase activity is depressed by:				
	(A)	Glucose	(B)	Insulin		
	(C)	Cyclic AMP	(D)	Fructokinase		

3 0.	Pyra	avate is accumulated in the dietary deficienc	cy or	:
	(A)	Pyridoxine	(B)	Cobalamine
	(C)	Folic Acid	(D)	Thiamine
31.	Rate	e of fatty acid oxidation is increased by :		
	(A)	Phospholipids	(B)	Glycolipids
	(C)	Sphingolipids	(D)	Triglycerides
32.	Synt	thesis of prostaglandins is inhibited by :		
	(A)	Aspirin	(B)	Arsenite
	(C)	Flouride	(D)	Gyanide
33.	Keto	one bodies are utilized in :		
	(A)	Mitochondria	(B)	Extrahepatic tissues
	(C)	Nucleus	(D)	Cytosol
34.	Leu	kotrienes are formed by :		
	(A)	5_Lipoxygenase	(B)	Lipase
	(C)	Phospholipase	(D)	Exterase
35.	The	non polar amino acid is :		
	(A)	Leucine	(B)	Lysine
	(C)	Tyrosine	(D)	Cystcine
36.	Xan	thine oxidase converts purine bases to :		
	(A)	Xanthine	(B)	Urea
	(C)	Uric Acid	(D)	Hypoxanthine
37.		ctionally active form of Vitamin D is :		
	(A)	Cholecalciferol	(B)	Ergocalciferol
	(C)	Dehydrocholesterol	(D)	Calcitriol
38.		ch form of Vitamin A function as steroid hor	mon	e:
	` ′	Retinal	` /	Retinol
	(C)	Provitamin A	(D)	β-Carotene
39.		ogenous base that is never found in genetic	code	2:
	(A)	Adenine	(B)	Guanine
	(C)	Thymine	(D)	Cytosine
MC	. (II	as Sahaal) Die Chamietus/DH 007 A	<i>c</i>	

40.	High levels of citrate reduce the activity of following pathway:				
	(A)	Glycogenesis	(B)	Glycolysis	
	(C)	Gluconeogenesis	(D)	HMP Shunt	
41.	Gro	wth of bacteria requiring P-aminobenzoic ac	cid is	inhibited by :	
	(A)	Penicillin	(B)	Tetrahydrofolic acid	
	(C)	Citrovorum factor	(D)	Sulphonamides	
42.	Defi	ciency of niacin causes :			
	(A)	Pernicious anemia	(B)	Beri-Beri	
	(C)	Pellagra	(D)	Peripheral neuropathology	
43.	Coe	nzyme required for synthesis of biogenic an	nines	:	
	(A)	TPP	(B)	NADP	
	(C)	PLP	(D)	FAD	
44.	Whi	ich of the following is extracellular enzymes	:		
	(A)	Glucose-6-Phosphate	(B)	Hexokinase	
	(C)	Glucokinase	(D)	Pancreatic Amylase	
45.	The	color of cyanomethemoglobin is:			
	(A)	Yellow	(B)	Pink	
	(C)	Bright red	(D)	Brown	
46.	The	PH of blood is 7.4 when ratio between [Na	нсо	O ₃] and [H ₂ CO ₃] is:	
	(A)	10:1	(B)	20:1	
	(C)	25:1	(D)	30:1	
47.	The	osmotic pressure of solution increases with	the	rise in :	
	(A)	Temperature	(B)	Cold	
	(C)	Humidity	(D)	Rancidity	
48.	The	process of adsorption is applied in the purif	icati	on of:	
	(A)	Hormones	(B)	Vitamins	
	(C)	Enzymes	(D)	Lipids	
49.	Bile	Salts make emulsification with fat for the a	ction	of:	
	(A)	Amylase	(B)	Lipase	
	(C)	Pepsin	(D)	Trypsin	

50.	Hon	ey contains hydrolytic product of :		
	(A)	Lactose	(B)	Maltose
	(C)	Insulin	(D)	Starch
51.	On	boiling Benedict's solution is not reduced l	oy:	
	(A)	Sucrose	(B)	Lactose
	(C)	Fructose	(D)	Glucose
52.	Gly	cosides are found in :		
	(A)	Vitamins	(B)	Minerals
	(C)	Drugs	(D)	Proteins
53.	N-a	cetylneuraminic acid is example of :		
	(A)	Sialic acid	(B)	Mucic acid
	(C)	Glucuronic acid	(D)	Hippuric acid
54.	Syn	thesis of adnenylate cyclase is in increase	d by:	
	(A)	Thyroid hormones	(B)	Growth hormones
	(C)	ACTH	(D)	FSH
55.	Glu	cose-6- Phosphatase is absent in :		
	(A)	Intestine	(B)	Kidney
	(C)	Heart	(D)	Muscle
56.	Con	centration of Sphingomyelins are increase	ed in :	
	(A)	Gaucher's disease	(B)	Fabry's disease
	(C)	Febrile disease	(D)	Niemann-Pick disease
57.	Pros	staglandins lower cyclic AMP in :		
	(A)	Thyroid	(B)	Adipose tissue
	(C)	Platelets	(D)	Lungs
58.	The	half life of antibody protein is:		
	(A)	4 weeks	(B)	3 weeks
	(C)	2 weeks	(D)	1 week
59.	Syn	aptom of ammonia toxicity includes :		
	(A)	Blurring of vision	(B)	Constipation
	(C)	Diarrohoea	(D)	Drowsiness
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60.	Catl	hapsins occur in :		
	(A)	Mitochondria	(B)	Cytosol
	(C)	Nuclei	(D)	Lysosomes
61	Llvo	mia occurs in :		
01.		Cirrhosis of Liver	(B)	Nanhiritis
	` ′	Diabetes Mellitus		Nephiritis Coronary thrombosis
	(C)	Diabetes Meintus	(D)	Coronary unombosis
62.	The	Chemical name 2 amino 6 oxypurine is:		
	(A)	Adenine	(B)	Xanthine
	(C)	Gaunthine	(D)	Hypoxanthine
63.	The	free energy is derived from respiratory chain	in oxi	idation within :
	(A)	Cytosol	(B)	Microsomes
	(C)	Mitochondria	(D)	Lysosomes
64.	Foll	owing are homopolysaccharides except :		
		Chitin	(B)	Dextran
		Heprin	` ′	Insulin
·-				
65.		ne produces no color with :	(D)	G. I
	` ′	Cellulose	(B)	Starch
	(C)	Dextrin	(D)	Glycogen
66.	Inte	rmediate in HMP Shunt is :		
	(A)	D-ribulose	(B)	D-Xylose
	(C)	D-Arabinose	(D)	D-Galactose
67.	Fru	ctokinase is present in :		
	(A)	Intestine	(B)	Adipose tissue
	(C)	Heart	(D)	Brain
68.	Ami	ino acid that participates in heme synthesis	is:	
	(A)	Methionine	(B)	Aspartate
	(C)	Glycine	(D)	Tryptophan
69.	Whi	ich of the following has greatest standard fr	ee en	ergy:
		ATP		Phosphocreatine
	` ′	Cyclic AMP		Phosphoenol pyruvate
	•		•	

70.	Synthesis of 2, 3-bisphosphoglycerate occurs in:				
	(A)	Liver	(B)	Kidney	
	(C)	Erythrocytes	(D)	Brain	
71.	The	Lipoprotein with highest phospholipid c	ontent is	:	
	(A)	HDL	(B)	LDL	
	(C)	VLDL	(D)	Chylomicrons	
72.	The	amino acid that does not participate in t	ransamiı	nation :	
	(A)	Lysine	(B)	Glutamate	
	(C)	Alanine	(D)	Tryptophan	
73.	Iror	in the mucasal cell binds with :			
	(A)	Transferrin	(B)	Ferritin	
	(C)	Hemosiderin	(D)	Ceruloplasmin	
74.	Met	hylation of DNA results in :			
	(A)	Activation of genes	(B)	Inactivation of genes	
	(C)	No effect on genes	(D)	Inactivation of Proteins	
75.	Ster	ilized milk is devoid of :			
	(A)	Vitamin A	(B)	Vitamin D	
	(C)	Vitamin C	(D)	Vitamin B ₁	

CET(PG)-2016

In Wanda

Question Booklet Series : A

In Figures

Important :	Please consult	your Admit	Card / I	Roll No. S	lip before	filling	your Roll	Number	on the	Test	Booklet
_	and Answer Sl	heet.			_	_	-				

Kull 110.	In Figu	res	TH WOTUS
O.M.R. Ans	wer Sheet Se	erial No.	
		Signatu	re of the Candidate:

Subject: M.Sc. (Hons. School)-Computer Science

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

Dall Na

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Question Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.
- 13. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

1. What are the three basic building-block structures of a structured program?

- (A) Input statements, output statements, and computation statements.
- (B) Goto, loops, I/O.
- (C) Sequences, selections and repetitions.
- (D) Looping structures, switching statements, computed goto statements.

2. Select the answer that best defines "call by value" in 'C' programming language.

- (A) Parameters are passed to a function in the increasing order of their importance to the algorithm
- (B) When two function calls appear in one expression (like abs(x) + round(y)) they are called in alphabetic order according to their names
- (C) Parameters are passed to a function by evaluating each expression in the call and sending in the resulting values
- (D) Variable names must be chosen so that they have descriptive value to people reading the program

3. Which one of the following statements is <u>not true</u> about *multiple inheritances* in C++?

- (A) It allows a class to be considered a subclass of two other classes.
- (B) It allows objects of the child class to have all the members of two parent classes.
- (C) If a class is derived from two parent classes which both have a method with the same signature, the compiler will generate an error message.
- (D) A class can be derived from more than two classes.

4. What is the default constructor of a class in C++?

- (A) The first constructor that is defined
- (B) The constructor that initializes the class variables
- (C) The constructor that is named "default"
- (D) The constructor that takes no parameters

5. Which of the following C-declarations can be used to construct a linked list data structure?

- (A) struct node {int element; node * next;};
- (B) struct node {int element; node next;};
- (C) struct node {int element; *node next;};
- (D) struct node {int element; int * next;};

6. What is the value of *sum* after the following C-code segment is executed? int p = 3, q = 1, sum = 0;

while (p <= 10) {
 sum+=p%q;
 p++;</pre>

q++;

(A) 0

}

(B) 10

(C) 12

- (D) 14
- 7. Suppose we have the following prototype declaration for the function sign:

/*Returns 1 if n > 0, 0 if n = 0, and -1 if n < 0 */
int sign(int n);

Which of the following C-functions correctly compute the absolute value of a given integer?

I. int abs(int m) {

II. int abs(int m) {

III. int abs(int m) {

}

$$if(sign(m) = = -1) return(-m);$$

(A) I only

(B) I and II

(C) I and III

- (D) I, II and III
- 8. If C++, which of the following statements correctly returns the memory from the dynamic array pointer *pp* to the free store ?
 - (A) delete [] pp;

(B) delete pp[];

(C) delete *pp;

(D) delete pp;

9.	O. In C++, how can you tell if two identifiers co	orrespond to the same object ?
	(A) Subtract them and see if you get zero.	
	(B) Compare their object's values.	
	(C) Compare their object's addresses.	
	(D) The compiler does not allow the same obj	ect to be given two different identifiers.
10.	10. Consider the Java class declaration : public	class Picture extends Simple Picture
	The class Picture is the while the class	ss SimplePicture is the
	(A) superclass, subclass	(B) lower class, upper class
	(C) slave class, master class	(D) subclass, superclass
11.	11. Which of the following keywords must be us	sed to define a constant in Java?
	(A) const	(B) final
	(C) public	(D) static
12.	12. In, since class instances are implicitly d	e-allocated, therefore there cannot be a dangling
	reference.	
	(A) C++	(B) Java
	(C) C#	(D) Prolog
13.	13. <u>Assembly language</u> instructions can be grou	ped into three categories. These are :
	(A) Direct, indirect and relative	
	(B) Integer operations, floating point operatio	ns, and character operations
	(C) Operations, data movement and control	
	(D) Load, store and arithmetic	
14.	14. Which of the following statements concerning	ng open source operating systems is <u>TRUE</u> ?
	(A) Solaris is open source.	
	(B) Source code is freely available.	
	(C) They are always more securing than comm	nercial, closed systems.
	(D) All open source operating systems share t	he same set of goals.
15.	15. Embedded computers typically run on a	operating system.
	(A) real-time	(B) Windows XP
	(C) network	(D) clustered

A m	icrokernel is a kernel .			
		otimized t	to reduce resident memory size	
			•	
	-		-	
(D)	that is stripped of all nonessential compo	onents		
Wh	What is the purpose of a Process Control Block (PCB) ?			
(A)	It includes information on the process's	state.		
(B)	It stores the address of the next instruction	on to be p	processed by a different process.	
(C)	It determines which process is to be exec	cuted nex	t.	
(D)	It is an example of a process queue.			
Wh	ich of the following scheduling algorith	ms must	be non-preemptive ?	
(A)	SJF	(B)	RR	
(C)	FCFS	(D)	priority algorithms	
	is the number of processes that are o	complete	d per time unit.	
(A)	CPU utilization	(B)	Response time	
(C)	Turnaround time	(D)	Throughput	
The	original designers/developers of the U	nix opera	ating system were :	
(A)	Ritchie and Thompson	(B)	Kernighan and Ritchie	
(C)	Gates and Balmer	(D)	Simon and Garfunkel	
Wh	at does the following UNIX command o	do ?		
	cat XYZ grep unix wc - l			
(A)	It displays the contents of file XYZ along	g with the	number of lines in the file.	
	(A) (B) (C) (D) Whi (A) (C) (D) Whi (A) (C) The (A) (C) Whi	(B) that is compressed before loading in ord (C) that is compiled to produce the smallest (D) that is stripped of all nonessential composition What is the purpose of a Process Control E (A) It includes information on the process's (B) It stores the address of the next instruction (C) It determines which process is to be executed (D) It is an example of a process queue. Which of the following scheduling algorith (A) SJF (C) FCFS is the number of processes that are of (A) CPU utilization (C) Turnaround time The original designers/developers of the Unit (A) Ritchie and Thompson (C) Gates and Balmer What does the following UNIX command of the cat XYZ grep unix wc - 1	(A) containing many components that are optimized (B) that is compressed before loading in order to red (C) that is compiled to produce the smallest size poss (D) that is stripped of all nonessential components What is the purpose of a Process Control Block (PC) (A) It includes information on the process's state. (B) It stores the address of the next instruction to be process to be executed next (D) It is an example of a process queue. Which of the following scheduling algorithms must (A) SJF (B) (C) FCFS (D) is the number of processes that are complete (A) CPU utilization (B) (C) Turnaround time (D) The original designers/developers of the Unix operation (B) (C) Gates and Balmer (D) What does the following UNIX command do?	

- (B) It concatenates two files XYZ and unix, and displays the number of total lines.
- (C) It counts how many keyword *unix* occur in the file *XYZ*.
- (D) It counts how many liens in file XYZ contain the keyword unix.

22.	is a set of software framewor	ks that provide additional services to application
	developers.	
	(A) System programs	(B) Virtualization
	(C) Cloud computing	(D) Middleware
23.	Clock speed, the speed at which a prod	essor executes instructions, is measured in,
	which equates to one million ticks of th	e system clock.
	(A) kilobytes (KB)	(B) milliseconds (ms)
	(C) megahertz (MHz)	(D) nanoseconds (ns)
24.	Printer resolution is measured by the n	umber of
	(A) characters per second (cps)	(B) dots per inch (dpi)
	(C) pages per minute (ppm)	(D) spots per centimeter (spc)
25.	Which of the following is most likely	to be the time required to retrieve a block from a
	disk?	
	(A) 100 milliseconds	(B) 10 milliseconds
	(C) 1 millisecond	(D) 100 microseconds
26.	Which of the following statements is F	ALSE ?
	(A) Mobile devices must be concerned v	with power consumption.
	(B) Mobile devices can provide features	that are unavailable on desktop or laptop computers.
	(C) The difference in storage capacity be	etween a mobile device and laptop is shrinking.
	(D) Mobile devices usually have fewer p	processing cores than a standard desktop computer.
27.	Which of the following is the <u>correct</u> or	der of the OSI network model from bottom to top?
	(A) Application, Presentation, Session, 7	Fransport, Network, Data Link, Physical
	(B) Physical, Network, Data Link, Sessi	on, Transport, Application, Presentation
	(C) Physical, Data Link, Network, Trans	port, Session, Presentation, Application
	(D) Application, Session, Presentation, 7	Fransport, Network, Data Link, Physical

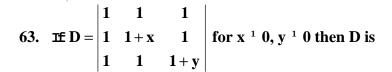
28.	Bluetooth and 802.11 devices use wir	eless technolog	gy to communicate over several feet, in			
	essence creating a					
	(A) local-area network	(B)	wide-area network			
	(C) small-area network	(D)	metropolitan-area network			
29.	What protocol is used between E-Ma	ail servers ?				
	(A) HTTP	(B)	POP3			
	(C) SNMP	(D)	SMTP			
30.	Which of the following is a property	of peer-to-peer	r systems ?			
	(A) Clients and servers are not disting	guished from on	e another.			
	(B) Separate machines act as either th	e client of the se	erver but not both.			
	(C) They do not offer any advantages	over traditional	client-server systems.			
	(D) They suffer from the server acting	g as the bottlene	ck in performance.			
31.	Which of the following is a correct M	IAC address?				
	(A) 190.168.80.1	(B)	www.certyourself.com			
	(C) 08:34:FE:4C:F2:54	(D)	G2:G3:23:87:GG			
32.	What is the length of an IP address i	n bytes (pre-IP	rv6) ?			
	(A) 1	(B)	2			
	(C) 4	(D)	8			
33.	The following are components of a d	atabase except	•			
	(A) user data	(B)	metadata			
	(C) Reports	(D)	Indexes			
34.	In the relational database model, car	dinality is tern	ned as:			
	(A) Number of tuples	(B)	Number of attributes			
	(C) Number of tables	(D)	Number of constraints			
35.	In the context of databases, ACII) test implies	transactions should hold following			
	properties:					
	(A) Accountability, Commitment, Ind	ependence, Dur	ability			
	(B) Atomicity, Commitment, Isolation	n, Durability				
	(C) Atomicity, Consistency, Independ	ence, Durability	7			
	(D) Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation,	Durability				

36.	In d	latabases, the constraint that no key attrib	ute (column) may be null is referred to as:	
	(A)	Referential integrity	(B)	Multi-valued dependency	
	(C)	Entity integrity	(D)	Functional dependency	
37.	If tv	vo relations R and S are joined, then the no	n ma	tching tuples of both R and S are ignored	
	in:				
	(A)	left outer join	(B)	right outer join	
	(C)	full outer join	(D)	inner join	
38.	Typ	oically, a database consists of one bu	ut ca	n support multiple	
	(A)	table, queries			
	(B)	information, data			
	(C)	physical view, logical views			
	(D)	Information view, Data views			
39.	In t	he context of DBMS, the number of entities	that	can participate in a relationship is known	
	as:				
	(A)	the domain of the relationship	(B)	the cardinality of the relationship	
	(C)	the degree of the relationship	(D)	the association of the relationship	
40.	Dat	a Independence in DBMS is :			
	(A)	A feature in databases which ensures that app	plicat	ion programs do not use data independently	
	(B)	An idea which indicates that the data organization	ation	and application programs are not dependent	
	(C)	A method by which two independent data se	ets ca	n be processed separately	
	(D)	A process by which we ensure that no two d	lata s	ets interact with each other	
41.	By]	putting multiple CPUs on a single chip, chi	ip ma	akers have created :	
	(A)	parallel processors	(B)	multi-core processors	
	(C)	CPU duplicate processors	(D)	clusters	
42.	Wh	ich of the following lists memory types from	m hiş	ghest to lowest speed ?	
	(A) secondary storage, main memory, L2 cache, registers				
	(B)	registers, L1 cache, secondary storage, main	men	nory	
	(C)	registers, L2 cache, main memory, secondar	y sto	rage	
	(D)	L1 cache, registers, main memory, secondar	y sto	rage	

43.	A di	ispla	ay is o	config	ured	to sh	ow 6	5,536	colors. F	low 1	many bytes are needed to store the color
	info	rma	ation	for o	ne pi	xel ?					
	(A)	1								(B)	2
	(C)	3								(D)	8
44.	Wha	at is	typi	cal sc	reen	refre	sh ra	ite?			
	(A)	10	MHz							(B)	75 MHz
	(C)	750) Hz							(D)	75 Hz
45.	The	two	o way	ys to a	rran	ige m	ultipl	le wind	dows on	the	desktop are :
	(A)	cas	cade	and ti	le					(B)	drag and drop
	(C)	poi	nt an	d clic	k					(D)	maximize and minimize
46.	In N	/IS-	Word	d, wha	at is g	gutter	· mar	gin ?			
	(A)	Ma	rgin	that is	adde	ed to t	he lef	ft marg	gin when	prin	ting
	(B)	Ma	rgin	that is	adde	ed to r	ight 1	margin	when p	rintir	ng
	(C)	Ma	rgin	that is	adde	ed to t	he bi	nding	side of p	age v	when printing
	(D)	Ma	rgin	that is	adde	ed to t	he ou	itside o	of the pa	ge w	hen printing
47.	In M	1icr	osoft	Powe	erPoi	int sof	ftwar	re, pres	sentatio	n des	signs regulate the formatting and layout
	for t	the	slide	and a	re co	mmo	only c	called _	•		
	(A)	De	sign _l	plates						(B)	Templates
	(C)	Pla	ceho	lders						(D)	Blueprints
For	the r	ıext	TW	O que	estior	ıs, co	nside	r the f	collowing	g MS	S-EXCEL worksheet :
				A	В	C					
			1	10	16						
			2	20							
			3	8							
			4	12							
			5	0							
48.		_								uati	on is then copied and pasted to cells B3,
	B4 a	and	B5. V	What	shou	ld be	the v	value i	n B5 ?		
	(A)	36								(B)	24
	(C)	44								(D)	56
MS	c (Ha	ne C	choel)-Comi	nutar	Sajana	ρΔ/R II	886 V	1	0	

49.	The equation in cell B2 is $"=A2+\$BS1"$. This equation is then copied and pasted to cells B3,							
	B4 and B5. What should be the value in	n B3 ?						
	(A) 36	(B) 24						
	(C) 44	(D) 56						
50.	What is the correct HTML tag for the	largest heading?						
	(A) $<$ head $>$ = large	(B) $<$ heading $>$ = large						
	(C) <h6></h6>	(D) <h1></h1>						
51.	A named anchor in HTML is a :							
	(A) Specific location within a web page	that you can link to						
	(B) URL from where one can begin using	g web search engines						
	(C) Mechanism by which an image can be	be fixed to a point on the web page						
	(D) Tag with descriptive text that pops u	p when the mouse hovers over a link						
52.	What is the correct JavaScript syntax to display "Hello World"?							
	(A) document.write("Hello World")	(B) response.write("Hello World")						
	(C) output.display("Hello World")	(D) printf("Hello World")						
53.	The 16-bit two's complement form of –	77 is :						
	(A) 11111111110110011	(B) 11111111110110010						
	(C) 10001111111110000	(D) 10001111111110001						
54.	Let P be a Boolean function and $P = \overline{A}B$	\ddot{B} + \ddot{B} A. Then the function P Å A Å P Å A Å P Å B Å P						
	Å A evaluates to (Å denotes XOR opera	ation):						
	(A) $A \oplus B$	(B) A						
	(C) B	(D) 0						
55.	A Boolean algebraic expression F is giv	ren as:						
	$\mathbf{F} = (\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}) (\mathbf{A} + \overline{\mathbf{A}} + \overline{\mathbf{B}})\mathbf{C} + \overline{\mathbf{A}}(\mathbf{B} + \overline{\mathbf{C}})$	$(\overline{C}) + \overline{A}B + ABC$						
	where A, B and C are logical variables.	The most simplified expression for F is :						
	$(A) \ C(A+B) + \overline{A}(B+C)$	(B) $(C + AB) (A + B\overline{C})$						
	(C) $C\overline{A} + A\overline{B}$	(D) $CAB + \overline{A}B + \overline{B}\overline{C}$						

56 .	Convert FAFAFA in hexadecimal	into octal:
	(A) 76767676	(B) 76737672
	(C) 76727672	(D) 76575372
57 .	The chip, which uses bat	tery power, stores configuration information about the
	computer.	
	(A) BIOS	(B) POST
	(C) CMOS	(D) RAM
58.	The next iterative value of the roo	ot of $x^2 - 4 = 0$ using the Newton-Raphson method, if the
	initial guess is 3, is:	
	(A) 1.5	(B) 2.067
	(C) 2.167	(D) 3.000
59.	The value of $\int_{0.2}^{2.2} e^x dx$ by using 2-s	egment Simpson's 1/3 rule most nearly is :
	(A) 7.8036	(B) 7.8423
	(C) 8.4433	(D) 10.246
60.	Two brothers X and Y appeared	for an exam. The probability of selection of X is 1/7 and
	that of B is 2/9. Find the probabil	ity that both of them are selected :
	(A) 1/63	(B) 1/14
	(C) 2/63	(D) 1/9
61.	•	am on which the passing score was 70. The mean of those
	_	re of those who failed was 60, and the mean of all scores
	was 71. How many students did n (A) 13	(B) 14
	(C) 15	(D) 16
62.	In a binom ialexpansion of (a - b)	n , 3 5, the sum of 5 th and 6 th terms is zero, then $\frac{a}{b}$ equals
	$(A) \frac{5}{n-4}$	(B) $\frac{6}{n-5}$
	(C) $\frac{n-5}{6}$	(D) $\frac{n-4}{5}$



(A) Divisible by neither x nor y

(B) Divisible by both x and y

(C) Divisible by x but not y

(D) Divisible by y but not x

64. What does WYSIWYG mean?

- (A) When You Sit Is Where You Get
- (B) What You See Is What you Get
- (C) Where You See Is What You Gather
- (D) Why You Search Is Without Yearly Gift

65. A 21 inches monitor implies that :

- (A) the screen is 21 inches wide
- (B) the screen is 21 inches high
- (C) a circle of 21 inches diameter is available for display
- (D) the diagonal across the screen is 21 inches
- 66. A wireless network uses which of the following as its transmission medium?
 - (A) Radio waves

(B) Sound waves

(C) Fiber-optic waves

(D) Laser waves

67. Which of the following is the most plausible series of phases for a modern compiler?

- (A) Scanning, parsing, intermediate code generation, semantic analysis, machine-independent code improvement, target code generation, machine-specific code improvement
- (B) Scanning, parsing, semantic analysis, intermediate code generation, machine-independent code improvement, target code generation, machine-specific code improvement
- (C) Scanning, parsing, semantic analysis, intermediate code generation, machine-independent code improvement, machine-specific code improvement, target code generation
- (D) Scanning, parsing, semantic analysis, machine-independent code improvement, intermediate code generation, target code generation, machine-specific code improvement
- 68. For a set of integers 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, the number of comparisons that are required to search when key value is equal to 23 using a binary search algorithm, is:
 - (A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

69.	Using t	the hard disk drive as an extension of R	AM i	is a feature of :
	(A) Vi	rtual memory	(B)	Cache
	(C) Di	rect Memory Access (DMA)	(D)	Virtual Reality
70.	Which	of the following is TRUE ?		
	(A) Ev	very call to a recursive function has its own	set	of parameters and local variables.
	(B) A	recursive function typically executes faste	r thai	n its iterative counterpart.
	(C) Ev	very binary tree is a binary search tree.		
	(D) A	stack is a First In First Out data structure.		
71.	Which	of these are the 5 generic software engin	neeri	ing framework activities ?
	(A) Co	ommunication, Planning, Modeling, Const	ructi	on, Deployment
	(B) Co	ommunication, Risk management, Measure	emen	t, Production, Reviewing
	(C) Ar	nalysis, Designing, Programming, Debugg	ing, l	Maintenance
	(D) Ar	nalysis, Planning, Designing, Programming	g, Te	sting
72.	The tes	sting of software against SRS is called:		
		cceptance testing	, ,	Integration testing
	(C) Re	egression testing	(D)	Series testing
73.	In stru	ctured programming, a program is div	ided	into modules. Coupling and cohesion
		oe the characteristics of modules. A good	dec	omposition should attempt to :
		aximize coupling and Minimize cohesion		
		inimize coupling and Maximize cohesion		
		aximize coupling and Maximize cohesion		
	(D) M	inimize coupling and Minimize cohesion		
74.		ritish mathematician, spent mu		
		on of artificial intelligence "Can machine		
	(A) Al	•	` ′	Tim Berners-Lee
	(C) Al	an Turing	(D)	Grace Murray Hopper
75.	In a GU	UI,is a control that enables user	s to s	select one option from an associated list;
	users c	an also type an option.		
	, ,	ombo box	` ′	Button
	(C) Te	ext box	(D)	Static area

ROUGH WORK

ROUGH WORK

CET(PG)-2016

Sr. No. :	
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Question Booklet Series: A

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Important:	Please consult your Admit Card	/ Roll No. Slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and
	Answer Sheet.	
Roll No.	In Figures	In Words

O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

Signature of the Candidate:

Subject: M.Sc. (Two Year Course) (Bioinformatics/ System Biology)

Time: 90 minutes Number of Questions: 75 Maximum Marks: 75

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- 2. Enter the Subject and Series Code of Question Booklet on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point / Black Gel pen.**
- 3. Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 4. To open the Question Booklet remove the paper seal gently when asked to do so.
- 5. Please check that this Question Booklet contains **75** questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of test.
- 6. Each question has four alternative answers (A, B, C, (D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or (D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point** / **Black Gel pen.**
- 7. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Sheet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- 8. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the questions given in the Ouestion Booklet.
- 9. Negative marking will be adopted for evaluation i.e., 1/4th of the marks of the question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means incorrect answer or wrong filling of bubble.
- 10. For calculations, use of simple log tables is permitted. Borrowing of log tables and any other material is not allowed.
- 11. For rough work only the sheets marked "Rough Work" at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- 12. The Answer Sheet is designed for **computer evaluation**. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e., not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- 13. After the test, hand over the Ouestion Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- 14. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so, would be expelled from the examination.
- 15. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 16. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculator is not allowed.

M.Sc. (Two Year Course)-(Bioinformatics)/(System Biology)/A

L.	In Orthogonal Field Alternation Gel Electroph	oresis the electric field is applied :
	(A) Directly along the length of the gel	(B) Directly across the length of the gel
	(C) Alternately between two pairs of electrodes	(D) Alternately between one pair of electrodes
2.	The enzyme citrate synthetase in TCA cycle us	es which of the following as the substrate?
	(A) Acetyl-CoA and cis -Aconitate	(B) Acetyl-CoA and Oxaloacetate
	(C) Acetyl-CoA and alpha-ketoglutarate	(D) Alpha-ketoglutarate and Oxaloacetate
3.	The following are distance based methods for p	hylogenetic tree construction, except :
	(A) Neighbor joining	
	(B) Optimality based method	
	(C) Unweighted pair group method using arithmetic	caverage
	(D) Maximum parsimony	
1.	The term 'Phagemid' generally refers to a:	
	(A) Vector developed by combining a part of M13	genome and plasmid
	(B) Vector developed by combining a part of M13	genome and lambda phage
	(C) Vector developed by combining a part of lamb	da phage and plasmid
	(D) Vector developed by combining a part of lamb	da phage genome and any other phage
5.	CONPRO is a web based program that uses a c	onsensus method to identify:
	(A) Protein coding areas in genome	(B) Homologous regions in proteins
	(C) Promoter elements in human DNA	(D) Promoter elements in prokaryotes
5.	When a number of taxa share more than one clo	sest common ancestor, they are considered:
	(A) A clade	(B) A monophyletic group
	(C) A non-phyletic group	(D) A paraphyletic group
7.	Identify the true statement for colligative propo	erties of water :
	(A) The concentration of solutes elevates the freezing	ng point
	(B) The concentration of solutes depresses the free	zing point
	(C) The concentration of solutes depresses the boil	ng point and freezing point both
	(D) The concentration of solutes elevates the boiling	g point and freezing point both

8. A dialysis bag made of membrane permeable to water only, containing pure water is suspended in sea water:

- (A) No movement of water molecules will happen
- (B) All the water molecules will move out of the bag
- (C) More water molecules will accumulate inside the bag
- (D) Forced movement of solutes in the bag will take place

9. The FASTA sequence format uses the following symbols?

- (A) '>' for beginning of sequence, '|' for extra information
- (B) '<' for beginning of sequence, '|' for extra information
- (C) 'l'for beginning of sequence, '>' for extra information
- (D) '|' for beginning of sequence, '<' for extra information

10. In metagenomic sequencing projects which of the following statements is true?

- (A) DNA sequences of multiple organisms are analyzed as a single data set
- (B) DNA sequences of multiple organisms are analyzed as multiple data sets
- (C) DNA sequences of known organisms analyzed as a single data set
- (D) DNA sequences of multiple known organisms are analyzed as a multiple data set

11. Klenow fragment has which of the following activities?

- (A) 5'-3' polymerase and 3'-5' exonuclease
- (B) 5'-3' polymerase and 5'-3' exonuclease
- (C) 3'-5' polymerase and 3'-5' exonuclease
- (D) 3'-5' polymerase and 5'-3' exonuclease

12. The Human genome sequencing project was carried out by :

- (A) Craig Venter only
- (B) Francis Collins only
- (C) Craig Venter and Francis Collins as a single group
- (D) Craig Venter and Francis Collins as independent groups

13. Identify which of the following is not high energy phosphate compound:

(A) Phosphoenol pyruvate

(B) Adenosine tri -phosphate

(C) Glucose -6- phosphate

(D) 1,3 -Bisphospho glycerate

14. In the dot matrix plot for sequence comparisons, the parallel diagonal lines represent :

- (A) Repetitive regions of the sequence
- (B) Non-repetitive regions of the sequence

(C) Insertions in the sequences

(D) Deletions in the sequences

15. The 'constant' gap penalty assigns the:

- (A) Same score for each gap position regardless of opening or extending
- (B) More score for each gap position at opening than extending
- (C) Less score for each gap position at opening than extending
- (D) No score for each gap position regardless of opening or extending

16.	The	leading strand DNA synthesis in <i>E.coli</i> is co	oordi	nated by :	
	(A)	A single DNA polymerase III dimer in an integr	ated	complex with DnaA	
	(B)	A single DNA polymerase III dimer in an integr	ated	complex with DnaB	
	(C)	A single DNA polymerase III dimer in an integr	ated	complex with DnaY	
	(D)	A single DNA polymerase III dimer in an integr	ated	complex with DnaJ	
17.	The	following set of tissues in human body can j	perfo	rm enzymatic synthesis of glucose :	
	(A)	Liver and kidney cortex	(B)	Liver and spleen	
	(C)	Kidney and spleen	(D)	Liver and red blood cells	
18.	The	technique abbreviated as RT-PCR stands f	or:		
	(A)	Reverse transcription -polymerase chain reaction	on		
	(B)	Reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction	on		
	(C)	Reciprocal transcription-polymerase chain read	ction		
	(D)	Reciprocal transcriptase-polymerase chain reac	tion		
19.		acronym for LAGAN in algorithm for pair		alignment of genomic sequences is :	
		Localized Area in Global alignment of Nucleotic			
		Localized Area in Global alignment of novel Pro	oteins		
	, ,	Limited Area Global alignment of Nucleotides			
	` '	Limited Area Global alignment of novel Protein			
20.		addition of the poly (A) tail to primary mR following fashion :	NA tı	ranscripts of eukaryotes is carried out i	in
	(A)	Pol I synthesizes beyond the segment of transc polymerase	ript fo	ollowed by action of polyadenylate	
	(B)	Pol II synthesizes beyond the segment of transc polymerase	cript f	followed by action of polyadenylate	
	(C)	Pol III synthesizes beyond the segment of transpolymerase	script	followed by action of polyadenylate	
	(D)	Pol V synthesizes beyond the segment of transpolymerase	cript i	followed by action of polyadenylate	
21.	The	following algorithms use a heuristic word m	etho	d for pair wise sequence alignment :	
	(A)	BLAST and BLOSUM	(B)	BLAST and PAM	
	(C)	BLAST and FASTA	(D)	BLAST and DOT -PLOT	
22.	For	a codon AUC in a mRNA sequence the anti-	codo	n sequence recognised would be :	
	(A)	GAU	(B)	UAG	
	(C)	AUC	(D)	CUA	
23.	The 1	PDB ID is an alphanumeric unique code coi	nsisti	ng of:	
	(A)	Three characters	(B)	Four characters	
	(C)	Five characters	(D)	Six characters	
M.Sc	. (Two	Year Course)-(Bioinformatics)/(System Biology)/BJL-90)5-A	5	[Turn ove

24.	The	essential components required for the first \boldsymbol{n}	najo	r stage of protein synthesis i.e. activation				
	of a	mino acids are :						
	(A)	Amino acids, aminoacyl -t RNA synthetases ,tl	RNA	,ATP,mRNA				
	(B)	Amino acids, aminoacyl -t RNA synthetases, the	RNA	, ATP , Mg^{2+}				
	(C)	Amino acids, aminoacyl -t RNA synthetases,tR	NA,	GTP, mRNA				
	(D)	Amino acids, aminoacyl -t RNA synthetases, the	RNA	,GTP,M g^{2+}				
25.	The	fastest memory in a computer system is :						
	(A)	RAM	(B)	ROM				
	(C)	RM	(D)	Cache				
26.	The	Arithmetic/logic unit executes on instruction	ns an	nd data held in :				
	(A)	Notebook	(B)	Registers				
	(C)	Copy pad	(D)	I/O devices				
27.	All	of the following methods separate proteins in	n the	ir native conformation, except :				
	(A)	Affinity chromatography	(B)	Molecular exclusion chromatography				
	(C)	Native electrophoresis	(D)	Two-dimensional gel electrophoresis				
28.	In B	LAST searches the statistical indicator kno	wn a	${f s}{f E}$ -value is determined by the Formula				
	$\mathbf{E} =$	$\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{p}$:						
	(A)	Where m is the total number of residues in a qu	•	-				
	(B)	Where m is the total number of residues in a da	tabas	se				
	` ′	(C) Where m is the total number of matched residues in a database						
	(D)	Where m is the total number of mismatched res	sidues	s in a database				
29.	The	following output devices are impact printer	s exc	cept:				
	(A)	Dot Matrix printers	(B)	Daisy wheel printers				
	(C)	Drum printers	(D)	Ink-jet printers				
30.	Wha	at is the correct set of symbols used in Perl sci	riptir	ng language for arithmetic operations?				
	(A)	+ addition, /division and { } grouping	(B)	+ addition, /division and () grouping				
	(C)	+ addition, \ division and { } grouping	(D)	+ addition, \division and () grouping				
31.		Serine proteases have been named so due	to pr	resence of serine residue at which of the				
	follo	owing location ?						
	(A)	at site of proteins which they cut	(B)	at their own active site				
	(C)	at allosteric site	(D)	at the coenzymes				

32.	The nonenzymatic protection from oxidative stress is provided by the following antioxidant					
	com	pounds except :				
	(A)	Ascorbic acid	(B)	Cholecaciferol		
	(C)	Tocopherol	(D)	Glutathione		
33.	Whi	ich of the following is not a type of centrifug	ation	process?		
	(A)	Density gradient centrifugation	(B)	Ultracentrifugation		
	(C)	Differential centrifugation	(D)	Inferential centrifugation		
34.	The	FASTA program for database similarity sea	rch	is based on :		
	(A)	Smith -Waterman alignment method	(B)	Pearson alignment method		
	(C)	Needleman - Wunsch	(D)	Hidden Markov model		
35.	All	of the following are variants of BLAST algo	rithr	ns, except :		
	(A)	tblastn	(B)	tblastx		
	(C)	nblastp	(D)	blastn		
36.	The	effective but non-metabolizable inducer of	the <i>la</i>	ac operon is :		
	(A)	Lactose				
	(B)	Galactose				
	(C)	$5\text{-}Bromo\text{-}4\text{-}chloro\text{-}3indoyl\text{-}\beta\text{-}D\text{-}galactopyrand}$	side			
	(D)	Isopropylthiogalactoside				
37.	The	eukaryotic ribosomes are constituted by :				
	(A)	60S and 40S ribosomal RNA	(B)	50S and 30S ribosomal RNA		
	(C)	60 S and 80S ribosomal RNA	(D)	50 S and 70S ribosomal RNA		
38.	The	Centrifugal force is proportional:				
	(A)	Directly to speed and radius of rotation	(B)	Indirectly to speed and radius of rotation		
	(C)	Directly to speed and angle of rotation	(D)	Indirectly to speed and angle of rotation		
39.	The	primary image of specimen in microscopy is	s gen	erated by :		
	(A)	Objective lens	(B)	Ocular lens		
	(C)	Condenser lens	(D)	Collector lens		
40.	The	florescence microscopy relies on which of w	ave (combinations ?		
	(A)	Excitation by shorter wavelength and emission b	y lon	ger wavelength		
	(B)	Excitation by longer wavelength and emission b	y sho	rter wavelength		
	(C)	Excitation by shorter wavelength and emission by	y sar	ne wavelength		
	(D)	Excitation by longer wavelength and emission by	y sam	ne wavelength		

41.	All	of the following are types of gels used for el	ectro	phoresis, except:
	(A)	Starch gel	(B)	Agar gel
	(C)	Silica gel	(D)	Acryl amide gel
42.	In t	he secondary structure which of the following	ng co	nformation of peptide chain of L-amino
	acid	ls, can be designated as very rare :		
	(A)	Left handed helix	(B)	Right handed helix
	(C)	Parallel beta strands	(D)	Antiparallel beta strands
43.	The	CASP strategy of structural prediction of p	rotei	ns utilizes :
	(A)	Protein sequences whose structures have been	solve	ed by x-ray crystallography or NMR
	(B)	Protein sequences whose structures have not b	een s	olved by x-ray crystallography or NMR
	(C)	Protein sequences whose structures have been	predi	cted from genomic sequences
	(D)	Protein sequences whose primary sequence info	ormat	ion is unknown
44.	Wh	ich of the following option is selected fo	r dat	asets in Jack-knifing strategy during
	Phy	logenetic tree construction ?		
	(A)	One half of the sites in datasets are selectively of	delete	od.
	(B)	One half of the sites in datasets are randomly d	eletec	1
	(C)	First half of the sites in datasets are selectively	delete	ed
	(D)	Last half of the sites in datasets are selectively	delete	ed.
45.	The	GLIMMER is a UNIX based program for	:	
	(A)	Potential function prediction	(B)	Potential coding region prediction
	(C)	Potential structural model prediction	(D)	Potential promoter sequence prediction
46.		vertebrate genes have a uniquely conserved	sequ	ence flanking the translation start codon,
	nan	ned as		
	(A)	Shine-Dalgarno sequence	(B)	Kozak sequence
	(C)	TATA box sequence	(D)	Pribnow sequence
47.		ich of the following membranes can be used		-
	` ′	Polyethylene difluoride	(B)	Polypropylene difluoride
	(C)	Polybenzene difluoride	` ′	Polyvinylidene difluoride
48.	The	phenomenon of hypochromicity of nucleic		
	(A)	Double stranded nucleic acids have a higher absorbable	rbanc	e at 260 nm than single stranded nucleic acids
	(B)	Double stranded nucleic acids have a lower absor	rbance	e at 260 nm than single stranded nucleic acids
	(C)	Double stranded nucleic acids have a higher absor	rbanc	e at 280 nm than single stranded nucleic acids
	(D)	Double stranded nucleic acids have a lower absor	rbance	e at 280 nm than single stranded nucleic acids

49.	protein molecules is:	oiya	acryiamide gei eiectrophoresis for					
	(A) Coomassie brilliant Blue	(B)	Bromophenol blue					
	(C) Amido black	(D)	Ethidium bromide					
50. The immobiline ampholytes used to generate immobilised pH gradient are :								
	A) Derivative of acrylamide containing weak acids or base groups							
	(B) Derivative of acrylamide containing strong acids	Derivative of acrylamide containing strong acids or base groups						
	(C) Derivative of acrylamide containing strong acid	Derivative of acrylamide containing strong acids or weak base groups						
	Derivative of acrylamide containing weak acids or strong base groups							
51.	In the genetic terminology distance used to measure the probability of total recombination							
	event is represented as :							
	(A) MiliMorgan	(B)	DeciMorgan					
	(C) CentiMorgan	(D)	DecaMorgan					
52.	The bioinformatics program with low sensitivity and high specificity is:							
	(A) conservative and lacks predictive power							
	(B) relaxed and lacks predictive power							
(C) conservative and with extraordinary predictive power								
	(D) relaxed with extraordinary predictive power							
53.	53. Which of the following will be an appropriate scoring matrix for longer alignment of more							
	divergent sequences?							
		` ′	PAM 40					
		` ′	PAM 250					
54. Which of the following devices consists of a single long track in the form of spiral shape?								
	(/ 113	` ′	Hard disk					
	(C) Optical disk	(D)	Magnetic tape					
55.	55. A triple quadrupole mass spectrometer consists of :							
	(A) Three analyzers in tandem							
	(B) Three quadrupole analyzers and a collision cell							
	(C) Two quadrupole analyzers and a collision cell							
	(D) None of the above							
56.	6. Which of the following is not a pathway database?							
	(A) KEGG	(B)	Reactome					
	(C) OMIM	(D)	Biocyc					

57.	Whi	$Which of the following formats is used for writing molecular modelling database (MMDB) file \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$				
	(A)	PDB	(B)	mmCIF		
	(C)	FASTA	(D)	ASN.1		
58.	3. Interactive display of graphics of protein structures can be done by following web-					
	prog	grams, except:				
	(A)	Molscipt	(B)	Chime		
	(C)	Cn3D	(D)	Jpred		
59.	All of the following form the important part of gene regulatory system, except one:					
	(A)	Transcription factors	(B)	Antisense RNA		
	(C)	Protein phosphorylation	(D)	Gene separation		
60.). Removal of intron from the pre mRNA or hnRNA are represented by all of the followin					
	except:					
	(A)	Post-transcriptional modification	(B)	RNA processing		
	(C)	RNA splicing	(D)	RNA editing		
61.	Foll	owing initiation of transcription events in pr	okar	yotes,once sigma subunit gets detached		
	from RNA polymerase, which of the events succeeds?					
	(A) Core enzyme binds more strongly to the template					
	(B) Holo enzyme binds more strongly to the template					
		Core enzyme leaves the template				
		Holo enzyme leaves the template				
62.		ass of blood cells of thymic origin involved in				
	` ′	T-cells	` ′	B-cells		
		Phagocytic cells	(D)	Natural killer cells		
63.		cin is a:	(D)	Di di i		
		Plant growth hormone		Plant flowering hormone		
<i>(1</i>		Animal growth hormone	` ′	Animal reproductive hormone		
64.						
	plasma membrane. The core structure contains a linear tetrasachharide of : (A) Four mannose residues in alpha 1,4 linkage					
	(B)	Four mannose residues in alpha 1,4 linkage				
	(C)	Three mannose and one glucosaminyl residue				
	(D)	Three mannose and one galactosaminyl residue				
65.						
		Kills virus infected cells	(B)	Synthesizes antibodies		
	(C)	Helps to make B-lymphocytes	` /	Helps to make Macrophages		
	(C)	Telps to make D-tymphocytes	(D)	ricips to make macrophages		

66.	The	The erythrocyte glucose transporter is an example of :					
	(A)	Simple diffusion	(B)	Facilitated diffusion			
	(C)	Active transport	(D)	Ion mediated transport			
67.	All	of the following gene clusters contribute to a	ntige	en binding except :			
	(A)	Dregion	(B)	J region			
	(C)	V L region	(D)	C L region			
68.	Ino	rder to generate homopolymer tailing of two	DN A	A fragments with blunt ends, the enzyme			
	required would be:						
	(A)	DNA polymerase	(B)	DNA ligase			
	(C)	Terminal deoxy ribonucleotidyl transferase	(D)	Terminal deoxy ribonucleotidyl ligase			
69.	The	process of erasing data on a CD-RW disk	is cal	led:			
	(A)	Peeling	(B)	Annealing			
	(C)	Scrapping	(D)	Smoothening			
70.	The logical and syntax errors in the program are checked in which phase:						
	(A)	Coding phase	(B)	Testing phase			
	(C)	Implementation phase	(D)	Analysis phase			
71.	The	sequence of DNA similar to a gene, but nor	-fun	ctional will be termed as :			
	(A)	Non-Coding genome	(B)	Pseudo-gene			
	(C)	Junk DNA	(D)	Transposition gene			
72.	The	technique to detect a DNA sequence in clo	ned l	bacteria or cultured eukaryotic cells by			
	use	of a DNA or RNA probe :					
	(A)	Northern blotting	(B)	Southern blotting			
	(C)	Western blotting	(D)	In situ hybridization			
73.	The	genes occurring in the same order on chromo	osom	es of different species will be termed as :			
	(A)	Syngenic	(B)	Syntenic			
	(C)	Synchronous	(D)	Synanalogous			
74.	Whi	ich of the following enzymes help in preventi	ng the	e generation of knots ahead of replication			
	fork	s?					
	(A)	Topoisomerase	(B)	Helicase			
	(C)	Replicase	(D)	Primase			
<i>75</i> .	The	$process\ of\ detecting, is olating\ and\ correcting$	g erro	ors in a computer program is known as :			
	(A)	Coding	(B)	Documentation			
	(C)	Debugging	(D)	Execution			

ROUGH WORK